

SERVICE MANUAL

B SERIES TRACTORS

B-1 B-10 BIG TEN B-12

B-110 B-112

HB-112 HB-212

B-206 B-206-E

B-207 B-207-E

B-208 B-208-S

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ENGINE	В
TRACTOR	C
HYDROSTATIC DRIVE UNIT	D
POWER TRAIN	E
WIRING DIAGRAM	<u></u> F
B-SERIES ATTACHMENTS	G

NOTE: When repairing any "B" Series Tractor, refer to the proper component in the Service Manual which is found in the unit being worked on. Many of the components are similar in design and care should be used in picking the proper procedure and picture.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS



ATTENTION! BECOME ALERT! YOUR SAFETY IS INVOLVED.

This symbol is used to call your attention to safety precautions that should be followed by the operator to avoid accidents. When you see this symbol - Heed Its Warning.

Many hours of lost time and much suffering is caused by the failure to oractice simple safety rules.

IT IS TOO LATE TO REMEMBER WHAT SHOULD HAVE BEEN DONE AFTER THE ACCIDENT HAS HAPPENED.

OPERATION

- KNOW THE CONTROLS and how to stop quickly -READ THE OPERATOR'S MANUAL.
- DO NOT allow children to operate vehicle. DQ NOT allow adults to operate it without proper instruction.
- OO NOT carry passengers. KEEP CHILDREN AND PETS A SAFE DISTANCE AWAY.
- CLEAR work area of objects which might be picked up and thrown.
- TAKE ALL possible precautions when leaving vehicle upattended; such as disengaging power take off, lowering attachments, shifting into neutral, setting parking brake, stopping engine and removing key.
- DO NOT stop or start suddenly when going uphill or downhill. Mow up and down the face of steep slopes; never across the face.
- REDUCE speed on slopes and in sharp turns to prevent tipping or loss of control. Exercise extreme caution when changing direction on slopes.
- STAY ALERT for holes in terrain and other hidden hozards
- USE CARE when pulling loads or using heavy equipment:
 - Use only approved grawbar hitch points.
 - Limit loads to those you can safely control.
 - C. Do not turn sharply. Use care when backing.
 - Use counterweight(s) or wheel weights when suggested in operator's manual.
- WATCH for traffic when crossing or near roadways.
- KEEP all nuts, boilts and screws tight to be sure equipment is in safe working condition.
- DO NOT change engine governor settings or overspeed engine.

- DO NOT operate equipment when barefoot or wearing open sendals. Always wear substantial fnotwear.
- CAUTION: This tractor does not have warning devices for operation on public roads or highways.
- OPERATE TRACTOR ONLY in daylight or good artificial light.

FUEL AND FIRE MAZARDS

- MANQLE gasoline with care - it is highly flammable.
 Always carry and store it in an approved gasoline container.
- DO NOT remove the fuel explor fill fuel tanks:
 - A. When the engine is running.
 - B. When engine shot.
 - C. While using a lameers.
 - D. While smoking.
 - When tractor is in a closed building.
- DO NOT overfel the fuel tank or spill the fuel.
- DO NOT run the engine in a closed area - exhaust fumes are very dangerous.
- NEVER store equipment with gasoline in the tank inside a building where tymes may reach an open flame or spark.
- ALLOW engine to cool before storing in any exclosure.
- TO REDUCE fire hazard keep engine free of grass, leaves or excessive grease.

IMPLEMENTS

- DISENGAGE all implement clutches and shift into neutral before attempting to start engine.
- DISENGAGE power to implements and stop engine before leaving operator position.
- DISENGAGE power to implement(s), stop engine and remove ignition key before making any inspections, adjustments or repairs to tractor or implements.
- DISENGAGE power to implements, when transporting or not in use.
- When using any implements. NEVER direct discharge of material toward bystanders or allow snyone hear vehicle while in operation.

- KEEP vehicle and implements; in good operating condition and keep safety devices in place. Use guards as instructed in operator's manual. Replace lost or damaged safety decals immediately.
- VEHICLE and implements should be stopped and inspected for damage after striking a foreign object and the damage should be repaired before restarting and operating the equipment.
- REMEMBER that safe operation is no accident.
- When using vehicle with MOWER:
 - Check blade mounting bolts for proper tightness at frequent intervals.
 - B. Never operate mower unless deflector assembly or vacuum collector adapter assembly is firmly attached to the mower discharge.
 - C. When cleaning material out of the hoses or blower of the vacuum collector be sure to stop both tractor and blower engines and wait until all moving parts have stopped before removing hoses. ALSO, ALWAYS REMOVE SPARK PLUG WIRE ON BLOWER engine and fasten it so that it cannot touch spark plug before placing hands inside blower housing. Moving the fan blades could possibly start engine and blower running if plug wire is not removed.

D. When using the roving vacuum nozzie ALWAYS stop tractor engine and engage perking brakes before leaving tractor seat. ALSO NEVER remove hose from blower entrance or discharge openings unless blower engine is stopped and all moving parts have come to a stop.

SAFETY DECALS

The safety warning signs reproduced on this page are placed at strategic locations on the top of the mower housing and tractor frame (as shown in Figure 10 in Tractor Section and 15 in Mower Section) as a constant reminder to the operator of the most important safety precautions in the operation of the mower.

If any of these signs are lost or damaged replace them at once for the operators safety. They can be purchased from your Allis-Chatmers Lawn and Garden Equipment Dealer.

AVOID ACCIDENTS

BUILT IN SAFETY FEATURES CAN BE EFFECTIVE ONLY IF PROPERLY MAINTAINED AND UTILIZED.

SAFETY AND OPERATIONAL DECALS

WARNING

DO NOT OPERATE MOWER

WITHOUT DEFLECTOR OR

VACUUM COLLECTOR IN PLACE.





CAUTION
KEEP HANDS & FEET
FROM UNDER MOWER



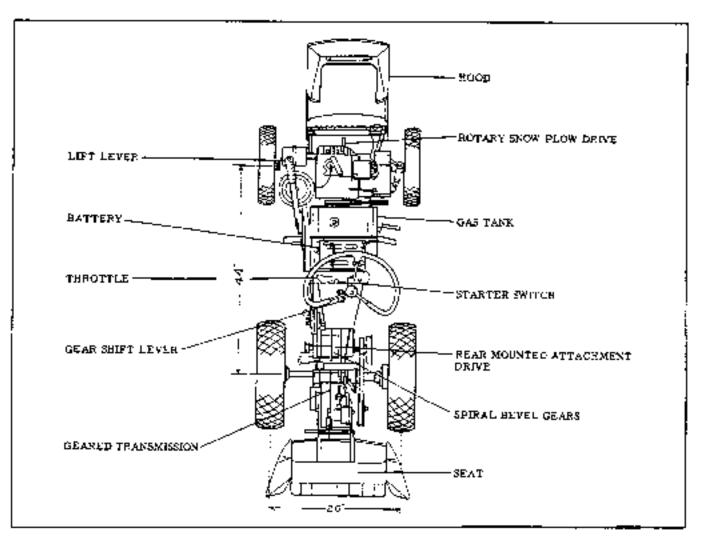
ALLIS-CHALMERS
Lawn and Garden Equipment
P.O. Box 997
Port Washington, WI 53074

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SPECIFICATIONS MODEL B-1 TRACTOR

ENGINE	

Brigge & Stratton Make Type 4 cycle - air enoled Horse Power 7-1/4 Bore and Stroke 3" x 2-6/6" Displacement 18.55 cu, in, R. P. M. 3000 max. full load Air Cleaner Oil hath Electric & maintal Starter Mechanical (flyweight) Covernor 12 valt - combination Electrical System starier-generator Ignition System Magneto

TRANSMISSION

Sliding spur gear and spiral bevel gear. Three speeds forward and one reverse.

DIFFERENTIAL

Engine, Trans. Drive Spur gear with controlled traction direct shaft with flexible

CAPACITY

Engine Case

Fuel Tank	6 gts.
Transmission	1+1/2 qts,
SPEEDS	
First	2 MPH
Second	3+3/4 MPH
Third	€ МРН
DIMENSIONS	
Height (at steering wheel)	37-1741
Height (at hood line)	33-3/8"
Wielb	34-1/49
Length	'nô"
Wheel Tread	26"
Wheel Hase	44"
Clearance (front axle)	ف
Clearance (differential	6"
Clearance (drawbar)	7.9
Clearance (center housing)	15=1/4"

SHIPPING WEIGHT - Approx.

3 pls,

éVO 16s.

couplings.

The Allis-Chalmers Manufacturing Company reserves the right to make changes in the above specifications or to add improvements at any time without notice or obligation.

<u>SPECIFICATIONS</u> Model B-10 Wheel Tractor

Ser. No. 15001-31227

ENGINE

Make Briggs & Stratton Type 4 cycle - air cooled Hurse Power Bore and Stroke $3'' \times 3 - 1/4''$ Displacement 22,97 cm, im. R. Р. М. 3600 max. fell load Air Cleaner Oil feam Electric & manual Starter Covernor Mechanical (flyweight) Electrical System. 12 volt - combination Starter-generator Ignition Systems Magneto

TRANSMISSION

Sliding spur gear and spiral bevel gear, Three speeds forward and one reverse.

DIFFERENTIAL

Planetary geed with controlled traction,

CAPACITY

Engine Case	4 prs.
Fuel Tank	ή ηts.
Transmission	1-1/2 qus.

SPEEDS:

First	2 MPH
Second	3-3/4 MPE
Third	6 MPR

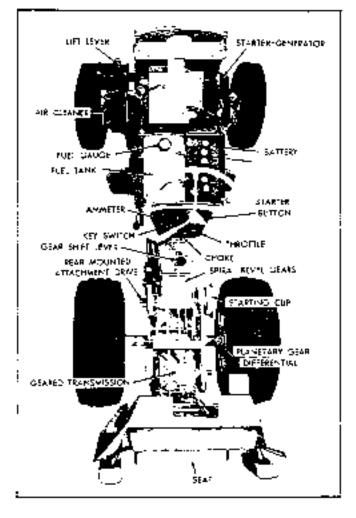
DIMENSIONS

Height (at steering wheel)	37-1/41
Height (at bood line)	33-3/31
Width	54=1/4" 68"
Length Wheel Tread	35"
Wheel Base	44"
Clearance (front axle)	9:1
Clearance (differential)	ò"
Glearance (drawbar)	7"
Clearance (center housing)	15-1/4"

TIRE PRESSURES

SHIPPING WEIGHT - Approx.

Rear	5	PS!
Front	12	PSi.



The Allis-Chalmers Manufacturing Company reserves the right to make changes in the above specifications or to add improvements at any time without notice or obligation.

685 lbs.

SPECIFICATIONS Model Big Ten Wheel Tractor

ENGINE Make,
BATTERY Make Allis-Ghalmers-40 ampère lour-12 volt
TRANSMISSION Sliding spur year and spiral bevel gear. Three speeds forward and one reverse, with standard drive, six speeds forward and two reverse with optional His Lo range policy. DIFFERENTIAL Planetary gear with controlled traction.
· -
SPEEDS - Standard Drive
First
Second
Third
SPEEDS - Hi-La Drive (Optional) First
First
Second
Second
Reverse
2011
DIMENSIONS
<u> </u>
Height [gt steering whoel]
Height (at hood line)
Width:
Length
Wheel Tread
Wheel Base
Glearance (Front Axie)
Clearance (Differential)
Glearance (Drawbar)
Glearance (Drawbar)
Clearance (Differential)
Glearance (Drawbar)
Glearance (Drawbar)
Glearance (Drawbar)
Glearance (Drawbar)
Clearance (Drawbar)

The Allis-Chalmers Manufacturing Company reserves the right to make changes in the above specifications or to add improvements at any time without notice or obligation.

SPECIFICATIONS Model B=10 Wheel Tractor S/N 50001 and up

ENGINE Make
BATTERY Make Allis-Chalmers-40 ampere hour-12 vuit
TRANSMISSION Sliding spin gear and spiral bevel gear. Three speeds forward and one reverse, with standard drive, six speeds forward and two reverse with optional Hi-Lo range pulley. DIFFERENTIAL Planetary gear with controlled traction,
SPEEDS - Standard Drive
First
Second
SPEEDS - His Lo Drive (Optional)
SPEEDS - Hi-Lo Drive (Optional) First
Second
Third
Reverse, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
DIMENSIONS
TIRE PRESSURÉ
Standard Tractor With Loader With Fork Lift Rear 5 PSI 20 PSI 20 PSI Front 12 PSI 14 PSI 20 PSI
CAPACITY
Engine Crankcase
Transmission 1-1/2 grs. SAE 90 oil
Bevel gear housing 1 pt. SAE 90 oil

I he Allis-Chalmers Manufacturing Company reserves the right to make changes in the above specifications or to add improvements at any time without notice or obligation.

SPECIFICATIONS Model B-12 Wheel Tractor

ENGINE Make
BATTERY Make Allis-Chalmess-40 ampere hour-12 volt
IRANSMISSION Sliding spur year and spiral bevel pear. Three speeds forward and one reverse, with standard drive, six speeds forward and two reverse with optional Hi-Lo range pulley. DIFFERENTIAL Planetary goar with controlled traction.
SPREDS - Standard Drive
F::si, 2 MPH Second
Third
<u>SPEEDS - Hi-Lo Drive (Optional)</u>
First
Third
Second
DIMENSIONS
Height (at steering wheel)
Height (at hood line)
Width:
Length
Wheel Base
Clearance (front axle)
Clearance (duferential)
Clearance (drawbas)
Clearance (center housing)
SHIPPING WEIGHT - Approx
TIRE PRESSURE
Standard Tractor With Loader With Fork Lift Resr
CAPACITY Engine Oranscase
Puel Tank
Transmission
Devoi good nousing

The Allis-Chalmers Medufacturing Company reserves the right to make changes in the above specifications or to add improvements at any time without notice or obligation.

SPECIFICATIONS Model B-!10 When! Tractor

Wodel B-ilo when tractor
ENGINE
Make
Type , ,
Horse Power · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
dolas hower
Bore & Stroke
Displacement · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
R.F.M
Air Cleaner Oil Foam Starter Electric & Manual
Starter
Governor,
Electrical System 12 voll-combination starter - generator
Ignition System • • • • • • • • • • • • • • Magneto
BATTERY
Make Allis-Chalmers - 40 ampero hour - 12 volt
Make 1 1 1 1 Mills Oldiffers - 40 Milgs I Mills - 15 Mills
CT ANGLESCO:
TRANSMISSION
Sliding spur gear and spiral bevel gear. Three speeds (crward and
one reverse, with standard drive. Six speeds forward and two
reverse with optional Bi-La range.
DEFFERENTIAL
Planetary year with controlled traction.
SPEEDS - Standard Drive
First Light
First
Third 6.1 MPH
Reverse
Kevetae
SPEEDS - Hi-Lo Drive (Optional)
First
<u>1</u> 0 .5
Second
Lo 1.2
Third
±o 2. ∪
Reverse
lo LG
· · · ·
DIMENSIONS
Hoight (At Steering Wheel)
Height (At Hood Line)
Height At Rood Line;
Width
Length
Wheel Tread
Wheel Base 44 "
Clearance (Front Axle)
Clearance (Differential)
Clearance (Drawbar).
Clearance (Center Housing)
OUTDONIA UTDIOLOGIA
SHIPPING WEIGHT - Approx
TIRE PRESSURE
Standard Tractor With Loader With Fork Lift
Rear
CAPACITY
Engine Grankcase 4 pts.
Fuel Tank
Transmission
Paral Case Unities 'ak 40F2 Ad
Bevol Gear Housing

Allis-Chalmers Manufacturing Company reserves the right to make changes in the above specifications or to add improvements at any time without notice or obligation.

<u>SPECIFICATIONS</u> Madel B-112 Wheel Tractor

ENGINE Make
Make Altis-Chalmers-40 ampere bour-12 volt
TRANSMISSION Stiding agus gear and spiral benel gear. 21 speeds forward and 7 reverse with standard variable pitch sheake system.
DIFFERENTIAL Planetary gear with controlled traction.
SPEEDS - Standard Drive First 7 Speed Ranges Min. 0.8 MPH Max. 1.7 MPH Second 7 Speed Ranges 2.0 MPH 4.0 MPH Third 7 Speed Ranges 3.3 MPH 6.5 MPH Reverse 7 Speed Ranges 1,7 MPH 3.4 MPH
DIMENSIONS Hought (At Steering Wheel)
SHIPPING WEIGHT - Approx
Standard Tractor With Loader Reas
CAPACITY Engine Granktash 4 pts. Funi Tank

Allia-Chalmors Manufacturing Company reserves the right to add to by change these specifications at any time without notice.

SPECIFICATIONS Model HB - U2 Wheel Tractor

ENGINE Make	המ
Type 4 cycle - air cools Horse Power	٥đ
Bure and Stroke	÷
Displacement	ė
Displacement	ú
Air Cleacer	m
Starter	
Electrical System 12 volt-combination starter-generate	L)
Ignition System	0
BATTERY	
Make Athis-Chaimers-40 ampere hour-12 vo	l:
TRANSMISSION Hydrostatic drive with piston pemp and piston motor.	
DIFFERENTIAL. Planetery gear with controlled traction.	
SPEEDS - Variable	
Forward 0-7.2 MPH	
Reverse 0-4.4 MFH	
DIMENSIONS	
Hought (At Stoering Wheel)	
Height (At Hood Life)	
Length	
Length	1:
Witeel Base	ı '
Clearance (Front Axle)	
Clearance (Differential)	'. '.
Glearance (Center Housing).	
SHIPPING WEIGHT - Approx	
bittering weight engineer (
TIRE PRESSURE Standard Tractor With Loade	
Rear	٠
Front 10 PS[25 PS[
GAPACITY	
Engine Crankcase 4 pre Hydrostatic Transmission 13/4 QTS. Dexton ATS	•
Hydrostatic Transmission	<u> </u>
Final Drive Geargase	:

Allie-Chalmers Manufacturing Company reserves the right to add to or change these specifical tions at any time without names.

SPECIFICATIONS Model Bw206 and Bw206-E Wheel Tractor

ENGINE Mako
BATTERY Make Allis-Chalmers-25 amp. Hour-12 volt (Optional w/eles, start)
TRANSMISSION Transaxle - 3 speeds Forward - 1 Reverse
DIFFERENTIAL Bevel Gear, Internal to Transaxle
SPEEDS - Standard Drive First 1.27 MPH Second 2.48 MPH Third 3.70 MPH Reverse 1.72 MPH
DIMENSIONS Height (At Steering Wheel)
SHIPPING WEIGHT - 3-206
TIRE PRESSURE Standard Tractor Rear
CAPACITY Engine Crankcase 2 1/4 pts Fuel Tank 2 qts Transmission 1 1/2 pts

Allie-Chalmers Manufacturing Company reserves the right to add to or change these specifications at any time without notice.

SPECIFICATIONS Model B-207 and B-207-E Wheel Tractor

Make
BATTERY Make (B-207-E) Altis-Chalmers-40 ampers hour-12 volt
TRANSMISSION Transaxle with 3 Speeds Forward and 1 Reverse
DIFFERENTIAL Bevel Gear Internal to Transaxie
SPEEDS - Standard Drive First
Clearance (Drawbar)
SHIPPING WEIGHT - B-207w/mower 515 lbs B-207-Ew/mower 530 lbs
TIRE PRESSURE
Standard Tractor Rest
CAPACITY Engine Crankcase

Allis-Chalmers Manufacturing Company reserves the right to add to or change these specifications at any time without notice,

<u>\$PECIFICATIONS</u> Model B-268 and B-268-S Wheel Tractor

ENGINE Make
BATTERY Make Allis-Chalmers-40 ampere hour-12 volt
TRANSMISSION Transaulo with 3 Speeds Forward and 1 Reverse
DIFFERENTIAL Bevel Gear Internal to Transaxie
SPEEDS - Standard Drive First 2,1 MPH Second 3.8 MPH Third 5.6 MPH Reverse 2.9 MPH
DIMENSIONS B-208 B-308-5 Height (At Steering Wheel) 35" 35 1/2" Height (At Hood Line) 29 1/2" 30" Width 31 1/2" 32 1/2" Length 58" 52" Wheel Tread 23 1/4" 23 1/4" Wheel Pase 11" 41" Clearance (bront Axle) 5 5/6" 9 1/2" Clearance (Differential) 5" 3 1/2" Clearance (Drawbar) 5 3/4" 7 1/4"
SHIPPING WEIGHT + Approx 520 lbs 540 lbs
Standard Tractor With Loader Rear
CAPACITY Engine Crankcase

Allis-Chalmers Manufacturing Company reserves the right to add to or change those specifical tions at any time without notice.

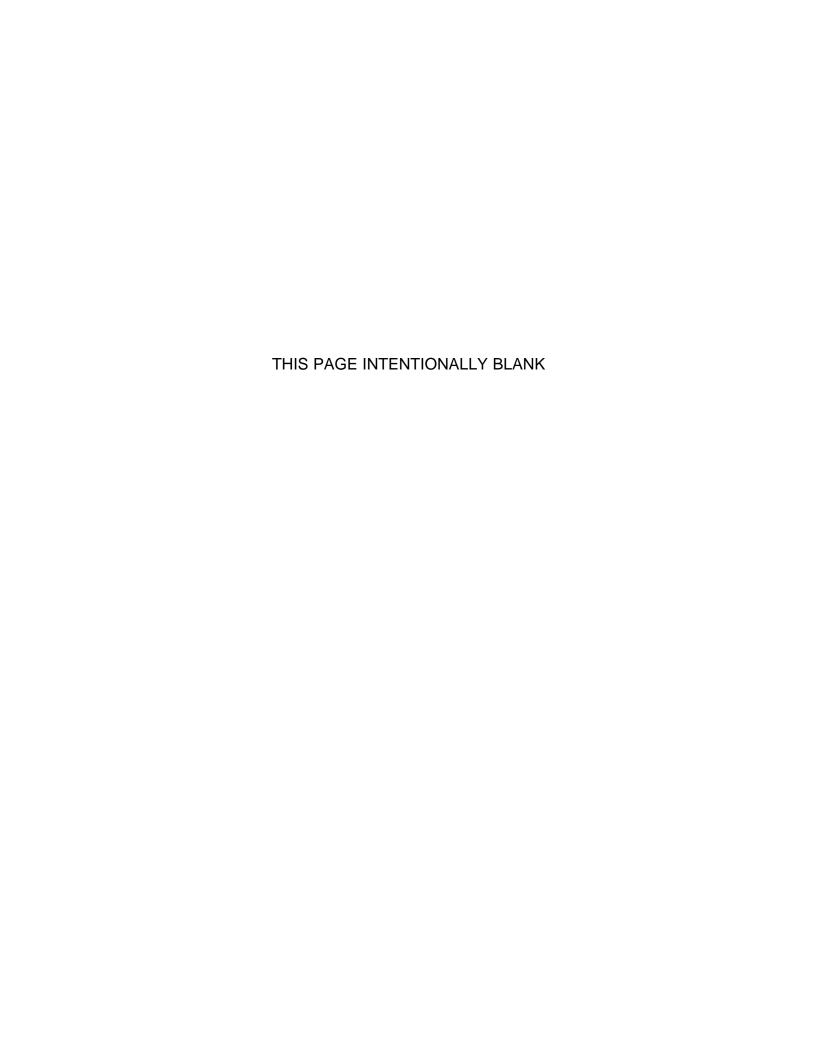
SPECIFICATIONS Model B-210, B-212, and HB-212 Wheel Tractor

Make
BATTERY Make Allis-Chalmers-40 ampere hour-18 voit
TRANSM(SS[ON B-210 and B-212 Stiding spir gear and spiral bevel gear, 21 speeds forward and 7 reverse with standard variable puch sheave system.
TRANSMISSION HB-212 Hydrostatic drive with miston pump and piston motor.
DIFFERENTIAL Planetary gent with controlled traction,
SPEEDS - Standard Drive B+Z10 and B+Z12 First 7 Speed Ranges Min. 0.5 MPH Max. 1.7 MPH Second 7 Speed Ranges Z.0 MPH 4.0 MPH Third 7 Speed Ranges 3.3 MPH 6.6 MPH Reverse 7 Speed Ranges 1.7 MPH 3.4 MPH
SPEEDS - Variable HB-212 Forward 0-7.2 MPH Reverse 0-4.4 MPH
DIMENSIONS Height (At Steering Wheel)
SHIPPING WEIGHT - Approx
Standard Tractor With Loader
CAPACITY Engine Crankcase

Allis-Chalmers Manufacturing Company reserves the right to add to or change these specifications at any time without notice.

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ENGINE OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS

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HB-112	300401	12	B-16
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8-207	170700	7	B-1
B-210	243431	10	B-11
B-212	300401	12	B-16
HB-212	300401	12	₿-16

NOTE: This chart is a listing of Tractors and Engines by model number. Refer to page number in right column for instructions.

MODELS 146700 and 170700

Section BEFORE STARTING

FILL SUMP WITH OIL - Use a high quality doter gent oil classified "For Service SC or SD or MS". Nothing should be added to the recommended oil.

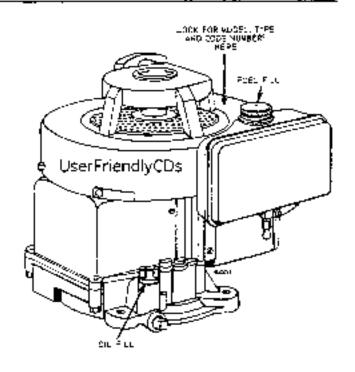
Summer ~ (Over 40 • F) Use SAF 30 Or

Winter - (Under 40 - F) Use SAE 5W - 20 If not available use SAE 10W (Be-cw 0 - F) Use SAE 10W diluted with 10% kerosene

DIRECTIONS: Place the engine level. FILL THE OIL SUMP TO OVERFLOWING Pour slowly. Capacity 2% pints

PILL FUEL TANK — Use clean, fresh, leaded or non-leaded "REGULAR" grade automotive gasoline. Fill tank completely!

50 NOT MIX OIL WITH GASOLINE.



Section 7

STARTING

1 BE SURE THE STOP SWITCH IS AWAY FROM SPARK PLUG

CAUTION: ALWAYS KEEP HANDS AND FEET CLEAR OF MOVIER BLADE OR OTHER ROTATING MACHINERY.

(2) OPEN FUEL VALVE



3 CHOKE THE CARBURETOR

a. Manual Type

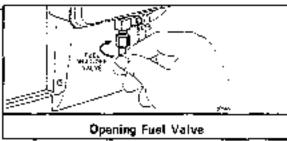
Move lever in direction of arrow to fully closed choke position. Set governor control in normal operating position.

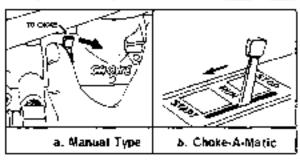
h. Choke-A-Matic

Move lever to "Full Choke" or "Start" position.

Note: This should fully close choke on carburetor. If it does not remote control must be re-adjusted. See "Choke-A-Matic Carburetor" Adjustments, Section 4.

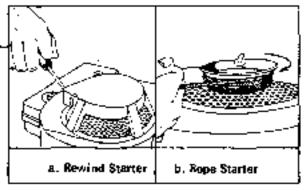
Note: A warm engine requires less choking than a coldingine.

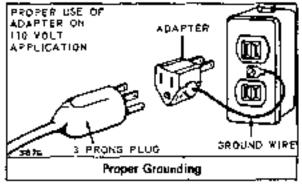




(4) START ENGINE

- a. Rewind Starter Grasp starter grip as illustrated and pull out cord rapidly. Repeat if necessary with choke opened slightry. When engine starts open choke gradually.
- b. Rope Stamer Wind the starter rope around the pulley in direction shown by arrow. Pull the rope with a quick full arm stroke Repeat if necessary with choke opened slightly. When engine starts open choke gradually.
- c. Electric Starter Press sparter button on powered equipment. When engine starts open choke gradually. CAUTION: The 110 volt electric sparter is equipped with a three-prong plug for your safety. If a longer cord is used it should also have three-prong and three-hole plugs. If the outlet or receptable is the two-hole type, an adapter must be used. To get proper grounding, fasten the ground lead on the adapter to something electrically grounded, such as the metal box on the end of a grounded metal conduit.



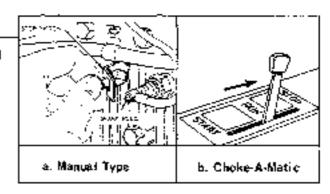


Section STARTING (cont'd)

SPECIAL LOW TEMPERATURE STARTING PROCEDURE 1. Turn needle valve on carburetor, 1/8 turn counterclockwise from normal summer adjustment. Note: If fuel drips out of carburetor while trying to start engine, the engine is over choked. Pull starter several times or push starter button with choke open. 2. Be sure to use the proper weight of cill for the air temperature expected. 3. Disconnect all external loads. Any V-belt drives must be removed or loosened so that the belts are standing still for satisfactory operation below freezing. Starter, motor and battery are designed to start the engine only. 4. Keep bottery and engine warm if possible. If it is not possible to keep the entire unit warm, there is a big advantage in Reeping the battery warm until it is required for starting. A warm battery has much more starting capability than a cold battery.

(5) STOP ENGINE

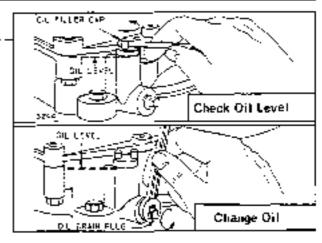
- Manual Choke Push the stop switch against end of spark plue.
- b. Choke-A-Matic Move control lover to "stop" position.



Section MAINTENANCE

- CHECK OIL LEVEL before starting eingline und after every 5 hours of operation. (Take dare to remove dimeround filler plug.) Be sure oil level is maintained FUEL TO POINT OF OVERFLOWING.
- 2 CHANGE OIL after first 5 hours of operation. Thereafter change oil every 25 hours of operation. Remove oil drain plug and drain oil while engine is warm. Replace oil drain plug. Remove oil minder or oil filler plug and rehil with new oil of proper grade. Replace oil filler plug.
- CLEAN AIR CLEANER and re-oil element every 25 hours under normal conditions.
 - Remove two screws and lift off complete air cleaner assembly.
 - 2. Remove screen and spacers from foam element.
 - 3. Remove foam element from air cleaner body.
 - A Wash foam element on kerosene or liquid detergent and water to remove dirt.
 - B Wrap foam in gloth and squeeze dry
 - C Saturate foam in engane bill. Squeeze to remove.
 - D Assemble parts faster to carburetor with screw.

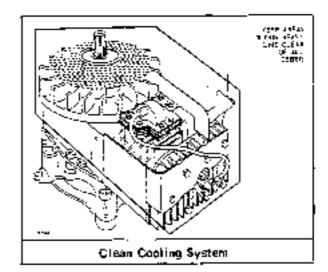
When assembling make certain the lip of the foam element extends over edge of the air Cleaner body. The foam element lip will furn a protective seat.

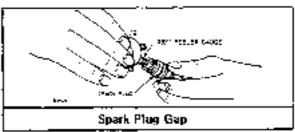




Section MAINTENANCE (cont'd)

- CLEAN COOLING SYSTEM Grass, chaft or dirt may clog the air cooling system, especially after prolonged service cutting dry grasses. To avoid overheating and engine damage, remove the blower housing and clean the area shown. This should be a regular maintenance operation.
- 5 CLEAM SPARK PLUG Clean and reset gap at .030" every 100 hours of operation. Caution. Blast cleaning of spark plugs in machines that use abrasive grir is not recommended. Stank plugs should be cleaned by scraping or wire trushing and washing with a commercial solvent or gasuline.
- **6** CLEAN FUEL SYSTEM Drawn and clean fuel tank. Unspecies felter





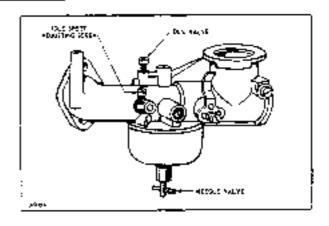
Section ADJUSTMENTS

CARBURETOR ADJUSTMENTS

Minor carbureter adjustment may be required to compensage for differences in fuel, temperature, altitude and load.

To Adjust Carburetor Turn needle valve clockwise unrul it just closes. Caution: Valve may be damaged by turning it in too far.

Now open needle valve \$-1/8 turns counterclockwise. Close idle valve in same manner and open 1-1/8 turns. This initial adjustment will permit the engine to be started and warmed up prior to final adjustment.



Final Adjustment—Turn needle valve in until engine misses (lean mixture). Then turn it out past smooth operating point until engine runs unevenly (rich mixture). Now turn needle valve to the mid-point between rich and lean so the engine runs smoothly. Hold throttle at idle position and set idle speed adjusting screw until fast idle is obtained (1750 RPM). Hold throttle in idle position and turn idle valve in (lean) and out (rich) until engine idles smoothly. Then reset idle speed adjusting screw so that engine idles at 1750 RPM. Release throttle — engine should accelerate without hesitation or sputtering. If engine does not accelerate properly, the carburetor should be re-adjusted to a slightly richer mixture.

Section 4

ADJUSTMENTS (cont'd)

CHOKE-A-MATIC CARBURETOR CONTROLS ADJUSTMENT

Prober choice and stop switch operation is dependent upon prober adjustment of remote controls or the powered equipment.

To Check Operation of Choke-A-Matic Controls:

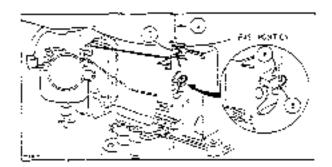
- Anye remote control lever to "Choke" position. The carburgtor quoke should be closed.
- Move remote control to "Stop" position. Governor control lever should make full contact with stop switch.

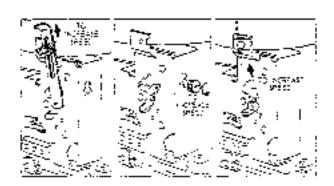
To Adjust:

Place remote control lever on equipment in FAST (high speed) position. Coosen control casing clamp screw "C". Your control casing "A" and wire until lever "E" lines up with bottom odgo of lang "F". Tighten casing plamp screw "C".

SPEED CONTROL ADJUSTMENTS

The correct operating speed range is 1890 to 3500 RPM lidle speed is 1750 RPM. There are several types of speed congrets on these engines. Select the control on your engine. To increase engine speed move control in chection of errow.





Section GENERAL INFORMATION

These engines are single bylinder, Lihead, amicopled type							
WODEL SERIES							
146700 to 146707							

Bore ,	 . . .	2.3/4"
Stroke		
Displacement	 14.11	cu. in.
Horsepawer	 . 6.0 M.P. max. /c 36	00 R⊇V
Torque (Ft. Lhs.)	 9.25 max. 🕏 2 9	oo sev.

170700 to 170707

Bore			 	 	3"
Stroke				 	Z 3/8"
Displace	ment		 		16.79 cu. in.
Ногвером	ver.		 ٠.	7.0 9.5	. так, з 3600 АРМ
Torque (F	t. Lb	s.)		 , , 11.6	0 max. g 2 600 Թ ?V

The norsepower ratings listed above are established in accordance with the Society of Astomotive Engineers. Test Corle 3607. For practical operation, the horsepower loading should not exceed 85% of these ratings. Engine power will decrease 35% of for each 1,000 feet above sea level and 1% for each 104 above 604 F.

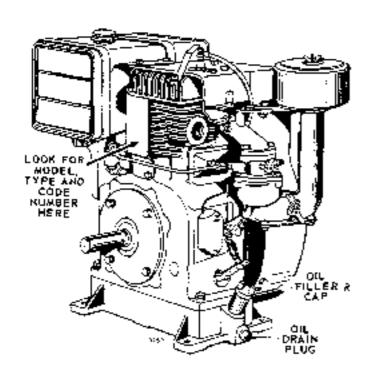
TUNE-UP SPECIFICATIONS

Spark Plug Type	A.C.	Autolice	Champion
Short Plag	CS-4≒	A7N	CJ-8
(ong Prug	GC-46	A71	JL8
Spark Plug Gap		. .	030"
Ignition Point Gab		,	02011
Injake Valve Clear	ance	0	051100711
Exhaust Valve Clea	arende	0	nata (1.1°60)

STORAGE INSTRUCTIONS

Engines to be stored over 30 days should be completely drained of fuel to prevent gam deposits forming on essential carburetor parts, fuel filter, fuel lines and tank.

- Drain fuel tank completely and clean fuel litter
- Operate engine until gasoline in carbonelor is completely consumed.
- White engine is still warm, grain oil from crackgase. Refill with fresh oil.
- d. Remove spark plug, pour 1 ounce (2 or 3 tablespoons) of SAE-30 cit into cylinder and crank slowly to distribute ord. Replace spark plug.
- Clean dirt and chaff from cylinder head fins and blower nousing. (See Section 3).



Briggs & Stratton OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS

MODELS

19D, 19D-FB,

IMPORTANT: Do not start this engine before reading Section I and Section II of this manual.

CAUTION

PROVIDE EFFICIENT VENTILATION Exhaust gases cantain carbon monoxide, an adorless and deadly poison. Do not operate engine in an enclased prea.

KEEP ENGINE CLEAN. This engine is air-cooled, ficopling system becames clagged, serious damage may result. Therefore, keep the blower screen, fins on flywheel, cylinder head and block free from grass or dirt.

SECTION I - Before Starting -

"OIL-FOAM"® AIR CLEANER

"QiJ-Foam"® qur cleaners are piled at the factory and da not require initial service.

FILL FUEL TANK

Use clean, fresh "regular" grace gasoline. Fill tank completely.

DO NOT FILL GASOLINE TANK WHILE ENGINE IS RUNNING. Avoid spilling gasoline on a hor engine — this may cause on explasion and serious injury.

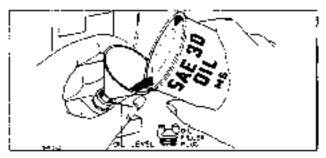
DO NOT MIX OIL WITH GASOLINE

OIL RECOMMENDATIONS

∀INTĘR	\$UMM€R
(8+10× 40° F.)	(Above day F.)
Usa 546 54.20	DEF SAE 30
ti nor Available	Il nor Available
L s ± 54€ 10₩	U. \$AE 10W-30
Above 10' F	

Nathing should be added to the recommended oils.

FILL CRANKCASE WITH OIL

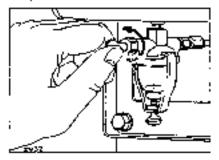


Remove the oil filler plug. Place the engine level. Fill the crankcose to overflowing. POUR SLOWLY. CAPACITY 3 PINTS. Replace the filler plug.

Any high quality detergent oil having the American Petroleum Institute classification "For Service MS" can be used in your Briggs & Stratton engine. Detergent ails keep the engine steamer and retard the formation of gum and varnish deposits.

TO START ENGINE

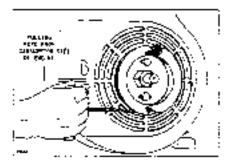
1. Open Fuel Valve



2. Close the Choice



- 3. Start Engine
- a. Rope Starter

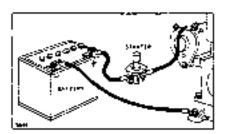


Place knot in pulley notch and wind rope around pulley in a clackwise direction. Pull rope with choke closed to prime the engine. Open above slightly and repeat operation.

After engine worms up open choke gradually until engine runs smoothly with choke wide open (counter-clockwise position).

6, 12 Yell D.C. Elecute Storrer

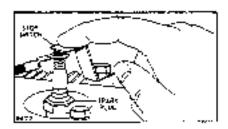
Press starter button on powered equipment. When engine starts, open chake gradually.



- STOPPING ·

To Stop Engine

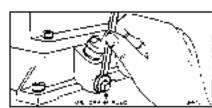
Post the stop switch against end of spark plug.



SECTION III • Regular Maintenange •

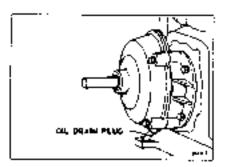
CHANGE OIL (Crankcase)

Change ail after 5 haurs of operation. Remove the oil drain plug. Drain oil while engine is warm. Replace drain plug. Remove ail filler cap or plug and refull with new oil. Replace oil filler cap or plug. Add oil regularly after each 5 haurs of operation. Thereofter change oil every 25 hours of operation.



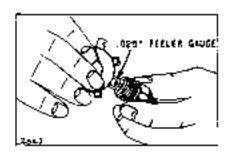
CMANGE OIL (Gear Reduction)

The reduction gears are lubricated by engine crankcase oil. Remove drain plug from year case cover to drain oil remaining in year case when crankcase oil is changed.



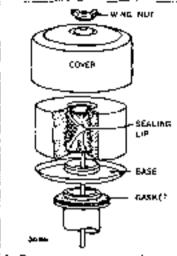
TO CHECK SPARK PLUG GAP

Clean spark plug and reset gap at .025" every 100 hours of operation, When worn out replace with AC GC 46, Autolise A71 or Champian J-3, Size 14 mm.

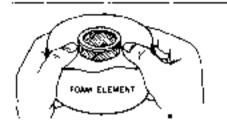


SERVICING "OIL-FOAM" AIR CLEANER

Clean and re-oil the dir cleaner frequently (every few hours under extremely dusty conditions). Clean and re-all at least every 25 hours under normal canditions.



- Remove wing nut and caver.
- J. Push down foom element as shown and buil our screen.



- 4. A Wash foam element in kerosene ar salvent.
 - C Squeeze again to spread oil through four element.
 - D-Put screen inside element. Be sure sealing lip is over end
- Fasten to engine. Screw wing nut down tight.

B = Squeeze dry and re-oil with 6 tablespoons engine oil.

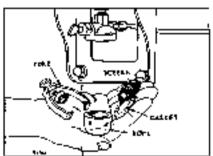
of screen (top and bottom). 2. Lift off foom element from base, 5. Reassemble parts as shown.

DRAINING FUEL TANK AND CLEANING FUEL FILTER

Lapsen thumb screw below filter hawl.

Remove and clean filter bowl and screen.

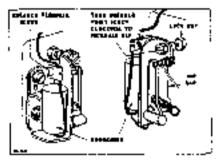
Open shut-off valve to see it fuel flows freely from the tank, IMPOR-TANT: If you tind a gummy, varnish-like substance use alcohol. or acetane to dissolve it.



CLEAN COOLING SYSTEM

Grass or chaff may clog cooling system after prolonged service in cutting tall dry grasses or hoy. Continued operation within alogged daaling system couses sévere avérheating and possible engine damage. Remove bigwer housing and clean regularly.

TO CLEAN AND ACCUST CONTACT POINTS



Remove cover.

Clean paints with a carborundum contact point stone. Then insert a hard tinished cord or piece of paper and close and open points. The paper will absorb any diff of filings on the paints. Adjust breaker points as follows:

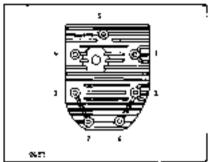
- a. Rotate crankshaft until points open to widest gap.
- b. Loosen lock not illustrated above until it is just snug.

- c. Rotate breaker paint screw to objein .020" eap.
- d. When gap is ,020" tighten lock-
- e. Repiace breaker box cover.

CLEAN COMBUSTION CHAMBER EVERY 100-300 HOURS OF OPERATION

This industrial engine penerally operates at constant speed and at relatively constant load. The use of regular automotive fuels under these conditions results in a gradual build-up of tetra-ethyl lead deposits in the combustion chamber,

This couses the engine to lose power and prevents the valves from Removing the seating properly. deposits is easy and will pay big dividends in reliability and increase ed valve life.



- Remove cylinder head screws. Be sure to note if screws are of different length and have steel washers as they must be replaced in original position.
- 2. Turn crankshaft until pisten is at at top of cylinder bore and bath. valves are closed. Scrape and wire brush the lead and carban deposits from cylinder head and combustion chamber.
- Re-use sytinder head gasker only. (in good condition. Replace cylinder head. Turn each screw in with wrench until screw head is lightly sected.
- 4. Use socket wrench with 6 inch handle and turn all screws 1/4 turn. Tighten screws in ser quence il·lustrated. Ryn engine approximately 5 minuses and retighten al. screws approximately 174 turn.

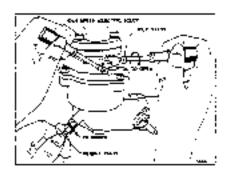
CARBURETOR ADJUSTMENTS

Initial Adjustment

Turn needle valve clockwise until it just closes: **CAUTION**: Valve may be damaged by turning it in too far.

Now open needle valve 1-1-2 turns counterclacky se-

Close idle valve in some manner and open in 19 to 21 turns. This initial adjustment will permit the engine to be storred and wormed up prior to final adjustment.



Fing? Adjustment

Turn needle voive in until engine misses (lean mixture), then turn it out pass smooth operating point until engine runs unevenly (rich mixture). Now turn needle voive to she mid-point between rich and lean so the engine runs smoothly.

Hold throtale of idle position, set idle speed accusting screw until fast idle is obtained (1200 RPM). Hold throtale in idle position and turn idle valve in (lean) and aut (rich) until angine idles smoothly. Then reset idle speed so that engine idles at 1200 RPM. Release throtale—engine should accelerate without hasitation or sputtering. If engine does not accelerate properly, resadjust carburetor to a slightly richer mixture.

GOVERNOR ADJUSTMENTS

The correct operating speed range is 1800 to 3600 RPM. The standard speed setting (no load) is 2900 RPM. Tidle speed is 1200 RPM.

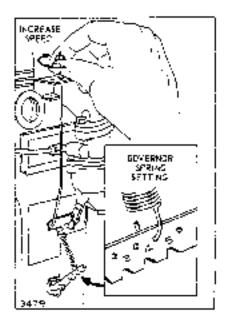
Thomb Not Adjustment

To increase speed, furn nut (clockwise) or move lower end of governor spring fartiner away from governor lever shaft.

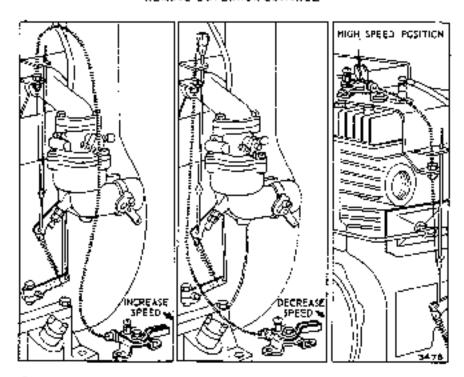
To reduce speed, form not counterclockwise) or move lower end of spring closer to governor lever shaft.

If the speed of the engine is not steady although the conburetor has been properly adjusted, move the spring farther away from the governor lever shaft.

If the speed variation between no load and full load is too great, move spring closer to governor lever shaft.



REMOTE GOVERNOR CONTROL



Engine speed is controlled by movement of the control lever. To adjust: Move control lever to HIGH speed position. Loosen screw or swivel. Move were through swivel until desired operating speed is obtained. Retighten swivel screw, bend loose and of wire ground swivel. Cut off excess were. Be sure to remove or loosen thumb screw on governor control rod.

SECTION Y GENERAL INFORMATION-

These angines are single cylinder, L-Head, sir-cooled type

Bare = 3", Strake = 2.5/8"; Displacement = 18.56 cu. in.; Harsepower: =

3,65 h.p. at 1800 r.p.m. 5.45 h.p. at 2400 r.p.m. 6.70 h.p. at 3000 r.p.m. 7.25 h.p. at 3500 r.p.m.

The harsepower ratings listed above are established by standard ..C.E.1, procedures. For practical operation, the horsepower loading should not exceed 85% of these ratings. Engine power will decrease 3½% for each 1,000 fr. above sea level and 1% for each 10 degrees above 60 degrees F.

Major engine repairs should not be attempted unless you have the proper tools and a thorough knowledge of internal combustion engines.

STORAGE INSTRUCTIONS

Engines stared for over 30 days should be completely drained of fuel to prevent gum deposits forming on essential carburetor parts, fuel filter, fuel lines and tank.

- Remove filter bowl, open shutoff valve and drain tank completely.
- Replace filter bowl. Leave fuel valve open.
- c. Operate engine until it stops from lack of fuel.
- d. While engine is still warm, drain and clean the ail symp. Refill with fresh oil.
- e. Remove spark plug, pour one ounce of SAE 30 od into cylinder and cronx slowly to spread oil. Replace spark plug.
- Clean dist and chaff from cylinder, cylinder head fins and blower housing.

MODEL 243431

Section

BEFORE STARTING

READ THE OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS OF THE EQUIPMENT THIS ENGINE POWERS

EULL_CBANKCASE WITH OIL — Use a high quality detergent oil classified "For Service SC or SD or MS". Nothing should be added to the recommended oil.

SUMMER (Abaya 40° F.) Use SAE 30

tt nog avaitable, Use SAE 10W-30 or

5AE 10**M**-40

WINTER (Under 40 F.) Use SAE 5W-20 or SAE 5W-30

It not available. Use \$AE 10% or \$AE 10%-30

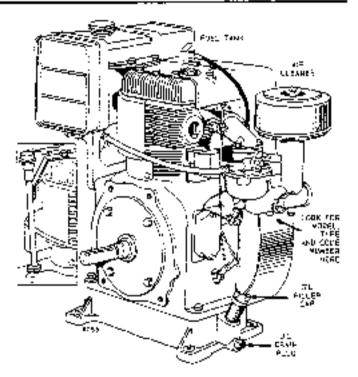
Below 0° F. Use SAE 10W or SAE 10W-30 Dilyred 10% with Keroseive

OIPECTIONS: Place the engine level. Remove oil filler blug or Cil-Vinder. FILL THE OIL SUMP TO OVER-FEOWING or to the FULL mark on dipatrok. Pour slow-ly. Capacity 4 pints.

EXTENDED OIL FILL. (Optional) Remove cap and dipstick. When checking oil level push dipartick assembly firmly but afowly until cap bottoms on tube. <u>Do not</u> <u>overfill</u>. Dipatick assembly must be pushed fully into tube of all times when engine is operating.

2 FULL FUEL TANK - Use clean, fresh, lead-free or leaded fregular grade automotive gasoline. Fill tank completely

DO NOT MIX OIL WITH GASOLINE.

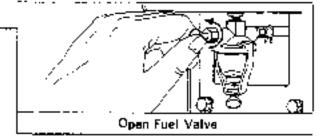


Section

STARTING

OPEN FUEL VALVE

CAUTION: ALWAYS KEEP HANDS AND FEET CLEAR OF MOVER BLACE OR OTHER ROTATING MACHINERY.



- 2 CLOSE THE CHOKE Engine may be equipped with manual or reniote choke.
- To Chalk?

 Manual Chalks

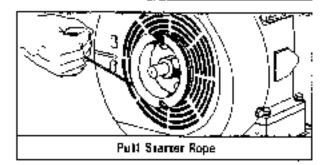
 Remote Chake

 Close the Chake
- 3) START ENGINE Engine may be equipped with rope or electric starter.

a. Rooe Starter

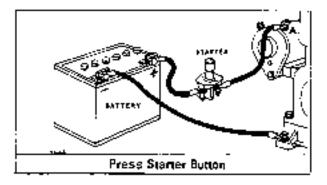
Place knot in pulley noich and wind rope around pulley in a clockwise direction. Pull rope with choke closed to prime the engine. Open choke slightly and repeat operation.

After engine warms up open choke gradually uniti engine runs simplothilly with choke wide open (counterclockwise position).



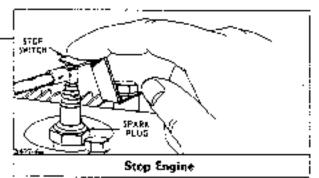
b. 12 Volt D.C. Electric Starter

Press starter button on powered equipment. When engine starts, open choke gradually.



(4) TO STOP ENGINE

Push the stop switch against end of spark plug, or turn off ignition switch on equipment.



Section 3

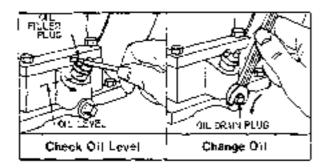
MAINTENANCE

(1) CHECK OIL LEVEL

Check before starting and after every 5 hours of operation. BE SURE OIL LEVEL IS MAINTAINED.

2 CHANGE OIL (Crankcase)

Change oil after first 5 hours of operation. Thereafter change oil every 25 hours of operation. Remove the oil drain plug. Drain oil write engine is warm. Remove oil filter cap or plug and rafill with new oil. Replace oil filter cap or plug. Add oil regularly after each 5 hours of operation.



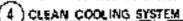
3) SERVICING HEAVY DUTY AIR CLEANER

Clean and re-oil foam pre-cleaner at 3 month intervals or every 25 hours, whichever occurs first.

- 1. Remove wind nut and cover.
- Remove foam pre-cleaner element by stiding it up off of the paper cartridge.
- A Nash foam in liquid detergent and water.
 - 8 Squeeze dry.
 - C = Cit with one ounce engine oil. Squeeze to distribute oil eventy.
- Assemble to paper cartridgs. Reassemble cover and wing nut. Screw wing nut down tight.

Yearly or every 100 hours, whichever occurs first, remove paper cartridge. Clean by tapping gently on first surface. If very dirty, replace cartridge, or wash in liquid detergent and water. Rinse until water remains clear. Cartridge must be air cried thoroughly before using.



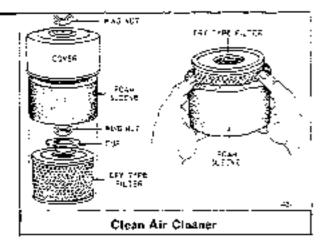


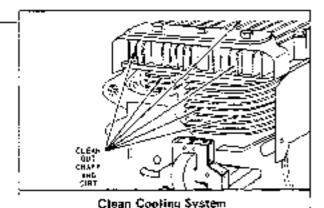
Grass or chaff may clog cooling system after protonged service in cutting dry grasses or hay. Continued operation with a clogged cooling system causes severe overheating and possible engine damage. Remove blower housing and clean regularly.

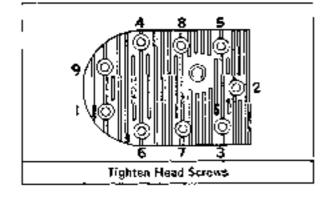
5 OLEAN COMBUSTION CHAMBER every 100-300 agains of operation. If the engine operates at constant speed and at relatively constant load, the use of regular automotive facts results in a gradual build-up of load deposits in the combustion chamber.

This causes the engine to lose power and prevents the valves from seating properly. Removing the deposits is easy and will pay big dividends in reliability and increased valve life.

- Remove cylinder head screws.
- Turn grankshaft until piston is at top of cylinder bore and both valves are closed. Scrape and wire brush the lead and carbon deposits from cylinder head and combustion obstabler.
- Re-use cylinder head gasket only if in good condition. Reptage cylinder head. Turn each screw in with wrench until screw head is lightly seated.
- Use socket wiench with 6 inch handle and turn all screws 1/4 turn. Tighten screws in sequence illustrated. Aun engine approximately 5 countes and rerighten all screws approximately 1/4 furn.





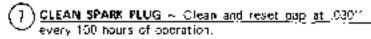


Section MAINTENANCE (cont'd)

() CLEAN AND ADJUST CONTACT POINTS

Remove cover. Clean points with a carbonundum contact point stone. Then insert a hard finished card or piece of paper and clase and open points. The paper will absorp any dirt or frlings on the prints. Adjust breaker points as follows:

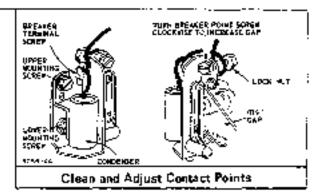
- a. Rotate crankshaft until points open to widest gap.
- b. Leosen lock nut allustrated bellow until it is just shud.
- c. Rorate breaker point screw to obtain .020" gap.
- d. When cap is .02011 tighten /ocknut.
- e. Replace breaker box cover.

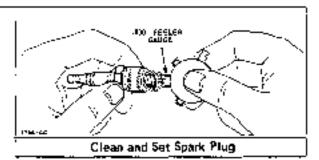


CAUTION: E list cleaning of spark plugs in machines that use abrasive grit is not recommended. Spark plugs should be cleaned by scraping or wire brushing and washing with a commercial solvent or gasoline.



Enosen thumb screw below filter bowl. Remove and clean filter howl and screen. Open shuf-off valve to see if fuel flows freely from the tank. IMPORTANT: If you find a guniny, varnish-like substance use alcohol or acetone to dissolve it.





Section ADJUSTMENTS

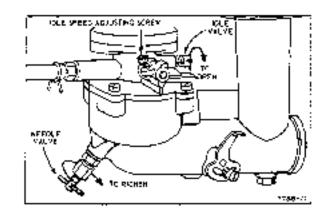
CARBURETOR ADJUSTMENTS

Winor carburetor adjustment may be required to compensate for differences in fuel, temperature, altitude and load.

luitial Adjustment

Thin needle valve clockwise antilit just closes. ~ CAUTION: Valve may be demaged by turning it in too far.

Now open needle valve 1-1/2 turns counterclockwise. Close title valve in same manner and open in 1/2 to 3/4 turns. This initial adjustment will permit the engine to be started and warmed up prior to final adjustment.



Final Adjustment. Turn needle valve in until engine misses (lean mixture), then turn it out past smooth operating point until engine runs unevenly (rich mixture). Now turn needle valve to the mid-point between rich and lean so the engine runs smoothly. Hold throute at idle position, set idle speed adjusting screw until fast idle is obtained (1200 RPW). Hold throute in idle position and turn idle valve in Hean) and out (rich) until engine idles smoothly. Then reset idle speed so that engine idles at 1200 RPM. Refease throttle -- origine should accelerate without hesitation or sputtering. If engine does not accelerate properly, re-adjust needle valve to a slightly richer mixture.

Section

ADJUSTMENTS

(conf'd)

GOVERNOR SPEED ADJUSTMENTS

The governor controls the engine speed from idle through the full operating range. Idle speed should be no lower than 1000 RPM and top no load speed should be no higher than 3800 RPM. See illustration to adjust governor.

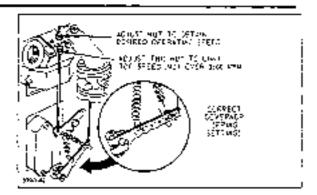
Governed idle Speed Adjustment

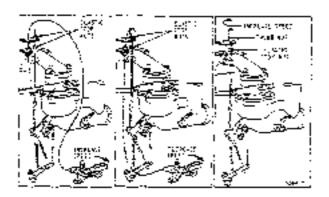
The shorter spring keeps the engine on governor, even at idle speed. If moderate loads are applied at idle the engine will not stall.

First make final carburetor mixture adjustments. Then place remote control in idle position. Hold throttle shaft in closed position and adjust idle speed screw to 1000 RPM. Release the throttle. With remote control in idle position, adjust upper elastic stop out to 1200 RPM.

REMOTE SPEED CONTROL ADJUSTMENT

Engine speed is controlled by movement of the control lever. To adjust: Move control lever to HIGH speed position. Loosen screw on swryel, Move were through swivel until desired operating speed is obtained. Retighten swivel screw, bend loose and of wire around swivel. Cut off excess were.





Section GENERAL INFORMATION

These engines are single cylinder. Linead, air-cooled type

Model Series 243431 to 243434

Bore	 			3 1/16"
Stroke	 . ,			3 1/471
Displacement	 			23.94 ca. in.
				10.0 max. g 3600 APM
Torque (St. Lbs.)	 			16.75 max. g 2400 RPM

The horsepower ratings listed above are established in accordance with the Society of Automotive Engineers Test Code-J607. For practical operation, the horsepower loading should not exceed 85% of these ratings. Engine power will decrease 3½% for each 1000 feet above sea level and 1% for each 10° above 60° F.

TUNE-UP SPECIFICATIONS

Spark Plug Type	A.C.	Autolite	Champion
Short Plug	C5-45	47N	CJ-8
Long Plug	GC-46	A71	J-3
Spork Plug Gap	.		030"
Ignition Point Gap .			
Intake Valve Chara	inte	0	0711 - ,00911
Exhaust Malve Cles	итапсе	., c	17" .019"

STORAGE INSTRUCTIONS

Engines stored for over 3ll days should be completely drained of fuel to prevent gent deposits forming on essential carburator parts, firel filter, fuel times and tank.

- Remove filter bowl, open shut-off valve and drain tank completely.
- Replace filter bow: Leave fuel valve open.
- Operate engine until it stops from lack of fuer.
- d. While engine is still warm, drain and clear the oil sumb. Retill with fresh oil.
- Remove spark plug, point one nunce of SAE 30 oil into cylinder and grank slowly to spread nill Replace spark plug.
- Clean dirt and chaff from cylinder, cylinder head fine and blower housing.

Major eigine repairs should not be attempted unless you have the proper tools and a thorough knowledge of internal combustion engines.

MODEL 300401

Section BEFO

BEFORE STARTING

READ THE OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS OF THE EQUIPMENT THIS ENGINE POWERS

<u>FILL CRANKCASE WITH OIL</u> ~ Use a high quality detergent oil classified "Fur Service MS". Nothing should be added to the recommended oil.

Summer + (Over 40 : F) Use SAE 30 Dit

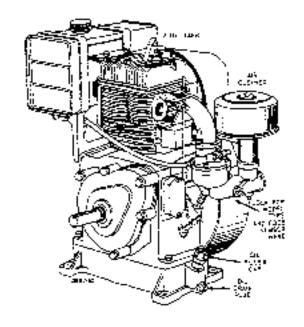
Winter — (Under 40 : F) Use SAE SW - 20
If not available use SAE 10W
(Selow 0 > F) Use SAE 10W
cilluled with 10% kerosene

DIRECTIONS: Place the engine level. Remove oil filler plug or Oil Minder. FILE THE OIL SLIMP TO OVER-FLOWING or to the FULL mark on dipstick. Pour slow-fy. Capacity 4 pints.

EXTENDED OIL FILL. (Optional). Remove cap and dipstick. When checking oil level push dipstick assembly firmly but stowly until cap bottoms on tube. Do not everfill. Dipstick assembly mush be pushed fully into tube at all times when engine is operating.

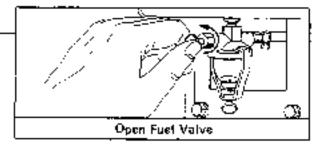
PILL FUEL TANK - Use clean, fresh, leaded or conleaded "REGULAR" grace automotive gasoline. Fill tank completely

DO NOT MIX OIL WITH GASOLINE.

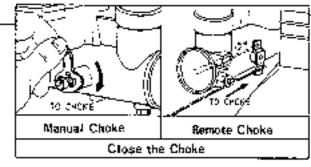


1) OPEN FUEL VALVE

CAUTION: ALWAYS KEEP HANDS AND FEET CLEAR OF MOWER BLADE OR OTHER BOYATING MACHINERY.



2 CLOSE THE CHOKE — Engine may be equipped with manual or remote choke.

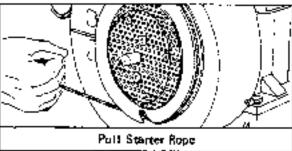


3 START ENGINE — Engine may be equipped with rope or electric starter

a. Rope Starter

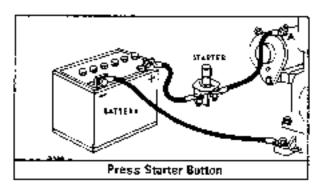
Place know in pulley notch and wind rope around pulley in a clockwise direction. Pull rope with choke closed to prime the engine. Open choke slight:v and repeat operation.

After engine worms up open choke gradually until engine runs smoothly with choke wide open (counterclockwise position).



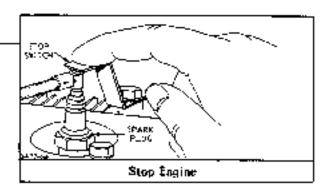
b. 12 Volt D.C. Electric Staner

Press starter button on powered equipment. When engine starts, open choke gradually.



TO STOP ENGINE

Push the stop switch against end of spark plug or turn off ignition switch on equipment.



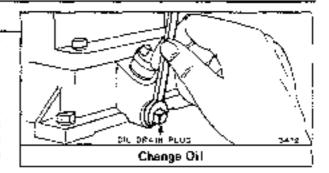
Section MAINTENANCE

(1) CHECK OIL LEVEL

Check before starting and after every 5 hours of operation. BE SURE OIL LEVEL IS MAINTAINED.

(2) CHANGE OFL (Crankcase)

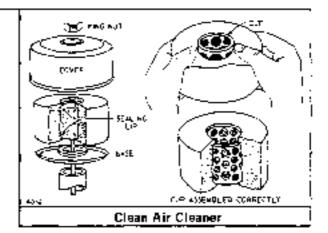
Change oil after first 5 hours of operation. Thereafter change oil every 25 hours of operation. Remove the oil drain plug. Drain oil while engine is warm. Remove oil filler cap or plug and refill with new oil. Replace oil filler cap or plug. Add oil regularly after each 5 hours of operation.



(3) SERVICING "OIL-FOAM" @ AIR CLEANER

Clean and re-oil the air cleaner frequently levery few hours under extremely dusty conditions): Clean and re-oil at least every 25 hours under normal conditions.

- Remove wing nut and cover.
- Lift off foam element from base.
- Push down foam element as shown, and pull out air cleaner cup.
- A Wash foam element in kerosene or liquid detergent and water to remove dirt.
 - 8 Wrap foam in cloth and squeeze dry.
 - C Saturate foam in engine oil. Squeeze to remove excess oil.
 - D Put air cleaner cup inside element. Be sure sealing lip is over end of cup (top and bottom).
- Reassemble parts as shown. Screw wing nut downtight.



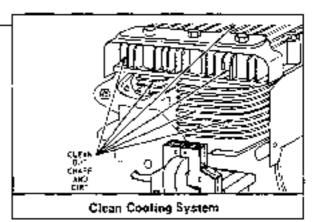
(4) CLEAN COOLING SYSTEM

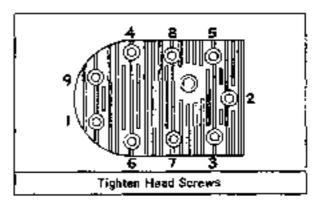
Grass or chaff may clog cooling system after prolonged service in curting dry grasses or hay. Continued operation with a clogged cooling system causes severe overteeting and possible engine damage. Remove blower housing and clean regularly.

5 <u>QLEAN COMBUSTION CHAMBER</u> every 100-300 hours of operation. If the engine operates at constant speed and at relatively constant load, the use of regular automotive fuels results in a gradual build-up of lead deposits in the combustion chamber.

This causes the engine to lose power and prevents the valves from seating properly. Femoving the deposits is easy and will pay big dividends in reliability and increased valve life.

- Remove cylinder head screws.
- Turn crankshaft until puston is at top of cylinder bore and both valves are closed. Scrape and wire brush the lead and carbon deposits from cylinder head and combustion chamber.
- Pe-use cylinder head gasket only if in good condition. Replace cylinder head. Turn each screw in with wrench until screw head is lightly seated.
- Use socket wrench with 6 inch handle and turn. I screws 1/4 turn. Tighten screws in sequence illustrated. Bun engine approximately 5 minutes and retighten all screws approximately 1/4 turn.



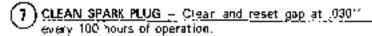


Section MAINTENANCE (cont'd)

(6) CLEAN AND ADJUST CONTACT POINTS

Remove cover. Clean points with a carbonundum contact point stone. Then insert a hard finished card or piece of paper and close and open points. The paper will absorb any dist or fillings on the points. Adjust breaker points as follows:

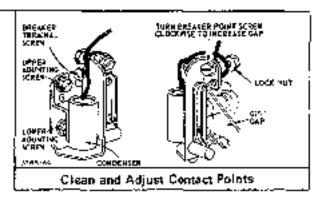
- a. Rotate crankshaft until points open to widest gap.
- b Loosen lock out illustrated below until it is just soud.
- c. Rotate breaker point screw to obtain .02011 gap.
- d. When gap is .020" tighten locknut.
- e. Replace breaker box cover.

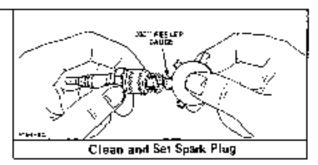


CAUTION: Blast cleaning of spark plugs in machines that use abrasive grit is not recommended. Spark plugs should be cleaned by scraping or wire brushing and washing with a commercial solvent or gasoline.

8) DRAIN FUEL TANK AND CLEAN FUEL FILTER

Loosen thumb sorew below filter howl. Remove and clean filter bowl and screen. Open shut-off valve to see if fuel flows freely from the tank. IMPORTANT: If you find a gummy, varnish-like substance use alcohol or acetone to dissolve it.





Section ADJUSTMENTS

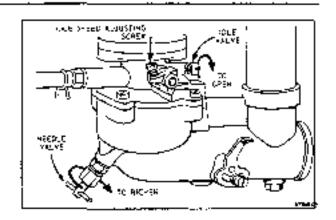
CARBURETOR ADJUSTMENTS

Minor corburator adjustment may be required to compensate for differences in fuel, temperature, altitude and load.

Initial Adjustment

Turn needle valve chockwise until it just closes. — CAUTION: Valve may be damaged by turning it in too far.

Now open needle value 1-1/2 turns counterclockwise. Close idle value in same manner and open it 1/2 to 3/4 turns. This chitial adjustment will permit the engine to be started and warmed up prior to final adjustment.



Final Adjustment—furn needle valve in until engine misses (lean mixture), then turn it out past smooth operating point until engine runs unevenly (rich mixture). Now turn needle valve to the mid-point between rich and lean so the engine runs smoothly. Hold throttle at idlo position, set idle speed adjusting screw until fast idle is obtained (1200 RPM). Hold throttle in idle position and turn idle valve in (sean) and out (rich) until engine idles smoothly. Then reset idle speed so that engine idles at 1200 RPM. Release throttle — engine should accelerate without hesitation or sputtering. If engine does not accelerate properly, re-adjust needle valve to a slightly richer mixture.

Section

ADJUSTMENTS

(cont'd)

GOVERNOR SPEED ADJUSTMENTS

The governor controls the engine speed from idle through the full operating range. Idle speed should be no lower than 1000 RPM and top no load speed should be no higher than 3800 RPM. See illustration to adjust governor.

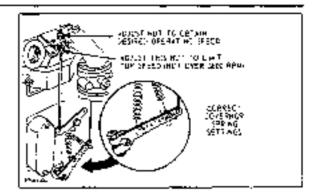
Governed Idle Speed Adjustment

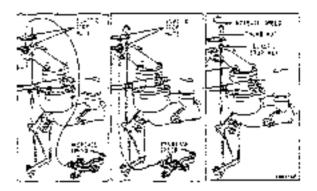
The shorter spring keeps the engine on governor, even at id:e speed. If moderate loads are applied at idle, the engine will not stall.

First make final carburetor mixture adjustments. Then place remote control in idle position. Hold throttle shaft in closed position and adjust idle speed screw to 1000 RPM. Release the throttle. With remote control in idle position, adjust upper clastic stop nut to 1200 RPM.

REMOTE SPEED CONTROL ADJUSTMENT

Engine speed is controlled by movement of the control lever. To adjust: Move control lever to HIGH speed position. Loosen screw on swivet. Move wire through swivel until desired operating speed is obtained. Retighter swivel screw, bend loose end of wire around swivel. Cut off excess wire.





Section GENERAL INFORMATION

These engines are single cylinder, Lihead, alticooled type

MODEL SERIES 300401 to 300427

Bore											_	3-7/16"
Stroke												3-1/4"
Displacement												
Horsepawer			12	C	Н	1	>	Щ.	aх	. 1	e:	3600 RPM
Torque (Fr. Lbs.					2	1	1	ь:	a٧		÷	2ADO RPM

320401 to 320427

		** ***********************************	
Bore		3-9/1	9''
		3-17	
		14.0 H.F. max, @ 3600 R	
Torque (Ft. Lbs.) .	,	23.85 max, 🤉 2300 R	РΜ

The horsepower ratings tisted are established in accordance with the Society of Automotive Engineers Test Code J607. For practical operation, the horsepower loading should not exceed 85% of these ratings. Engine power will decrease 3.5% for each 1.000 feet above sea level and 1% for each 10° above 60° F.

Major engine repairs should not be amempled unless you have the proper tools and a thorough knowledge of internal combustion engines.

TUNE-UP SPECIFICATIONS

Spark Plug Type	A.C.	Autolite	Champion
Short Plug	C5-45	A7N	C1-8
Long Plug	GC-46	A71	<i>∴</i> 8
Spark Plug Gap			630**
Ignition Point Gap .			
Intake Va;ve Cleara	mce		.007f1+.0H9f1
Exhaust Valve Clear	rance		017" - 019"

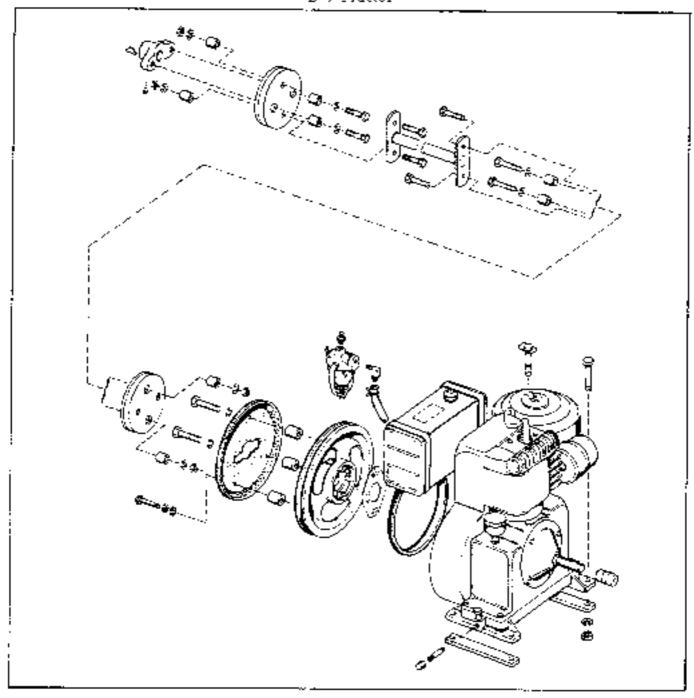
STORAGE INSTRUCTIONS

Engines stored for over 30 days should be completely drained of fuel to pirevent gum deposits forming on essential carburetor parts, fuel filter, fuel lines and tank.

- Remove filter bowl, open shut off valvo and drain tank completely.
- Beplace filter bowl. Leave fuel valve open.
- c. Operate engine until it stops from lack of fuel.
- d. While engine is still warm, drain and clean the oil sump. Refill with fresh oil.
- Remove spark plug, point one ounce of SAE 30 oil into cylinder and crank slowly to spread oil. Replace spark plug.
- Clean dirt and chaff from cylinder, cylinder lead fins and blower housing.

ENGINE, DRIVE SHAFT AND COUPLING REMOVAL

B. J Tractor

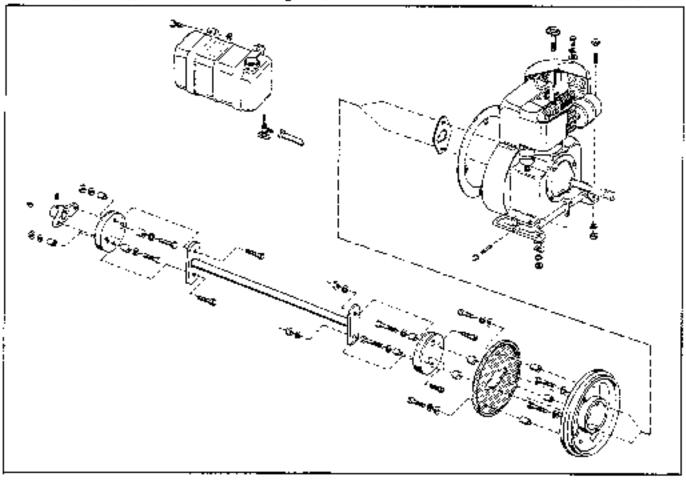


- Remove hood.
- Remove gralle and grille support.
- If equipped with electric starter, remove battery ground clamp.
- Disconnect wire running from starter, switch to starter.
- 5. Disconnect feel line from tank.
- 6. Remove ignition wire from switch.
- Disconnect choke and thruttle cables from tractor when engine is being removed.
- Disconnect from drive shaft coupling from engine.
- Disconnect complete drive shaft when repairs are needed on the shaft or couplings.
- Remove capserews holding engine to frame.
- 11. Remove bil drain pipe.
- 12, Remove engine.

Installation is the reverse of engine removal,

ENGINE, DRIVE SHAFT AND COUPLING REMOVAL

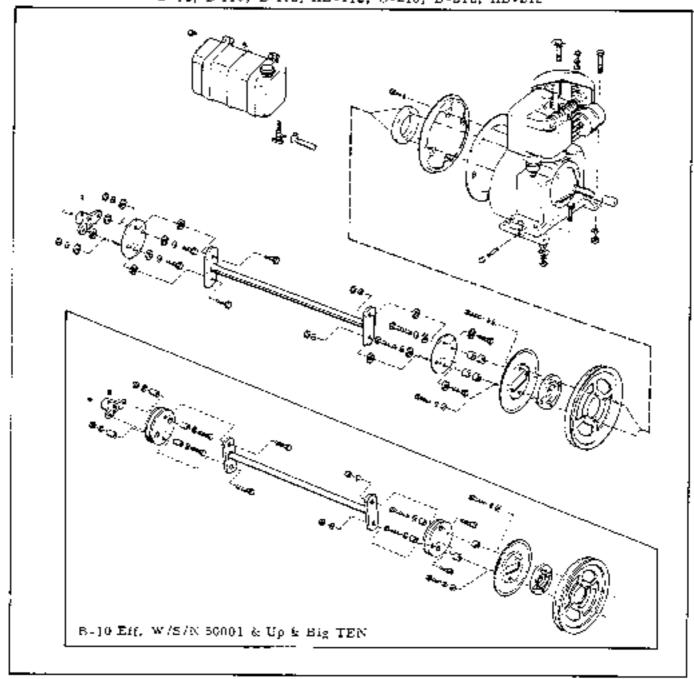
B-10 (9 H. P.), B-10 (10 H. P.). Big Ten, B-12 Tractors Prior to S/N 50001 Tractors



- Remove bood, grille and grille support,
- Disconnect battery ground clamp,
- 3. Disconnect ignition wire.
- 4. Remove fuel line.
- 5. Remove starter generator wires,
- Remove choke and throttle cables when engine is being removed,
- 7. Remove oil drain pipe.

- 8- Disconnect front coupling of drive shall from, engine.
- Disconnect complete drive shaft when repairs are needed on the shaft or couplings.
- 10. Remove papscrows holding engine to frame.
- 11. Slide engine forward to remove,

Installation is the reverse of removal.



- Remove hood, side panels.
- 2. Remove battery, fael tank,
- 3. Remove dash assembly.
- Remove shift lever ball and brake lock.
- 5. Remove frame cover assembly.
- Remove choke and throtalc cables, when engine is being removed.
- Disconnect front coupling of drive shaft from engine.
- Disconnect complete drive shaft when repairs are needed on the shaft or couplings.
- Remove oil drain plug.
- Remove capscrews holding engine to frame.
- 11. Romove engine.

Installation is the reverse of Temoval.

<u>NOTE:</u> On units equipped with hydraulic system, removal of quadrant and lever assembly will simplify removal of drive shaft from engine.

STORING YOUR TRACTOR.

When your tractor is not to be used for some time, it should be stored in a dry protected place. Leaving your tractor outdoors, exposed to the elements, will result in materially shortening its tife.

PREPARING TRACTOR FOR STORAGE

- Clean and completely lubricate the tractor.
- 2. Block tractor up to remove weight from tires and to keep tires from contact with moist floor. Protect tires from light.
- Remove spark plug and pour one tablespoon of light motor oil on top of piston. Grank engine over a few times and replace spark plug.
- 5- To avoid gum content collections, dvain the fuel tank and carburetor and clean out the fuel strainer and sediment bowl.
- 5- Clean the exterior of the engine.
- Remove hattery and store in a cool dry place above freezing. Keep bettery fully charged.

When tractor is removed from storage, it should be serviced theroughly, including draining and refilling the crankcase with fresh oil.

STARTING ENGINE AFTER STORAGE

- Remove Spark plug and wipe dry, crank engine rapidly until excess oil has been blown out of spark plug hole. Replace spark plug.
- F(I) the fuel tank.
- Install a fully charged battery and be sure the proper connections are made.
- Service air cleanor.
- Drain crankcase and refill with fresh clean oil.
- Start engine and let it con slowly for the first few minutes. Move tractor outside of storage room, at keep all doors open. Do not operate engine at high speeds immediately after first starting.
- Inflate times to the correct operating pressure before operating tractor.

DIAGNOSING ENGINE DIFFICULTY

ENGINE HARD STARTING

- Loose or grounded high tension, or breaker point leads.
- Impropes breaker point gap.
- A. Faulty spark plug.
- 4. Paulty condensor or coil.
- 5. Lecorrect spack finding,
- Gasoline not getting in carburetor.
- 7. Dist or gum in carburetor or tue! line,
- 5. Carboretor improperly adjusted.
- 9. Valves leaking or sticking.
- Pistun rings worn excessively.
- .1. Cylinder head gasket leaking.

ENGINE OVERHEATING

- .. Insufficient available conlaid,
- Diffy air intake screen, shroud or cooling pins.
- Improper fuel,
- 4. Fuel mixture too lean,
- Emproper ignition timing,

ENGINE BACKFIRING

- Fuel mixture too lean,
- Sticky intake valve.
- 3. Improper grition timing.

MNGINE MISSING AT LUGH SPEED

- Spark plug gap too wide,
- Improper caritaretor adjustment, or lack of fuel.
- Wrong type spack plug, use spark plug that is recommended.
- 4. Improper timing.

ENGINE MISSING UNDER SLOW HARD FULL

- 1. Spark plug gap too wide.
- Pitted breaker points.
- 3. Partially fouled spatk plug.
- 4. Defective ignition cable.

ENGINE KNOCKING

- Fuel optage rating too low,
- Engine overheated.
- 3. Improper timing.
- 4. Loose connecting red.
- 5. Excessive carbon in combustion chamber.

ENGINE OPERATING ERRATICALLY

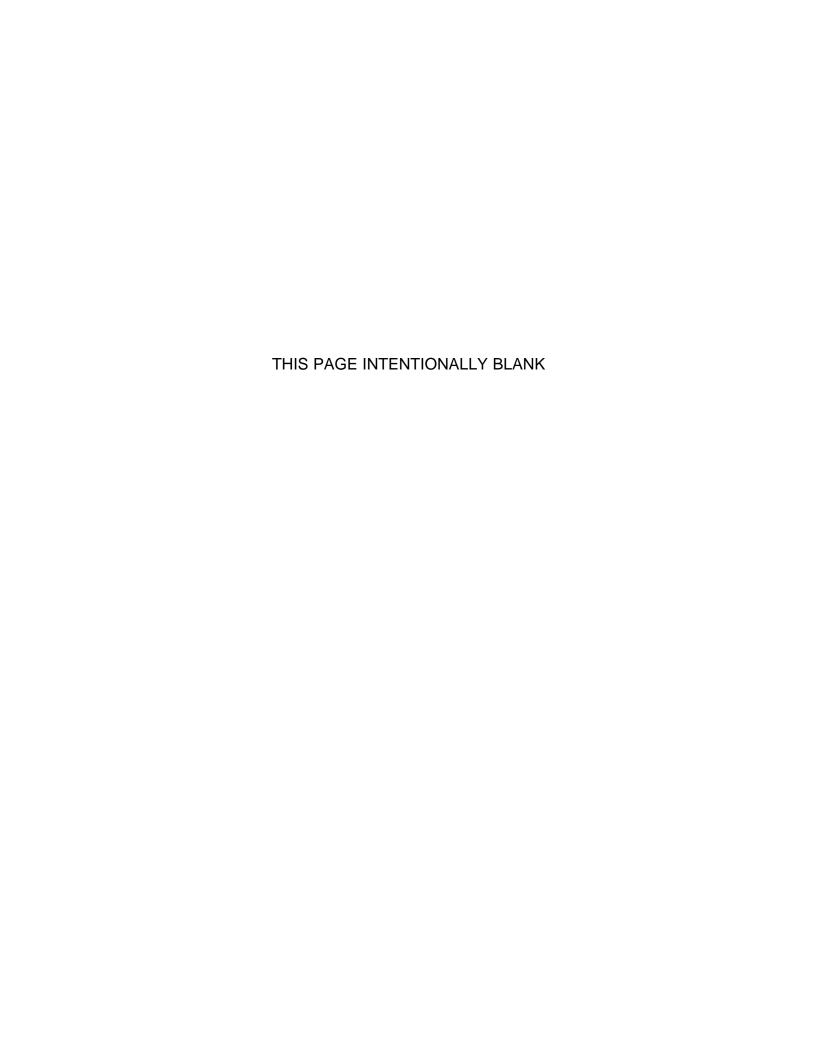
- Clogged fuel line.
- Water in fuel.
- 5. Paulty shoke control.
- 4. Emproper fuel.
- 5. Loose ignition system connections,
- All leaks in manifold or carboretor continus.

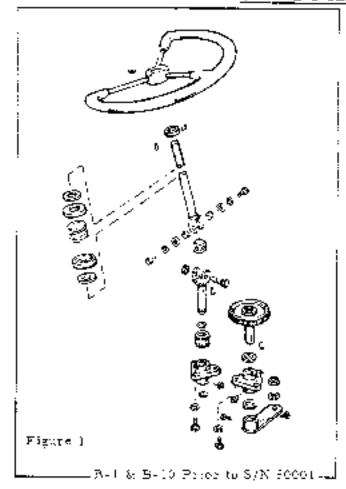
ENGINE WILL NOT IDEE

-). Improper carburetor idling adjustment.
- Garbaretor jets cloggeff.
- 3. Spack plug gap too narrow.
- 4. Leaking carboretor or manifold gaskets.
- Sticking or leaking valves.
- 6. Weak coil or condenser.

INDEX

TRACTOR
STEERING GEAR REMOVAL
B-J
B-10 Prior to S. N. 50001
Big TEN, B-10 S N 50001 & Up
B-12, B-110, B-112, HB-112
B-210, B-212, HB-212
B-207. B-208
FRONT AXLE ASSEMBLY
All Models Except B-207, B-208
B-207, B-208
LUBRICATION
LUBRICATION
ADJUSTMENTS C-12
110000000000000000000000000000000000000
CONTROLLED TRACTION DIFFERENTIAL
ADJUSTMENT
REAR LIFT DRAWBAR
CLUTCH & BRAKE
R-10 Prior to S. N 50001
B-1
Big TEN, B-12, B-10 S, N, 50001 & U_D , B-110
B-112 Prio: (oS N 2000)
B-112 S 'N 20001 & Ep
HB-112, HB-212
B-207, B-208





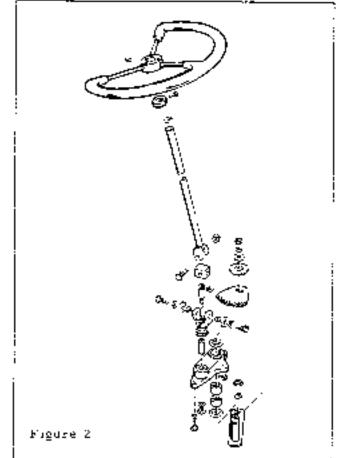
B-1 Tractor Figure 1

- Filt sept as semply rearward, remove hood.
- 2. Loosen Setsurew, remove steering wheel.
- Romotro koys and washers from top of steeting shaft.
- Remove battery.
- 5- Disconnect fuel line at tamb,
- Remove capacitows bolding frame cover to frame.
- Remove gear shift lever bell.
- 3. Rentoke capsonew from gear shift and guide.
- . Dift off frame cover and tank assembly.
- 10. Disconnect reas the sec ball joint.
- Luosen setsorew and remove steering arm, woodruif key and washer from steering gear.
- 12. Remove stooting driven gear.
- 13. Removal of shaft and pinion gear wiremove shap fine and washer from lower end of shaft.
- 14. Lift shaft out of bearing.
- 45. Remove capacions to semove bearing.

Installation is the reverse of removal,

B-10 Tractor Figure !

- Remove boud, side panels and hattery,
- Lonsen solscoow and comove steering wheel and key.



Taig Ten, B-10 S/N 5000; & Up, B-12, B-110; B-112, HB, 113, B-210, B-212, HB-212

- Lift off dash.
- 4. Remove tank support.
- Disconnect roat tie rod ball joint,
- 2. Loosen setsurews, remove steering even
- Remove steering driven gear.
- Remove snap mag and washer from lower end of shaft.
- ής Lift out shall assembly,
- Remove capacities from main frame to remove bearings.

Reassembly is the reverse of removal.

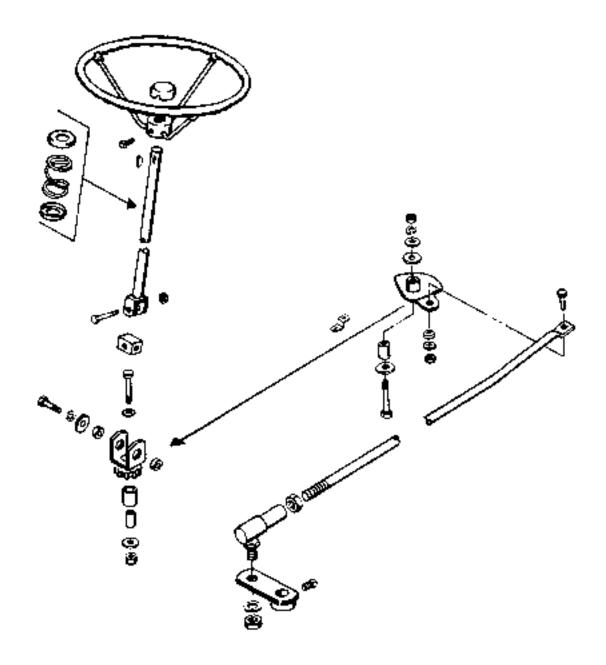
Бідите 2

- Remove hood and side page(s.
- Remove storring wheel and key.
- Remove battery and feel tank,
- 4. Remove dash assembly.
- Remove locking cultar or steering shaft.
- Discorment options all joint in steering shaft, remove shaft.
- Disconnect tie rod.
- P. Remiove Steering gezt,
- Remove stooring bracket.

installation is the reverse of removal,

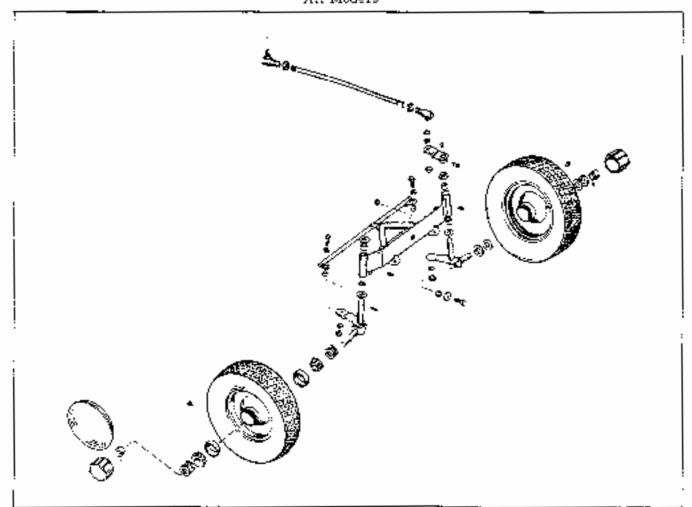
STEERING GEAR REMOVAL

B-307 and B-208



- 1. Remove hood and steering wheel,
- Disconnect ignition wire and choke and throttle cables.
- Unbolt and lift off dash assembly and upper sceering shart support.
- Relatifront of tractor and disconnect draglimic from steering gear.
- Unbolt and remove steering gear.
- Remove not securing steering pinion to frame and remove upper steering shaft, "U" joint and steering pinion.
- When reassembling the steering units, move stooring gear closer to steering pinion to remove excessive steering wheel play.
- To reassomble, reverse disassembly procedure.

FRONT AXLE ASSEMBLY All Models



AXLE MAIN FRAME

- Raise tractor front end,
- Disconnect the and ball joint.
- Remove capscrew and spacer from; contor of axle.
- Lower fruit of aide and pull forward to slide stabilizer out of frame angle. The frame angle is replaceable if it is excessively worn.

DRAG LINK

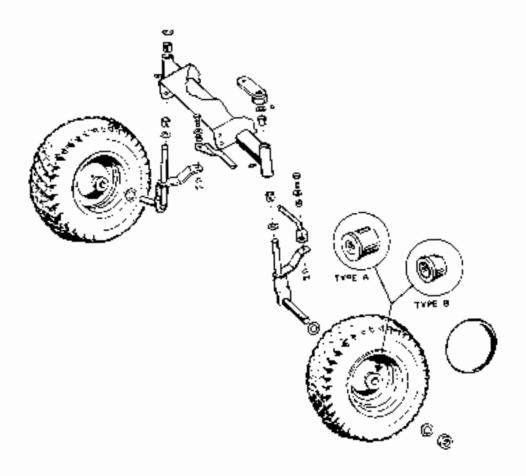
Remove boits, washers and spacers that hold

mic rod to spindlesi

STEERING SPINDLES

- Raise tractor front end, remove wheels.
- Remove drag link.
- Remove steering arm and key from left spindle and remove spindle.
- Remove cotter key from right spindle and remove spindle.
- There are 4 spindle bearings. Two in each end of axle frame.

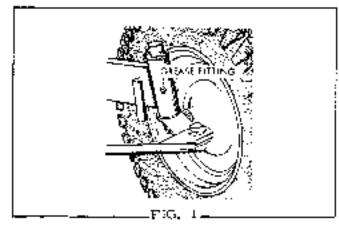
FRONT AXLE ASSEMBLY B-207 and B-208

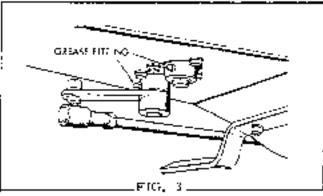


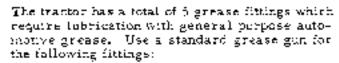
- Front axis member on the B-207 and the B-208 is wolded to the frame. New tramp assembly is necessary if exic cannot be repaired.
- Refer to the figure above for disassembly and assembly of components.
- Inspect the bushings on the spindle assembles and the bearings in the front wheels.
- Replace where needed.

- 5. Clean dirt and grease off of all parts.
- b. Lubricate both of the spindle end aga assembly unit.

LUBRICATION B-1 Tractor



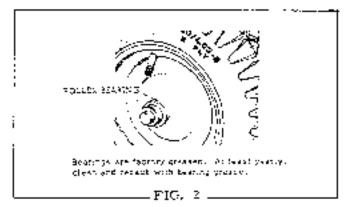


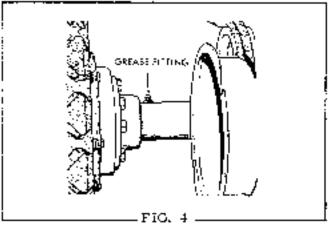


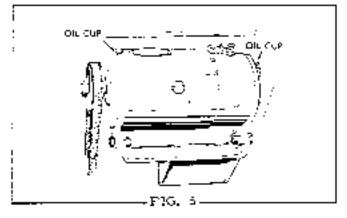
- (2) Front Spindles Fig. 1
- (2) Steering Mechanism Flg. 3
- (1) Rear Axle Tobe Fig. 4

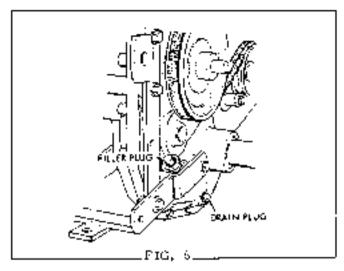
Before Inbricating, wipe each greake fitting with a rag to prevent grit and dirt from being carried into bearings with new grease.

The Starter-Generator was equipped with two oil cups requiring lubrication with SAE 20 motor oil. Apply 8 to 10 drops of oil every 100 hours operating time. DO NOT OVER OIL. See Fig. 5. On later units, bearings require no lubrication as they are prelubricated for life.









The transmission has a capacity of i-1/2 qts. of SAE 90 oil and is filled at the factory. It will not normally require replenishment, but occasionally check drain plug for tightness and axle tube oil sents for lenkage. Keep nil up to level of filler plug. Remove vent plug from top of transmission and allow oil to settle to normal level before checking. (See Fig. 6).

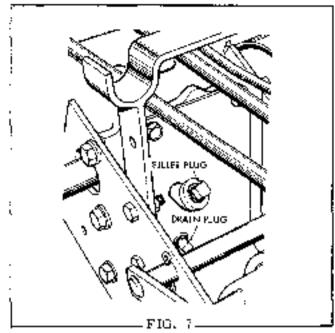
The bevel gear housing has a capacity of 1 pint of SAE 90 oil and is filled at the factory. It will not normally require replenishment, but accasionally check drain plug for tightness and oil seals for leakage. Keep oil up to level of filler plug. (See Fig. 7).

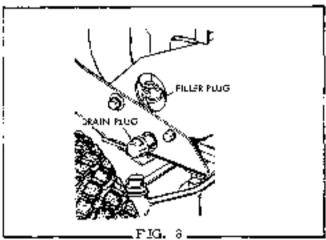
ENGINE

Engine - Service air cleaner and crankcase as recommended in engine service manual. Be sure oil in air cleaner is maintained in clean condition. Never use oil in crankcase for more than 25 hours of operation. (See Fig. 8). CLEAN AIR AND CLEAN ENGINE OIL WILL GIVE LONG TROUBLE-FREE OPERATION. DIRT WILL RUIN YOUR ENGINE IN A SHORT TIME. A funnel and extension are included with the tractor for use in changing oil.

TIRES

The tires of the tractor are inflated with air pressure in excess of the normal amount for shipment. For comfort of operation, release some of the pressure until a pressure of 12 lbs. per square inch is attained for front tires and 14 lbs. per square inch is attained for reartires. Maintain tires at these pressures.



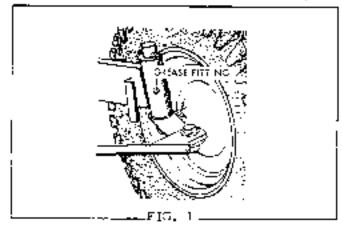


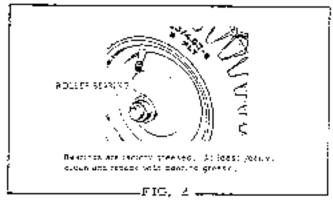
BATTERY

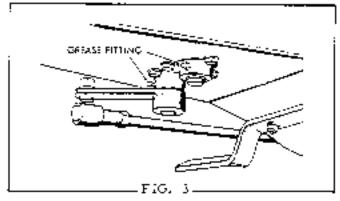
The battery should be kept clean and dry at all times. Keep battery snugly fastened in place and check battery cables for tight connections. Vent caps should be kept tight and vent holes in vent caps must be kept open at all times to permit gases formed in battery to escape. Do not overfill. Keep filled so solution is 1/16" above separators. When installing battery, install shield to prevent battery terminals from contacting bood. Full maintenance instructions are provided on separate instruction card for battery.

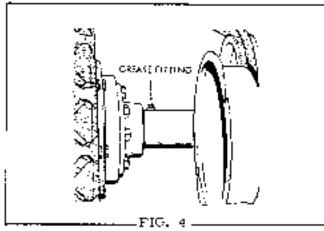
If tractor is not used for an expended period during winter, remove battery and store in a fully charged condition in a cool place.

<u>LUBRICATING</u> B-10 (9 H. P.) Tractor







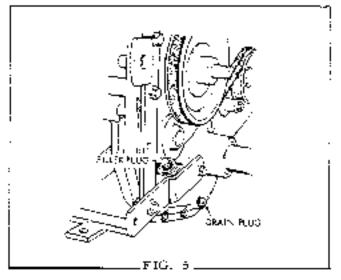


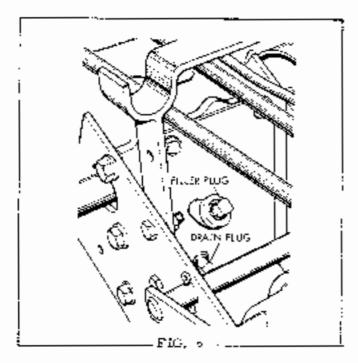
The tractor has a total of 5 grease fittings which require lubification with general purpose automotive grease. Use a standard grease gun for the following fittings:

- (2) Front Spindles Fig. 1
- (2) Steering Mechanism Fig. 3
- (i) Rear Axle Tube Fig. 4

Before jubricating, wipe each grease fitting with a rag to prevent grit and dirt from being carried into hearings with new grease.

The transmission has a capacity of 1-1/2 qts. of SAE 90 of) and is folled at the factory. It will not normally require replenishment, but occasionally check drain plug for tightness and axle tube oil seals for leakage. Keep oil up to level of filler plug. Remove vent plug from top of transmission and allow oil to settle to normal level before thereign. (See Fig. 5).

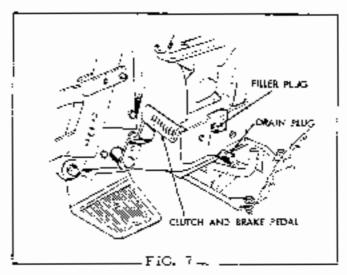




The bevel gear housing has a capacity of I pint of SAE 90 oil and is filled at the factory. It will not normally require replemishment, but occasionally check drain plug for tightness and oil seals for leakage. Reep oil up to level of filler plug. (See Fig. 6).

ENGINE

Service air cleaner and crankcase as recommended in engine service manual. Never use oil in crankcase for more than 25 hours of speration. (See Fig. 7). GLEAN AIR AND CLEAN ENGINE OF WILL GIVE LONG TROUBLE-FREE OPERATION. DERT WILL KUIN YOUR ENGINE IN A SHORT TIME. A famel and extension are included with the tractor for use in changing oil.



TIRES

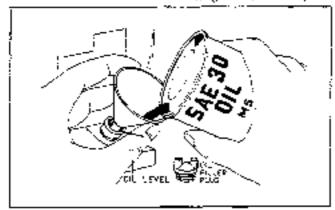
The times of the tractor are inflated with sign pressure in excess of the normal amount for shipment. For comfort of operation, release some of the pressure until a pressure of 12 lbs. per square inch is attained for front times and h lbs. per square inch is attained for rear times. Maintain times at these pressures.

BAITERY

The battery should be kept clean and dry at all times. Keep battery snugly fastened in place and check battery cables for tight connections. Vent caps should be kept tight and vent holes in vent caps must be kept open at all times to permit gases formed in battery to escape. Do not overfill. Keep filled so solution is 1/16" above separators. When installing battery, install shield to prevent battery terminals from contacting hood. Full maintenance instructions are provided on separate instruction card for battery.

If tractor is not used for an extended period doring winter, remove battery and store in a fully charged condition in a cool place,

MAINTENANCE Big Ten, B=10 (10 H. P.), B=12 Trantors



Check daily or every 5 hours of operation,

OIL RECOMMENDATIONS

WINTER	SUMMER
(Below 40°F.) Use SAE 5W+20 If not available Use SAE 10W Above 10°F.	(Above 40°F.) Use SAE 30 E not available Use SAE 10W-30

Any high quality sctorgent oil having the American Petroleum Institute classification "For Service MS" can be used in your Briggs and Stratton engine. Detergent oils keep the engine cleaner and retard the formation of gen; and variable deposits.

Nothing should be added to the recommended oils.

GRANKGASE OIL

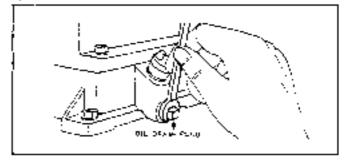
Remove the oil filler plug. Place the engine tevel. Fill the mankcase to overflowing. POUR SLOWLY. CAPACITY + PINTS. REPLACE THE FILLER PLUG.

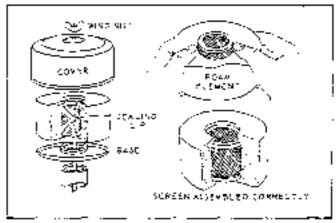
CHANGE Oil (Grankcase)

Change oil after 5 hours of operation. Remove the oil drain ping. Drain oil while engine is warm. Replace drain ping. Remove oil filler cap or ping and refill with new oil. Replace oil filler cap or ping. Add oil regularly after each 5 hours of operation. Thereafter change oil every 25 hours of operation.

SERVICING "OIL-FOAM" AIR CLEANER

Glean and re-oil the air cleaner frequently (every few hours under extremely dusty conditions). Glean and re-oil at least every 25 hours under normal conditions.

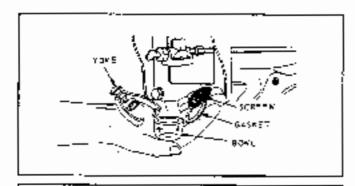


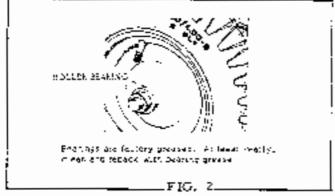


- Remove wing not and cover,
- Litt oft foam element troin base.
- Push down foam elemen is shown and pullout screen.
- A * Wash Inam element in kerosene or solvent.
- B Squeeze dry and blot to remove all solvent. Re-oil with a table spoons engine oil.
- KI Squeeze again to spread oil through foam element.
- D Put screen inside element. Be sure scaling lip is over end of screen (top and hottom).
- 5. Reassomble parts as shown. Faster to engine. Screw wing out down tight.

CLEAN COOLING SYSTEM

Grass or chaff may ding canling system after prolonged service in cutting dry grasses or hay. Continued operation with a clogged cooling system causes severe overheating and possible sogine damage. Remove blower housing and clean regularly.





DRAINING FUEL TANK AND CLEANING FUEL FILTER

Loosen thumb screw below filter bowl.

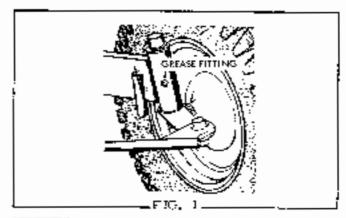
Remove and clean filter bow) and screen,

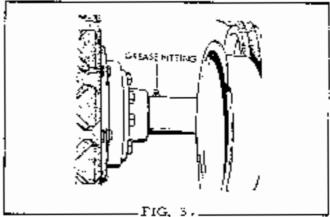
Open shut-off valve to see if feet flows freely from the tank.

IMPORTANT: E you find a garrany, varnish-like substance use alcohol or acetone to dissolve it.

<u>NOTE</u>: See Engine Service Manual for complete engine service.

Lubricate grease fittings every 25 hours of operation.

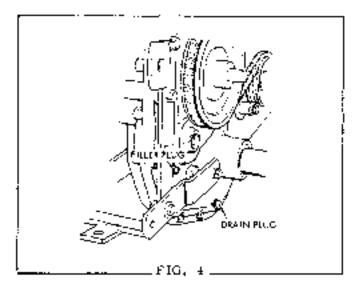




The tractor has a total of 3 grease tittings which require lubrication with general purpose autumnative grease. Use a standard grease gun for the following fittings:

Before lubricating, wipe each grease fitting with a rag to provent grit and dist from being carried into bearings with new grease.

- (2) Front Spindles (Fig. 1)
- (1) Rear Axle Tube (Fig. 3)



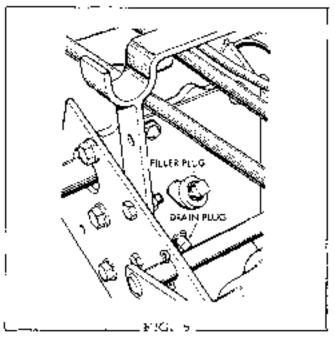
CHECK PERIODICALLY

TRANSMISSIÓN

The transmission has a capacity of 1-1/2 ets, of SAE 90 oil and is filled at the factory. It will not normally require replenishment, but occasionally check drain plug for tightness and axle tube oil seals for leakage. Maintain oil level at lower edge of filler plug hole. Remove vent plug from top of transmission and allow oil to settle to normal level before checking. (See Fig. 4).

BEVEL GEAR HOUSING

The bevel gear housing has a capacity of 1 pint of SAE 90 oil and is filled at the factory. It will not normally require replemishment, but occasionally check drain plug for lightness and oil seals for leakage. Keep oil up to level of filler plug. (See Fig. 5).



TIRES

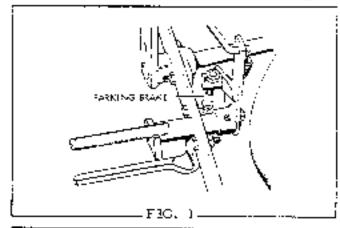
Periodically check tire pressure. Maintain pressure to specified pressure as given.

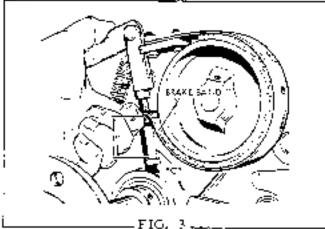
	Tractor	With Loader	With Fork Lift
Front	6 PS!	20 PS!	2G PSI
Bear	12 PSI	14 PS1	20 PSI

BATTERY

The battery should be kept clean and dry at all times. Keep battery snugly fastened in place and check battery cables for tight connections. Vent caps should be kept tight and vent holes in vent caps must be kept open at all times to permit gases formed in battery to escape. Full maintenance instructions are provided on separate instruction card for battery.

U tractor is not used for an extended period during winter, remove battery and store in a fully charged condition, in a cool place.



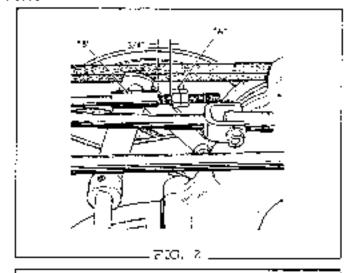


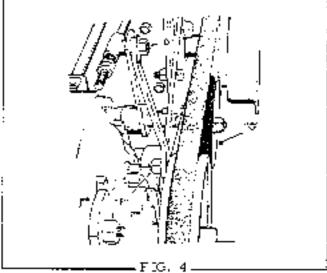
PARKING BRAKE

Depress foot pedal until brake holds secure)y; lip capagrew toward rear for park. (See Fig. i). Adjust length of screw to permyl acrew head to wedge on bottom of frame and hold lever in depressed position with brake applied.

CLUTCH AND BRAKE

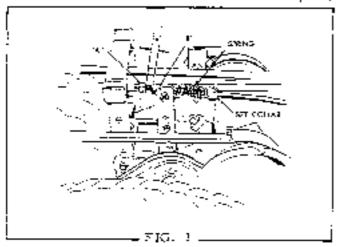
- With clutch and brake pedal in normal position (i.e., clutch engaged and brake released), adjust hex nots (A) to give 5/4' clearance between rod gaide assembly (B) and note. (See Fig. 2).
- Pull brake band up by hand so that it is tight around brake drum. Adjust box sorow (C) to have a charance of 1" between brake band and screw as shown in Fig. 3.
- Adjust not (D) to permit chitch link (E) to pivot freely without excessive play. (See Fig. 4).





- Adjust not (F) to permit clutch link (E) to privat freely without excessive play and chark to see that not has at least 1-1/2" of travel before touching transmission case. (See Fig. 4).
- When clutch is disengaged and brake is applied, the clutch and brake lever assembly should have at least 1" of travel before touching bevel gear housing.
- 5. To compensate for belt stretch or other variances it may be nonessary to move idler pulley (G) Fig. 4 into the alternate hole provided in its lever arm.

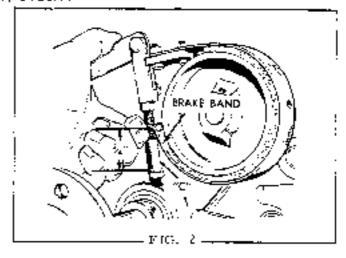
ADJUSTMENTS B-10 (9 E. P.) Tractor



CLUTCH

With clotch and brake pedal in normal position (i.e., clotch engaged and brake released), adjust how note (A) to give $3/4^{\circ}$ clearance between rod guide assembly (B) and mits. (See Fig. 1).

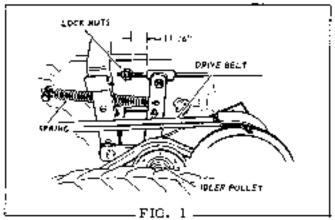
Position the set collar on the clitch hold to compress the spring about 5/5%. Then recheck and position the locknuts "A" to leave a spacing of about 5/4" between them and the end of the you guide "B", Fig. 1. Check to see that when the podal is operated, the spring is completely decompressed as the locknuts engage the and of the you guide.

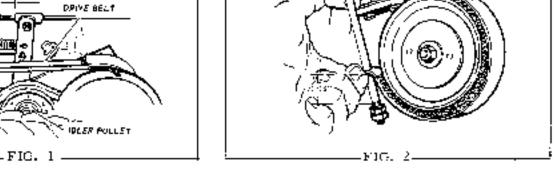


BRAKE ADJUSTMENT

Poll the brake band up by hand so that it is right around the brake drom. Adjust the hex screw (C) Fig. 2 to give a clearance of about 3/4" between the brake hand and the screw head. Then check to see that the idler puller releases the belt properly before the brake is applied. If the brake does not hold properly when the pedal is pushed all the way forward, reduce slightly the spacing between the head of the hex bolt and the brake band. Then recheck the clutch tod adjustment for proper idler release.

ADJUSTMENTS Big Ten, B+10 (10 H. P.), B-13 Tractors





Seasonal adjustments should be made on the Big Tentractor.

CLUTCH ADJUSTMENT

Adjust looknuts on clutch rod to give 11/16° space between them and idler pulley pivot arm. [See Fig. 1).

PRAKE ADJUSTMENT

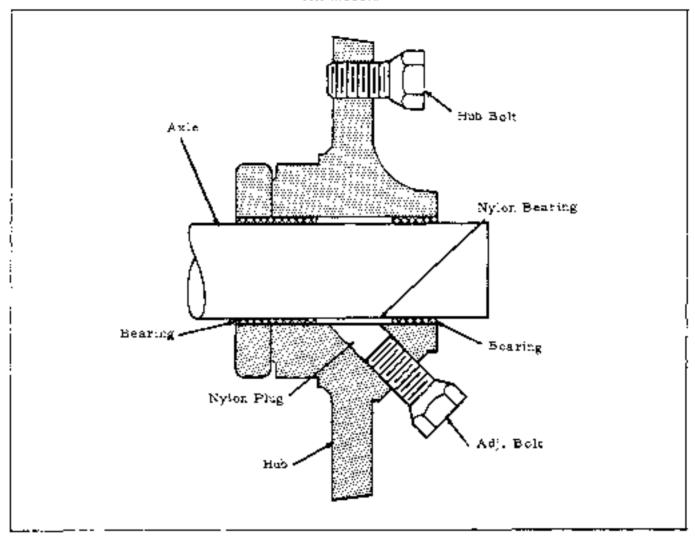
Pull the brake base up by hand so that it is right

around the brake dram. Adjust the locknots to give a clearance of about 11/15" between the brake band and the locknot. Then check to see that the idler pulley releases the belt properly before the brake is applied. If the brake does not hold properly when the pedal is pushed all the way forward, reduce slightly the spacing between the locknots and the brake band. Now recheck the clutch rod adjustment for proper idler release. (See Fig. 2).

BPARE SAME

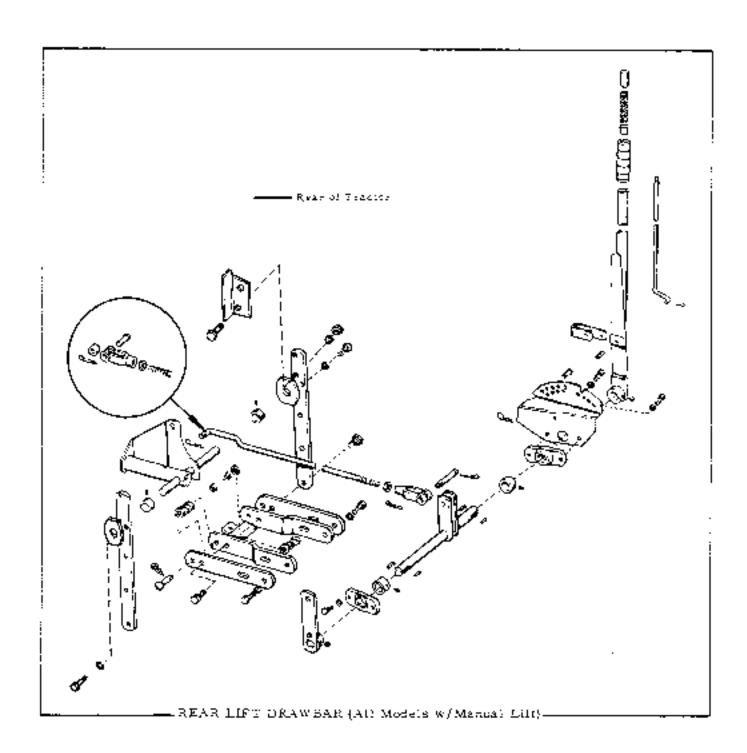
CONTROLLED TRACTION DIFFERENTIAL ADJUSTMENT

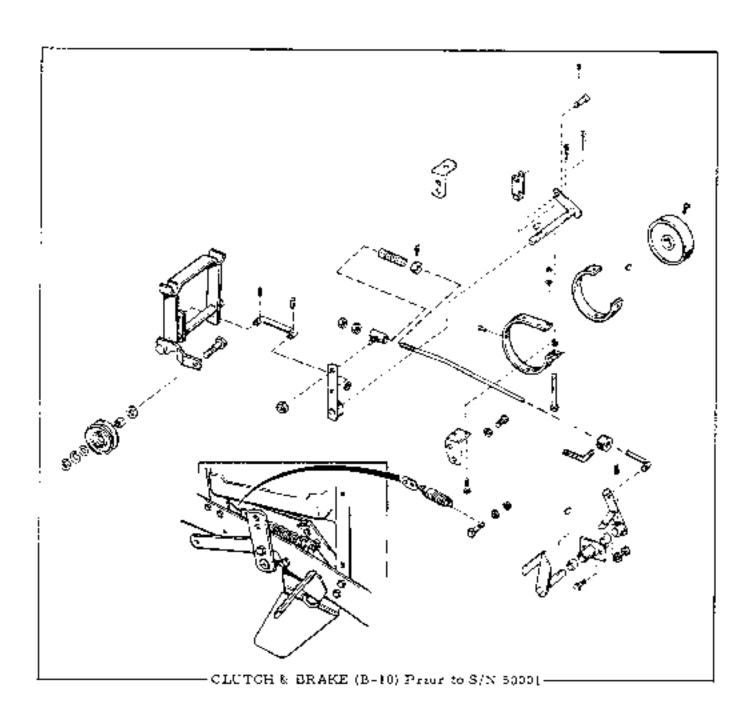
All Models



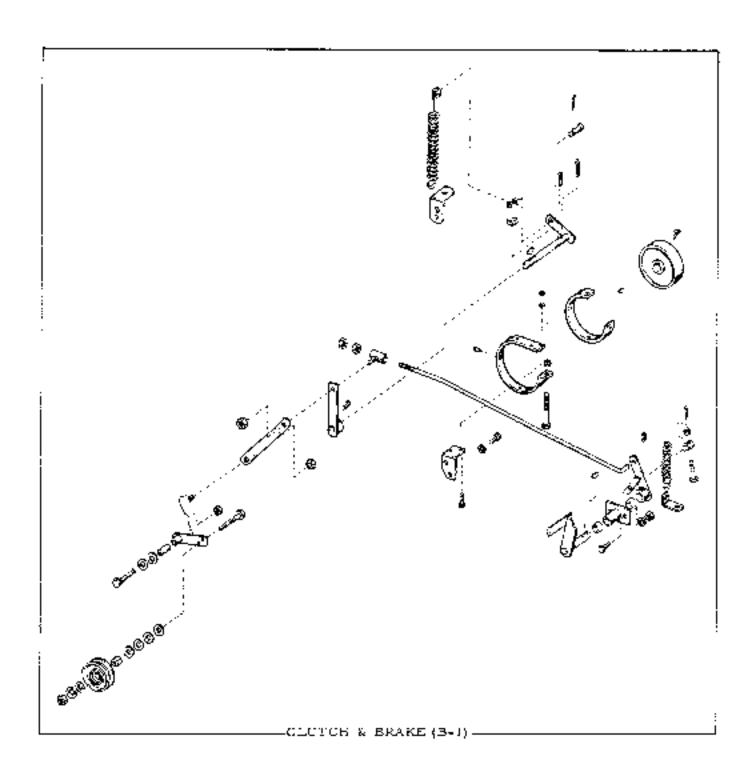
Adjust traction differential within the R. H. Tear wheel high. Adjustment is made by tightening the two capscrews within the R. H. Tear wheel high to 20 it. Thus.

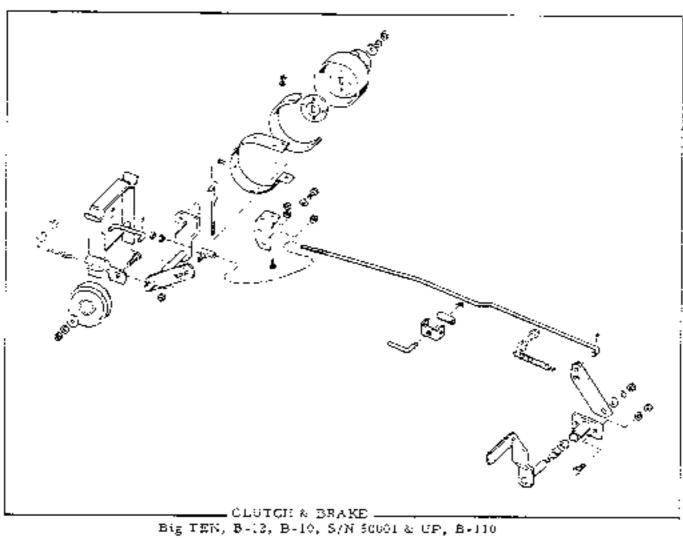
CAUTION: Maintain 20 ft. lbs. of torque on these capscrews. Under torque will allow excessive wheel slippage under slippary conditions. Over torque will cause hard steering due to lack of differential artism.

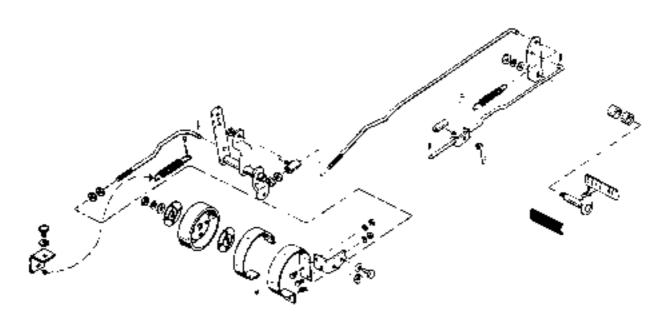




Tractors



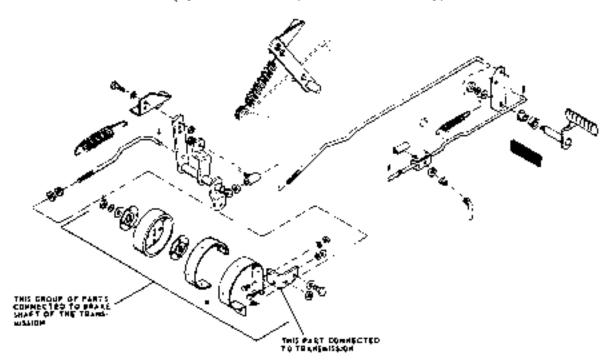




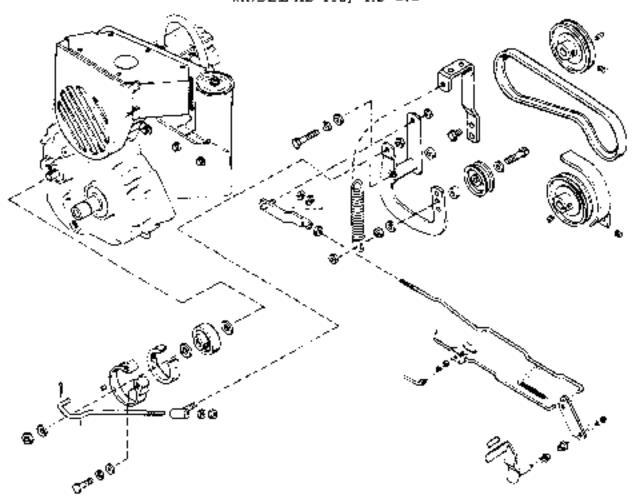
CLUTCH & BRAKE (Model B-112 Prior to S/N 2000))

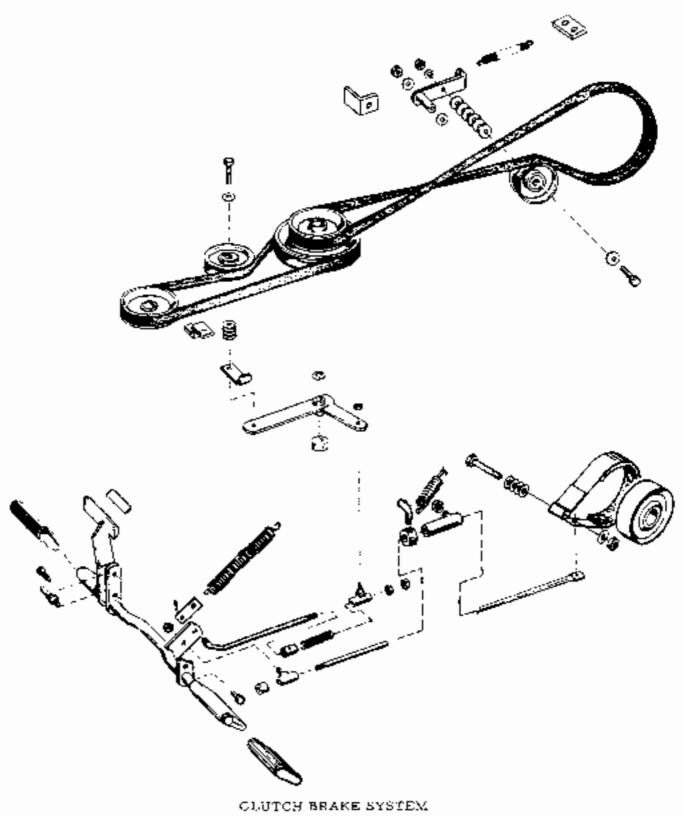
Τταφίους

CLUTCH & BRAKE (Madel B-112 Eff, W/S/N 2000) & up)



CLUTCH & BRAKE MODEL HB-112, HB-212





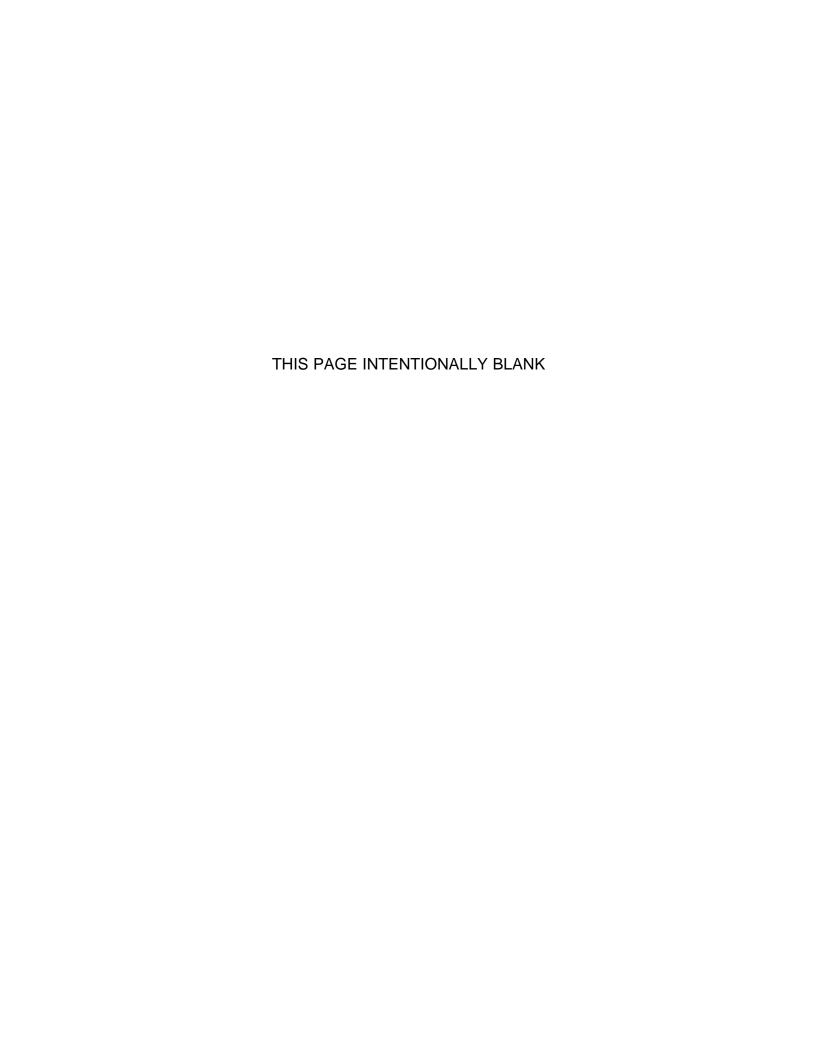
B-207, B-208 C-21

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TYPICAL MODEL CODING

T66*-2A-IS)-2-10(L) TA6-2A-IS-10*-*** TB6-2A-IS-10*-***



SECTION I - INTRODUCTION

A. PURPOSE OF MANUAL

This manual describes the basic operational characteristics and provides service and overhaul information for the Vickers T66 and TA6 Series-10 Design Transmission Packages.

B. DESCRIPTION

Both transmission packages are hydraulic drive assemblies capable of high pressure operation in two directions of flow output. Drive speeds of both transmissions vary with model and circuit applications. Figure 1 illustrates the T66 transmission and its four major components: a variable displacement, reversible piston pump, a transfer block that also houses control valves, and the fixed displacement piston motor.

The TA6 transmission pump and the TB6 transmission motor are composed of identical components of the T66 transmission package except they are not joined by a common transfer block and valve plate.

C. GENERAL INFORMATION

- 1. Related Documentation Installation information and dimensions are not contained in this manual. If required, installation drawings are available from your local Vickers Mobile Sales Office
- 2. Model Codes The basic TA6, TB6 and T66 transmission packages are designed and manufactured to meet the requirements of a variety of applications. Optional features are then incorporated to fulfill the operating demands of the particular application. A model code that represents the basic design plus the optional features is assigned to each model. To identify the specific design characteristics of your transmission, copy the model number stamped on the back side of the transfer block. For a breakdown of the code refer to the TA6, installation drawing.

Be sure to include the complete model number and date code when addressing service inquiries to Vickers. This will help to provide prompt and accurate answers to your inquiry.

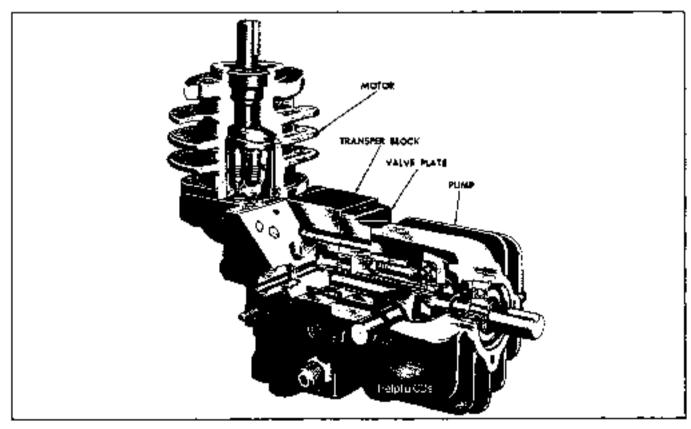


Figure 1

SECTION II — GENERAL OVERHAUL PROCEDURES

CAUTION

Block vehicle if it is on a slope. The transmission cannot act as a parking brake.

Before breaking a circuit connection, make certain that the power is off and the system pressure has been released.

Lower all vertical cylinders, discharge all accumulators, and block any load whose movement could generate pressure.

Completely drain the oil from the vehicle hydraulic system. Discard this oil and use new, clean oil when restoring the unit to service.

After removing the hydrostatic transmission from the vehicle, and before disassembly, cap or plug all ports and disconnected hydraulic lines, and clean the outside of the unit thoroughly to prevent entry of dirt into the system.

CAUTION

Absolute cleantiness is essential when working on a hydraulic system. Always work in a clean area. The presence of dirt and foreign materials in the system can result in serious damage or inadequate operation.

SECTION III - DISASSEMBLY

The exploded views of the assemblies in Figures 2, 3, 4 and 5 are provided as additional visual aids that support the sequential disassembly procedures that follow. Both the T66 and TA6 transmission are composed of identical assemblies, except the TA6 is not equipped with a motor. The motor disassembly procedure can obviously be disregarded when working on the TA6 transmission. Also, only disassemble the

transmission to the level that is necessary to repair the unit.

NOTE

Keep parts for each unit clean and separate from those of another unit or assembly. Although some parts may look similar they could have slightly different and critical dimensions.

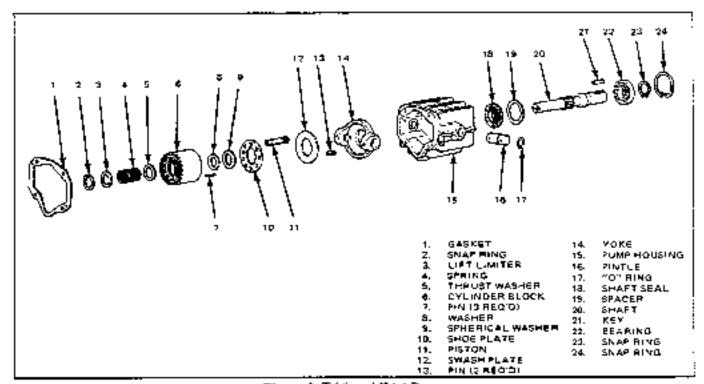


Figure 2 T66 and TA6 Pump

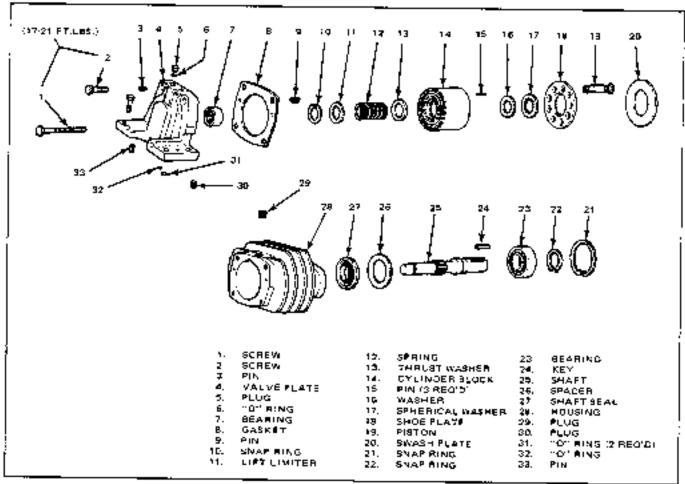


Figure 3 Too Motor

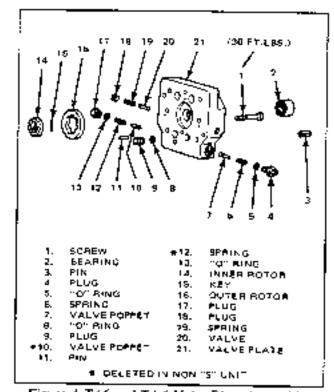
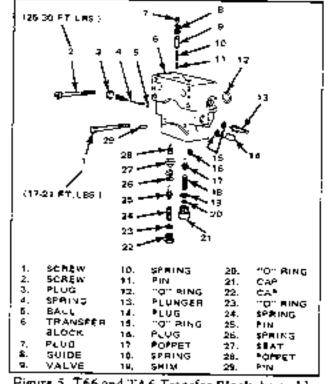


Figure 4 T66 and TA6 Valve Plate Assembly



Pigure 5 T66 and TA6 Transfer Block Assembly

TOOLS

Figure 6 illustrates the recommended set of tools that are used during disassembly or reassembly. Some equivalent tools are noted in the instruction.

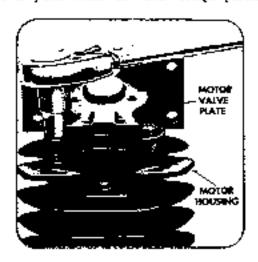
- Bearing puller
- 2. Shaft seal driver
- 3. Bearing puller
- 4. Torque wrench (150 fr-lb)
- 5. Na. 5 Truand (80°) of Are
- 6. No. 24 Tream Istrachil plans
- 7. No. 23 Truero (90^E) priers
- 8. No. 22 Truerr 1996) piers
- 9. No. 21 Trivero tairaight I pliers

DISASSEMBLY OF MOTOR





Place the transmission on a clean workbench. Have a supply of clean, lint-free rags, shop paper, or craft paper handy to lay parts on and to cover parts from dirt and foreign particles.



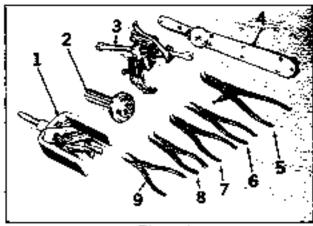
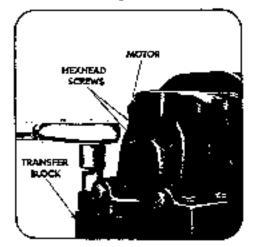


Figure 6

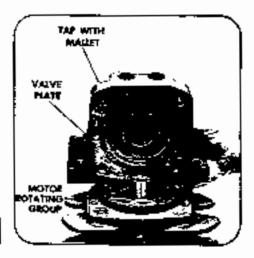


Separate the motor assembly from the transfer block by removing four hex head screws. Discard "O" rings and replace with new ones.

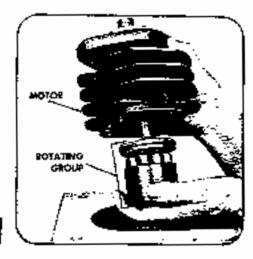


(2)

Separate motor valve plate from the motor housing by removing four screws.

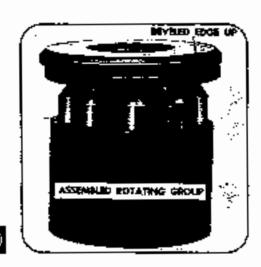


If valve plate doesn't separate easily from motor housing, tap corner of valve plate with plastic mallet.

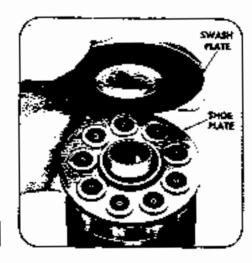


With one hand under rotating group end, tilt housing until rotating group slides into your hand.

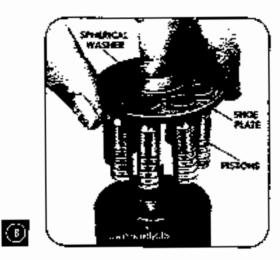
(3)



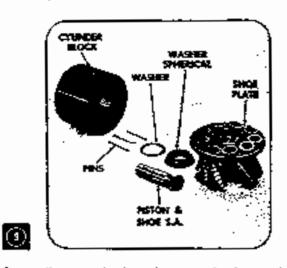
If this group does not need to be disassembled, place it on a clean surface and proceed to step 14. To disassemble this group proceed to step 8.



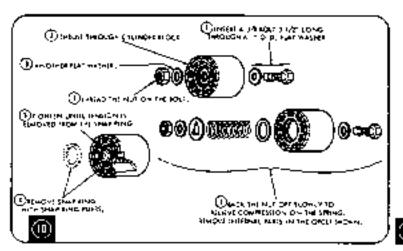
Remove swash plate from since plate,



Remove assembled parts as shown. Be careful not to scratch the pistons or cylinder running surfaces.



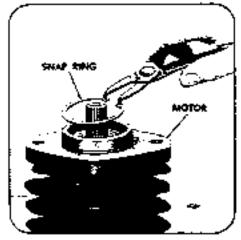
Generally, no further disassembly is required. However, if the c₃ linder block is to be disassembled, proceed to step 10.



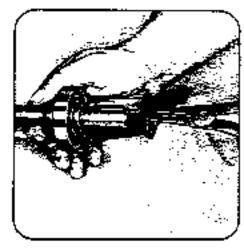
To relieve cylinder block spring tension, refer to Figure 10, WARNING—exercise extreme caution. Spring is under a great deal of tension.



Remove shaft. The spacer and press fit bearing should come out with it. Replace shaft seal.



To remove the motor shaft, first remove the large snap ring with the 90° Truard pliers.



Remove snap ring and key from motor shaft before you remove the bearing.



Remove the shaft by tapping on the small end with a soft tipped hammer or mallet.



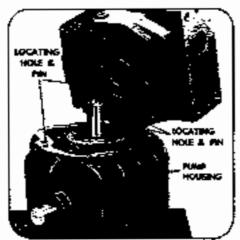
If it is necessary to remove the bearing, first remove the key; then use an Owatanna [0-1] bearing puller, or equivalent puller, or an arbor press. Any other method of removal may damage bearing.

DISASSEMBLY OF PUMP





To disassemble the pump, remove the valve plate and transfer blocks as a unit by removing two recessed Allen head screws, and then the two hex head screws.



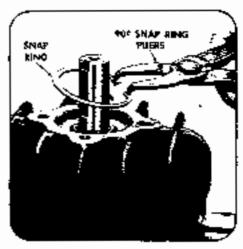


Pull valve plate and transfer block straight up from pump housing. Set it down on its painted side. Assembly Note: Line up pins with holes in valve plate and gerotor key with drive shaft slot,



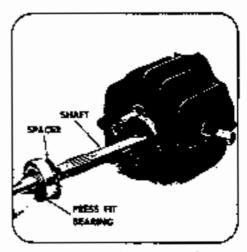


Pick up pump housing with one hand and slowly till it forward to remove group as assembled unit. To disassemble rotating group perform steps 7 thru 10.



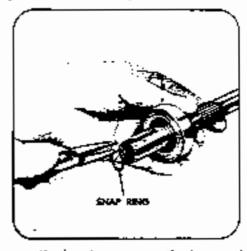


Now to remove the pump shaft. First remove the snap ring with 90° snap ring pliers.



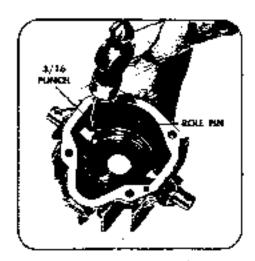


Remove the pump shaft by tapping the small end of the shaft with a plastic tip hammer, Remove the shaft with the loose spacer and the press fit bearing installed on it. Replace shaft scal,



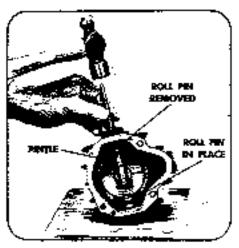


To remove the bearing, remove the key, and then the snap ring. Refer to step 15 for bearing removal.



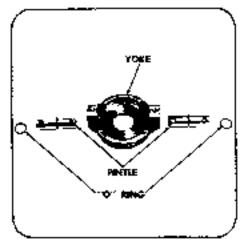
(b)

To remove both pintles and yoke from the housing, set a 3/16-inch punch on the roll pin. Tappunch with a hammer until roll pin is disengaged from yoke.



(23)

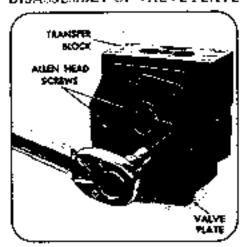
Now place a 1/4-inch brass rod on the pintle, and tap the pintle out of the yoke.



(i)

Repeat this procedure on the other pintle. Remove yoke from housing. Pintles must not be installed backward.

DISASSEMBLY OF VALVE PLATE



(3)

To disassemble the valve plate, remove the two recessed Allen-head screws.



(35)

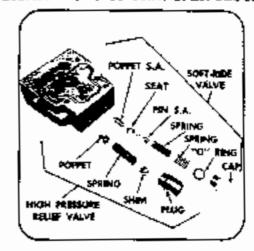
Separate valve plate from transfer blocks by pulling them apart. If required, tap valve plate with a plastic mallet to separate them.

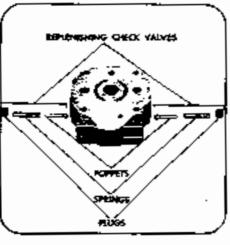


(2)

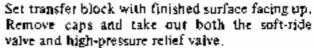
Remove replenishment pump from valve plate. Assembly Note: Dots not to be visible when replenishing pump is in pocket.

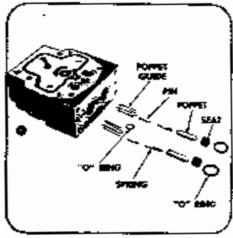
DISASSEMBLY OF TRANSFER BLOCK

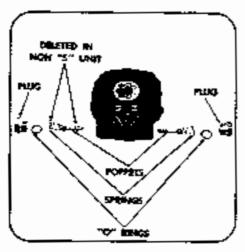




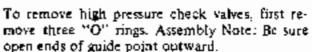
Remove the two replenishing system theck valves by removing the Allen-head plugs. Don't interchange valve parts.

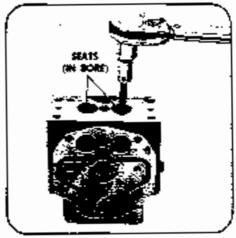






Remove replenishing pump relief valve. (Some models have only one valve.)







To remove bearing, place valve plate on protective surface. Put brass shim stock or other protective stock under puller. Use Owatanna M D956-B-1, an equivalent puller, or an arbor press.

SECTION IV - INSPECTION AND REPAIR

Clean all parts thoroughly with mineral spirits prior to inspection and after any stoning or machining operation. Inspection and repair procedures are as follows:

- 1. Valve Plate Inspect the flat surface mates with the cylinder block for wear or scoring. Remove minor defects by lightly stoning the surface with a hard Arkansas stone that is flat within 0.001 inch. Be sure to stone lightly; the surface is hardened and excessive stoning will remove hardened surface. If wear or damage is extensive, replace the valve plate.
- 2. Rotating Group Inspect the bores and the valve plate mating surface of the cylinder block for wear and scoring. Remove minor defects on the running face by lightly stoning or lapping the surface. If the defects cannot be removed by these methods, replace cylinder block.

If one or more piston and shoe subassemblies need to be replaced, check that all piston and shoe subassemblies in the unit ride properly on the swash plate (Figure 7). In a set of nine pistons, variations in thickness greater than 0.001 of an inch from one shoe to another, will result in excessive internal leakage and shoe wear. The replacement of all nine piston and shoe subassemblies in the pump and motor, as well as the cylinder block, is recommended for maximum service between overhauls.

If necessary, hand-lap the shoes with 500-A emery paper (Tuff-Bak Durite Silicon Carbide) backed-up by a lapping plate. Good results may be obtained by dipping the emery paper in kerosene and keeping it wet during polishing.

SHOE MUST SWIVEL SMOOTHLY ON BALL. END PLAY MUST NOT EXCEED 0.003 INCH WHEN 195ED. THIS DIMENSION MUST BE MAINTAINED ON ALL NINE SHOE MUST SWIVEL SMOOTHLY ON BALL. END PLAY MUST NOT EXCEED 0.003 INCH WHEN NEW, OR .008 INCH WHEN 195ED. THIS DIMENSION MUST BE MAINTAINED ON ALL NINE SHOE FACE RIDES ON SWASH PLATE.

Figure 7

- 3. Swash Plate Inspect the swash plate for wear and scoring. If the defects are minor, lightly stone the swash plate. If wear or damage is extensive, replace the swash plate.
- 4. Bearings and Drive Shaft Inspect all bearings for roughness or excessive play; replace if necessary. Examine the sealing area of the shaft for scoring or wear. If the drive shaft is bent or worn excessively, replace it.
- 5. Replenishing Pump Inspect the surface of all parts subject to wear, Remove light scoring from the face of the inner and outer rotor with crocus cloth laid over a flat surface, with a medium India stone, or by lapping.

SECTION V - ASSEMBLY

The procedures for assembling the transmission are basically the reverse of the disassembly procedures shown in detail in Section 3. However, the following instructions describe certain additional procedures that should be adhered to:

Install new gaskets, seals, and "O" rings during assembly. To ease assembly of the gaskets and seals, apply a thin film of Vaseline or clean hydraulic oil to the "O" rings. If a new

rotating group is being used, squirt clean oil on it.

PISTON PUMP

1. Yoke – Install the yoke in the housing. With "O" rings in place, insert the pintles through the housing and into the yoke. Check that the yoke does not rub against the housing. Align the pintle holes with the holes in the yoke. Press in roll pins until they are 0.10 inch from top of yoke.

- 2. Drive Shaft and Bearing Install new shaft seal in the housing. Place the flat washer over the shaft seal. Then install the drive shaft in the housing. Secure the drive shaft bearing with the retaining spap ring.
- 3. Swash Plate Install the chamfered edge of the swash plate toward the shart seal. Be sure that the swash plate is properly seated in the yoke and that it can be freely rotated with the fingers.
- 4. Rotating Group Assembly If the spring and washers were removed from the cylinder block, reassemble them. When properly assembled with the three pins in place, the spring can be compressed about 1/8 inch.

REPLENISHING PUMP AND VALVING

 Carefully install the inner and outer rotor elements (with key in key slot) into the valve plate. The key must mate with the slot on the drive shaft and must be installed on the side of the rotor that is toward the drive shaft.

- Oil the cartridge with clean hydraulic oil for prolubrication. The key can be coated with Vaseline to hold it in place during assembly.
- Be sure the locating pins are in the valve plate, and that the "O" ring seals are in place.
- 4. New scalant must be applied to the valve plate before reassembly. Remove all old scalant and residue with lacquer thinner or acetone on a cloth. Purchase Ford Perfect Seal (8A-19554-B) R134-A from a local Ford Dealer or purchase Sealing Compound Grade No. 4 direct from P.& O.B. Mig. Co., 11100 Kenwood Road, Cincinnati, Ohio-Phone (513) 793-6332.

Apply scalant compound on valve plate approximately 0.38 wide around perimeter, then proceed with assembly (See Illustration 26)

5. Assemble Remaining Parts - Relief valve, springs, "O" ring seals and plugs, (Refer to exploded views and photos for details.)

SECTION VI - START-UP AFTER REPAIR

Take the following precautions when starting a vehicle after repair:

- Before connecting drain lines and before installing transmission in vehicle, full transmission pump and motor with new, clean oil through case drain openings.
- 2. Connect all hydraulic lines to the proper transmission port lines and set hydraulic controls in neutral position.
- Loosen or remove reservoir cap and add new, clean oil to reservoir.
- Jog the starter several times (about one minute) with engine coil wire disconnected. Recheck reservoir oil level. If necessary, add oil to maintain operating oil level.
- Replace engine coil wire. Start the engine and run it to a speed of about 800 rpm

(avoid high speed start-up). Recheck reservoir oil level again.

- 6. Increase pump speed to 1800 rpm and move the controls to the forward position and run vehicle slowly on level ground for a few yards.
- Then, after a short interval (about 10 seconds), place controls in reverse and move vehicle slowly backwards an equal distance.
- 8. After several short trips back and forth, the air should be dispelled from your hydraulic system. Check oil [eve]: add oil if necessary.

After ail the above steps are complete, you may operate the vehicle at regular speeds and loads. In cold weather, make sure the hydraulic components are warm to the touch before operating the vehicle.

SECTION VII — GENERAL MAINTENANCE

LUBRICATION

Internal lubrication is provided by the system oil flow.

REPLACEMENT PARTS

Use only genuine parts manufactured or sold by Vickers Incorporated as replacement parts for these transmissions. Only Vickers knows the true quality level required of each part.

ADJUSTMENTS

No periodic adjustments are required other than maintaining proper shaft abgnment with the driving medium.

ADDING FLUID TO THE SYSTEM

When adding hydraulic fluid to the system, pour it through a 10-micron filter. If such a filter is not available, use a funnel with a fine wire screen (200 mesh or better).

OIL FILTER

The oil filter controls the cleanliness of the oil. Experience with various kinds of duty and operating conditions will help you to determine how often to schedule a filter cartridge change. Check the condition of the oil periodically until you can establish a replacement pattern. In the

meantime, change the cartridge after the first 50 hours of vehicle operation.

TROUBLESHOOTING

The cause of improper functioning in a hydraulic system is best diagnosed with the use of proper and adequate testing equipment and a thorough understanding of the complete hydrauhic system.

CAUTION

A hydraulic transmission unit that exhibits an excessive increase in heat or noise is a potential failure. When either of these conditions are noticed, immediately shut down the machine, locate the trouble, and correct st.

Detailed troubleshooting information is given in the following charts.

TRANSMISSION TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Has Malfunction Been	Probable Cause		
	Cade	Code Legend	
Steady? Intermittent? In one direction of travel? In both directions at travel? Occurring under light load? Occurring under heavy load? Independent of load? Occurring at maximum vehicle speed? At minimum vehicle speed? Independent of vehicle speed? Occurring at wide open throttle?	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 6 2, 4, 5 1, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8 2, 5, 6, 8 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 1, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8 1, 4 1, 3, 4 1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8 3	1. Charge system 2. Inlet check valve 3. Pump rotating group 4. Motor rotating group 5. High-pressure check valves 6. Soft-ride valve 7. High-pressure relief valve 8. Tow valve	
Occurring at partial throttle? Independent of throttle? Occurring when system is hot? When system is cold? Independent of temperature? Deteriorating rapidly? Deteriorating slowly?	1, 3, 5, 8 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 1, 3, 4, 6 1, 6 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6		

SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

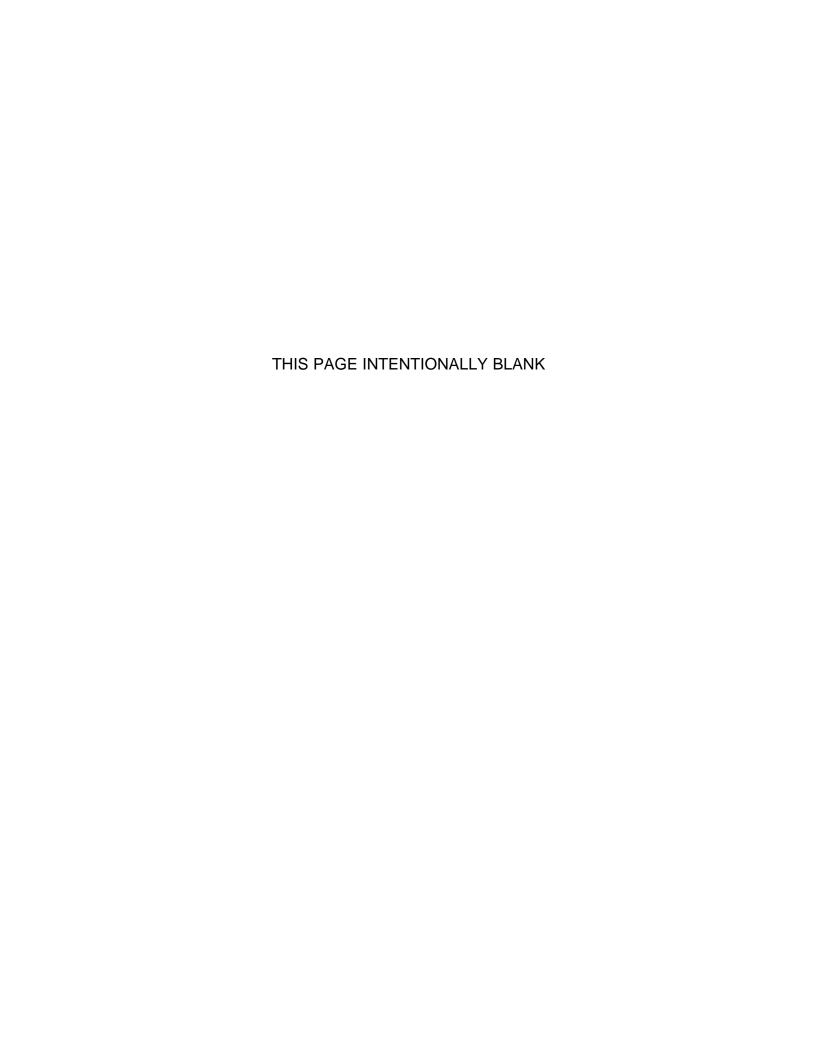
Trouble	Свике	Remedy
I. Excessive noise in hydro- static transmission	Ajr in the system	Check for air leaks on suc- tion line.
		2. "Bleed" hydraulic lines at highest point downstream of replenishing pump and while system is under pressure.
	Vacuum condition	Check inlet (suction) lines and fittings for air leaks
:		2. Check replenishing pump function.
	Oil too shick	Be certain correct type of oil is used for refilling or adding to the system.
	Colú weather	Run hydraulic system until unit is warm to the touch and noise disappears.
II. Hydraulic transmission overhearing	Heat exchanger not functioning	Locate trouble and repair and replace.
	Cooling fan not operating	Repair.
	Cooling iins packed with ac- cumulated debris	Remove material from hotween fins.
	Fluid level low	Add oil to operating level.
III. System not developing	[Sheared shaft key	Locate and repair.
pressure	 Misadjusted or broken con- trol linkage 	
	3. Disconnected or broken drive mechanisms	
IV Loss of fluid	1. Ruptured hydraulic lines 2. Loose fittings	I Check all external connec- tions, tubing, and hoses. Tight- en connections, replace rup- tured tube or hose.
	3. Leaking gaskers or seals in hydrosratic transmission	2. Observe mating sections of hydrostatic transmission for leaks. Replace seals or gaskets if possible.

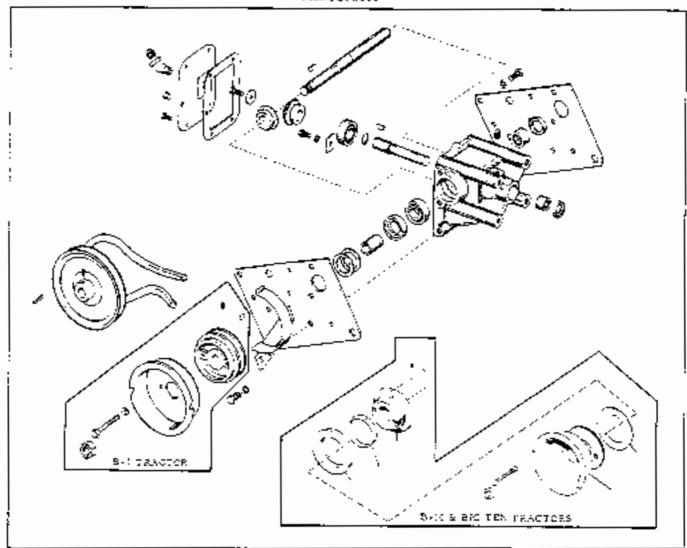
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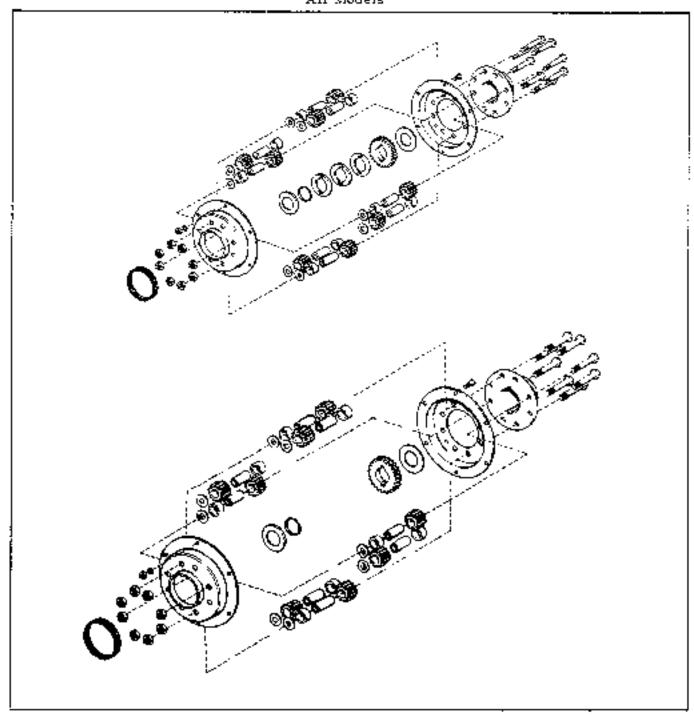




- Remove seat assembly.
- Remove dash assembly,
- Remove top frame cover.
- Support trector under frame just ahead of bevol goar housing.
- Disconnect brake linkage, clutch-brake rod and transmission shift rod.
- Remove transmission drive belt and capscrews securing transmission to side plates.
- 7. Roll transmission rearward from tractor.
- වී. Disconnect drive shaft.
- 9. Remove gear shall flange from bevel gear shaft.
- 10. Remove capscrews holding bovol gear housing to frame, lift off housing.
- il. Remove rope starter pulley.
- 12. Remove manismussion drive pulley.

- 13. Remove P. T. O. drive pulicy.
- i4. Remove side plates and rear cover,
- Eack up the driven bevel gear and carefully drive the driven shaft to the left until the key is free m gear.
- Remove key and drive shaft our left side of housing.
- 17. Remove bearing clamp place,
- Drive from shaft, bearing and bovel gear assembly out of housing.
- Remove bevel gear retaining capscrew and washer.
- Romove bevel year and bearing from sheft.
- Inspect hearings and seal, benew if necessary.

Installation is reverse of removal.

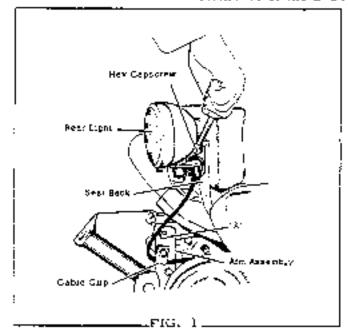


REMOVAL.

- 1. Block up tractor and remove wheels.
- Remove left wheel but and key,
- Loosen setscrews and remove collar and washers on left side of transmission,
- Remove right hub, differential and axle assembly.
- Remove set collar from right end of axle shaft.
- Remove bults from outer edge of case.
- Remove nuts from inner row of capacitews.

- Separate case halves. Leave capscrews in position to hold parts in place.
- When removing parts identify to aid in reassembly.
- Reference to above illustration will aid in disassembly and assembly.
- 11. When instailing the assembled differential, the axle and differential are properly seated so the seal between them is compressed. The axle is held in place by the collar on the lost side of the transmission.

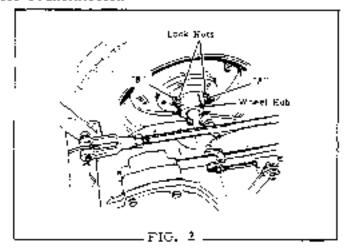
<u>SERVICE INFORMATION</u> Removal of the B-Series Transmission



NOTE: Before attempting removal of the transmission from the tractor, place the tractor on a level surface and drain all of the lubricating oil from the transmission. For fastest draining, remove the upper pipe plug from the transmission cover to allow air to enter transmission case.

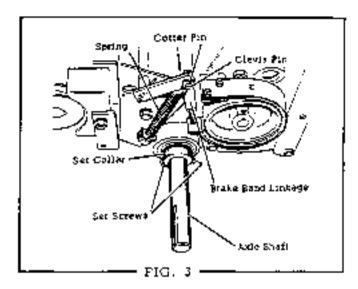
To remove the transmission from the tractor, follow the sequence of steps as outlined below:

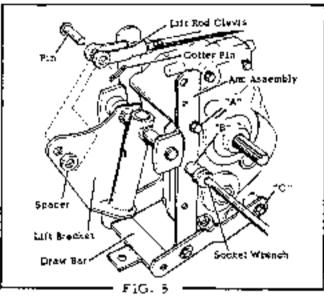
- It is necessary to lift un jack up the tractor to a point where the rear wheels will be free of the ground. Place a support (strong enough to bear the weight of tractor) at a point under the frame and ahead of P. T. O. absembly.
- If the tractor is equipped with a rear light, raise the tractor hood and disconnect the ground cable from the negative terminal of the battery,



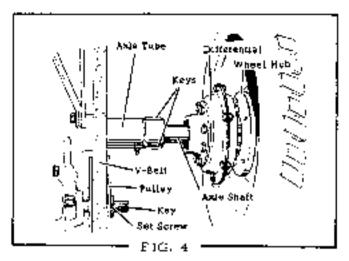
Depending upon the style of battery, the negative terminal of the battery will be either on the R.H. or L.H. side of the tractor.

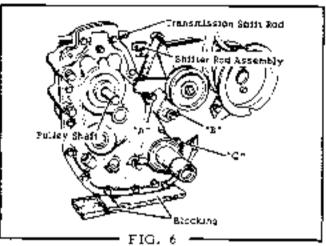
- Nemove the rear light from the tractor seat back by bemoving the hex capscrew holding the light mounting bracket to the seat back. Remove the cable clip from the R. W. arm assembly as shown in Fig. 1. This clip is held in place by a hox capscrew, flat washer, lookwasher and hex not.
- Remove the bex capscrew and lock nut from each arm assembly at point "A" as shown in Fig. 1. The seat assembly may now be lifted free of the tractor.
- 5. To remove the loft year whool and hub complete; loosen the lookents and setscrews "A" and "B" shown in Fig. 2. Setscrew "A" looks against the key located in the axle shaft and sotscrew "B" looks into a hole in the axle shaft. It will be necessary to loosen B" until the screw is free of the hole in the axle shaft. If necessary, tap the edge of the wheel hub with a lead mallet to loosen from the axle shaft.





- b. Loosen the 2 sets crews holding the set collar on the axle shaft, as shown in Fig. 3, and remove the collar. Should the collar stick or bind on the paint on the axle shaft, remove the paint and sandpaper shalt. After the collar is removed, clean the axle shaft of any remaining paint and remove any burrs from edge of key-way or sets crew lock points by using a fine file. Burrs or paint, etc., will damage bearings when the axle shaft is removed, so be certain the axle shaft is amooth and clean.
- 7. From the right hand side of the tractor, remove the axie shaft, right hand wheel, bub and differential in one piece by tapping the edge of the differential hub with a lead mallet. When the differential hub is free of the 2 keys on the transmission axie tube as shown in Fig. 4, pull the axie shaft, etc., straight out of the transmission.





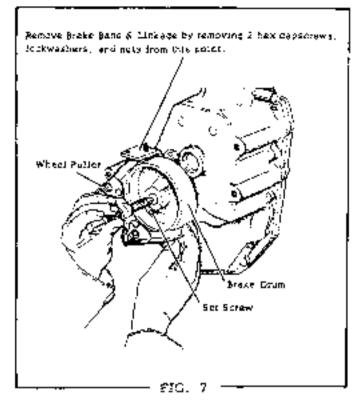
- 8. Romove the V-Bolt and pulley from the transmission pulley shaft, taking care not to use excessive thrust force on shaft. Use a wheel puller if necessary. The pulley is held in place by a setscrew and key. Do not hammor or the snap rings on the shaft inside transmission may be damaged.
- 9. Dis-connect the lift rod clevis from the rear lift bracket by removing the cotter pur, spacer, and pin as shown in Fig. 5. Remove hex capscrews "A", "B", and "C" from both sides of the arm assembly and lift off the drawbar, rear lift bracket, and arm assembly as one piece.
- I.O. Dis-connect the shifter rod assembly from the transmission shift rod as shown in Fig. 6.

Dis-connect the brake band linkage as shown in Fig. 3, by removing the coater pin and clevis pin and spring.

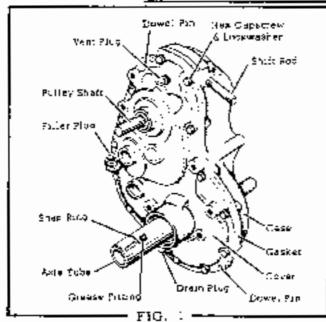
Add blocking to support the weight of the transmission at points shown in Fig. 6.

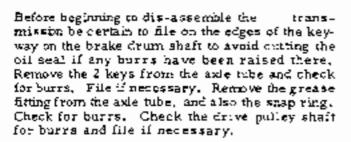
Remove the hex tapscrews "A", "B", & "C" from the left hand side of the transmission and "A" & "B" from the right hand side. Now loosen "C" on the right hand side and steady the transmission by grapping the nutiev shaft with one band while removing "C" with the other hand.

NOTE: Before starting to dis-assemble the transmission, it will be necessary to remove the brake band and linkage as shown in Fig. 7. To do this, remove the 2 hex capscrews, look-washers, and bex nuts. Remove the brake drum by loosening the setsorew, and pull the drum from the shaft with a wheel puller as shown. Do not hammer or the snap rings on the shaft inside the transmission may be damaged.



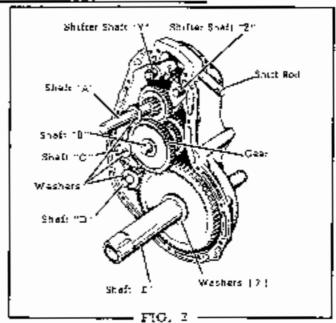
DISASSEMBLY OF THE B SERIES TRANSMISSION

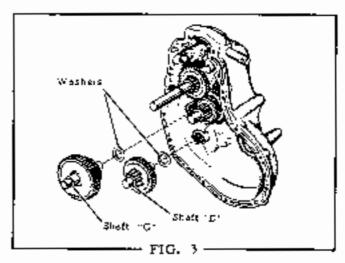




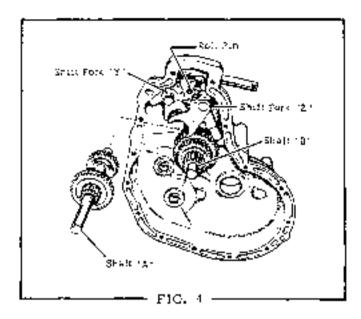
After having made sure that the axle tube, brake drum shaft, and drive pulley shaft are free of burns or sharp protrusions that might out or damage the oil seals during dis-assembly, proceed by following the steps outlined below.

- Remove the cil drain plug and allow any remaining oil to drain from the transmission.
 Draining will be speeded by removing the upper pipe plug from the transmission case, and setting the transmission in an upright position as if in place on the tractor.
- 2. Remove the 14 hex head capacrews and lock-washers from around the edge of the transmission cover. Drive the 2 dowel pins down into the transmission case holes and insert a screw driver at seleral points between the cover and the case and pry upwards to break the cover loose from the case. See Fig. 1. When cover is free, lift off.





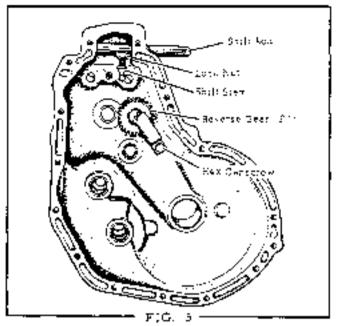
- Remove the flat washer from shalt "A", shaft "C", and shalt "D". Now remove the gear from the end of shalt "B". Remove the axle tube and gear assembly "E" from the transmission case. See Fig. 2.
- Lift out shaft "C" with gear assembly and then remove shaft "D" with its gear assembly. See Fig. 3.

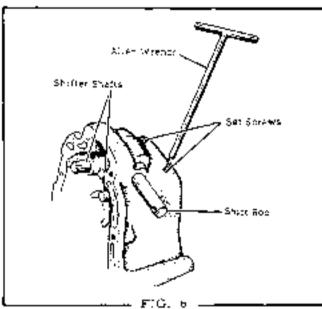


- i. To remove the polley shaft "A and its gear assembly it will be necessary to position the shift forks as follows:
 - A. Place shift fork "Y" in Neutral so that the lower edge of shift stem slot is even with the end of roll bin in the transmission case.
 - B. Place the shift fork "Z" in top-most position. <u>CAUTION</u>, do not raise ton far, or it may come off of the shaft and the lock ball or spring may be lost,

Now, lift the polley shaft "A with one hand to clear the lower bearing, and with the other hand, raise the cluster of goars on shaft "B" slightly to allow pulley shaft "A" and its gears to be moved away from the shift forks. When the yokes of the shift forks disongage from the shift rings on the gear clusters on shaft "A", the shaft and goars nay be lifted free of the transmission. Now, lift but shaft "B" and its gear. See Fig. 4.

- b. The reverse goar "F" may be removed now, by undoing the lock nut on the back-side of the transmission case, and removing the hex head capacites from the bracket on the inside of the case. {See Fig. 5}.
- Remove the shifter focks and shafts from the transmission case by loosening the setscrews





located as shown in Fig. b. Loosen those screws sufficiently to clear the locating holes in the shafts.

δ. To remove the shift rod first loosen the look nut on the shift stem, and unscrew the shift stem from the shift rod. The shift and may then be pulled from the case. See Fig. 4.

<u>SHIFTER FORKS FOR THE B</u> SERIES TRANSMISSION

NOTE: Before attempting any diseassembly or assembly of shifter forks, it should be understood that they are to be removed from the transmission case by following the sequence of steps completely as outlined in the transmission diseasembly procedure.

Dis-Assembly

 To remove the shifter forks from the shifter shafts, alide the fork towards the end of the shaft without the retaining ring. Cup one hand over the lock ball loading hote while withdrawing the shaft to prevent the loss of the shift lock ball or spring.

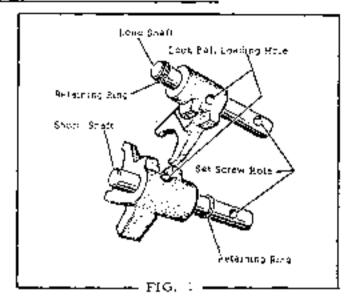
The lack ball and apring are under tension when the fork is in place on the shaft, and unless that is taken the ball may fly out as the shaft is removed and be lost.

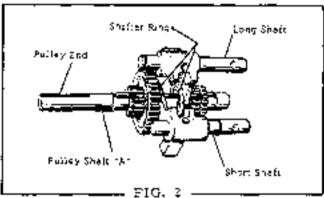
Assembly

The shifter shafts are of unequal length and the position of the fark is reversed from one shaft to the other. To properly assemble the shalts and forks, proceed as follows:

i. Identify the long shaft, (it has a retaining ring on the end of the shaft farthest from the setscrew hale) and insert the setscrewhole end into the hub of a shift fork. See Fig. 1. Before pushing the shaft through the hub of fork, insert the shift lock spring and ball through the loading hole and depress with 2 3/8" rad so that the shaft may slide through.

Identify the short shaft, (it has a retaining ring located near the setscrew hole) and insert the end without the retaining ring into the hub of the shifter fork. Before pushing the shaft through the hub of the fork, insert the shift lock spring and ball through the loading hole and depress with a 3/8" rod so that the shaft may slide through. See Fig. 1.





To obtain a clear idea of the position of the shift forks when properly installed on the shifter shafts, refer to Fig. 2. This shows the general appearance of the shift forks and shafts and the shift rings that the forks engage. In this particular view, the parts are shown in their relative positions as they would be seen if the end of the transmission were to be out off. Note that the gear cluster nearest the pulley end of the shaft is engaged by the shift fork on the short shaft, and the other gear cluster is engaged by the shift fork on the long shaft. Also note the relative position of the shift forks to each other.

BEARINGS FOR THE B SERIES TRANSMISSION

The Transmission contains a total of 12 bearings. 4 needle bearings and I bronze bearing are located in the transmission case, 4 needle bearings and I bronze bearing are located in the transmission cover and 2 bronze bearings are located in the axle tube.

<u>TRANSMISSION CASE</u>

Location	<u>Description</u>	
"A" "B" "D" "E"	Needle Brg., Needle Brg.,	scaled on one end open on both ends scaled on one end scaled on one end

TRANSMISSION COVER

Location	Description	
"A"		upen on both ends sealed on one end
"Č"	Needle Brg	scaled on one end
2	Bronze Brg.,	sealed on one end

AXLE TUBE

<u>Location</u>	Destriction
Each end of tube	Bronze

REMOVAL

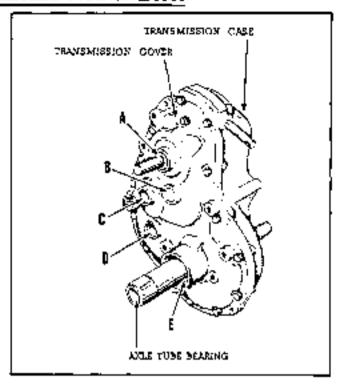
To remove the bearings, disassemble the transmission as outlined in transmission disassembly instructions. For best results, use a rod slightly smaller than the outside diameter of the bearing and press the bearing from its housing. Use caution to avoid damaging the bearing housing.

INSTALLATION

<u>NEEDLE BEARINGS</u>

Be sure to use the correct size hearing for each location as listed in the chart above. Press bearings "A", "O", & "D" into the cover and case until the end of the bearing nase is flush with the machined face of the bearing housing. This machined face of bearing housing is on inside of transmission. Bearing "B" is to be installed 1/16" below surface of bearing housing.

NOTE: The needle bearings all have a number stamped on one end of bearing case. This is the end of bearing to press against, when installing, <u>DO NOT</u> press against the un-numbered end of the bearing or damage may result.



The bearings with the scaled end, are to be installed with the scaled end facing the cutside of the transmission.

BRONZE BEARINGS

Press one bronze bearing into the "E" bearing housing of the transmission case until it is flush with the inside machined fane of bearing housing. Now insert the axie tube into the bearing and place the transmission cover over the dowel pins of case and slide the other bronze bearing into place in the bousing of the cover. Press the bearing into the housing until the outer end of bearing is flush with bottom face of the smaller of two counter-bores in housing.

<u>NOTE:</u> The axie tube acts as an aligning mandrel for the bearings, and must be used to prevent cocking the bearings when they are being installed.

AXLE TUBE

Press a bronze bearing into one end of the tube until it is flush with the end of the tube. Now insert the axle shaft through the axle tube and slide the other bronze bearing over the axle tube until it starts to enter the apposite end of axle tube. Press the bearing into position flush with the end of axle tube.

<u>NOTE:</u> The axle shaft acts as an aligning mandrel for the bearings and must be used to prevent cocking the bearings when they are being installed.

OIL SEALS FOR THE B SERIES TRANSMISSION

The Transmission contains a total of 4 bit seals; 2 seals are in the transmission cover, and 2 seals are in the transmission case. See Fig. 1 and order the proper seals for replacement.

Transmission Cover

- (A) One Seal for Pulley Shaft
- (B) One Seal for Axle Tahe

Transmission Case

- (C) One Seal for Brake Drum Shaft
- |D| One Seal for Axle Tabo

REMOVAL

To remove old seals, carefully pry the scals out of their positions in the case and cover.

Use caution to avoid damage to either the bearings or the cast from sexts or bores that the sexis rest in.

DO NOT ATTEMPT TO RE-USE OR SALVAGE <u>SEA15</u>. When seals are removed from their positions in the transmission, they are not fit for re-use, and must be discarded.

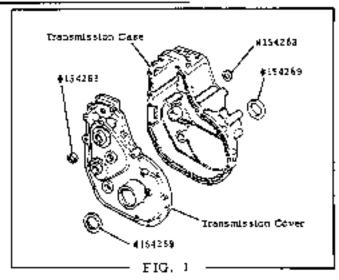
INSTALLATION

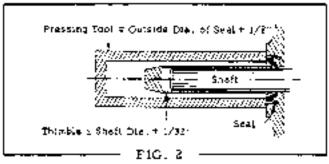
The importance of properly installing oil seals cannot be minimized if they are expected to do their job and do it well.

Failure to observe correct installation procedure will account for more seal failure than any other cause.

Inspect the surface of each shaft to be certain that no nicks, burrs, scratches, or sharp edges will be able to damage the seals during installation. Be particularly critical of the area of the shaft that the seal covers when in position. If a shaft shows any nicks, scratches, or burrs at this area, <u>DISCARD THE SHAFT</u> and replace with a new one. Any attempt to file or remove flaws at this point will only result in a flat spot and oil leakage.

- Make sure that the seal is correct size. See Fig. 1, for correct location.
- Check the cast iron seat or bore that the seat will rest in. Remove all nicks, burts, scratches, or foreign material.
- 3. When installing the seal, it is advisable to use a thimble that will fit over the shaft as shown in Fig. 2. This will aid in stretching the spring element in the seal to allow it to slide over the shaft, and at the same time will protect the seal from damage or cutting by the edges of key-ways. NOTE: The thimble should be long enough to protect the



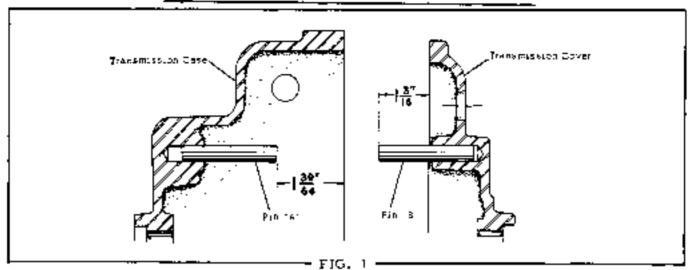


seal until it is completely past all holes or key-ways. The maximum diameter of the thimble should equal the shaft diameter plus 1/32". Lubricate the surface of the thimble with clean grouse to aid in sliding the seal it place.

If a chimble is unavailable, wrap the shaft with a heavy grade of paper inbracated with oil or grease. When wrapping the shaft, start at the seal end of the shaft and wrap in an overlapping spiral fashion, being sure to cover the key-ways.

- Remove the seal from its wrapper or package, and gently lubricate the sealing element with a light coating of absolutely clean grease. Do not run your finger roughly around the sealing element, as it is easily deformed and ruined.
- As these seals are to be installed flush with the outer surface of the bore or seat, use a pressing tool at least 1/8' larger in diameter than the outside diameter of seal as shown in Fig. 2. Place the seal on the thimble with the spring element of the seal facing the liquid to be retained, and with the pressing tool, gently slide the seal towards its seat. Avoid cocking the Seal as it starts into its seat, and gently tap the pressing tool with a hammer until the seal is in place. NEVER HAMMER ON THE SEAL ITSELF.

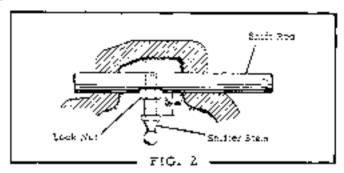
ASSEMBLY OF THE B SERIES TRANSMISSION



Before beginning to assemble the transmission, make certain that the transmission case, cover, and all of the parts that go into the transmission have all been completely cleaned. Scrape the maining surfaces of the case and cover to remove any pieces of gasket material that may have stuck. As you put the various gear shafts into their bearings, apply a light coating of clean transmission oil to the bearing surfaces of each shaft.

To proceed with the transmission assembly, follow the sequence of steps as outlined below:

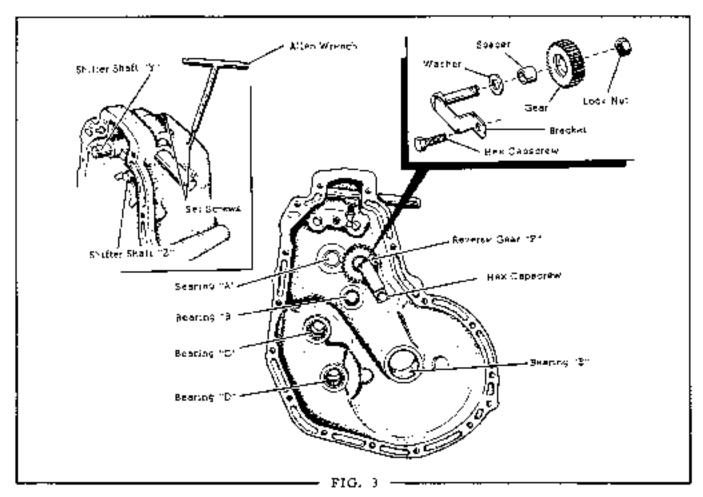
- 1. Before beginning assembly, check the 2 roll pins that limit the movement of the shift stem. See Fig. 1. It is imperative that both of these pins be checked for proper height and adjusted if necessary. Note the dimensions shown pin "A" in the transmission case is set to give a dimension of 1-39/64" from the end of the pin to the face of transmission case, and pin "B" in the transmission case, and pin "B" in the transmission cover is set to give a dimension of 1-3/16" from the end of the pin to the face of cover. When replacing pins, the groove of the pin should face the top of the transmission case.
- Insert the shift rod into the transmission case and position it to allow the shift stem.



with look out to be somewed into the shift rod as shown in Fig. 2.

Screw the shift stem into the shift rod until a distance of 5/8' from the Found surface of the rod to the shoulder of shift stem is obtained, as shown in Fig. 2. This setting is important to insure proper shifting, so shock and adjust until correct. Be sure the look out is hight enough to hold the shifter stem at this setting.

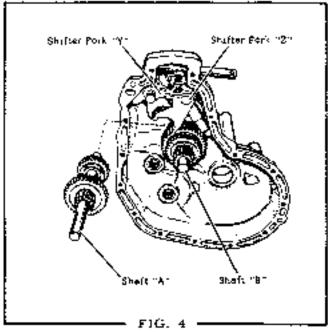
3. Assemble the shifter fork assembly with the longer shaft into the "Y" shaft hole of the transmission. Take care to be sure that the setscrew, which holds the shaft in place, is actually locked into the setscrew hole of the shifter shaft. Now assemble the shorter shaft into the "Z" shaft hole of the transmission and lock in place in same manner as other shifter fork assembly. See Fig. 3.

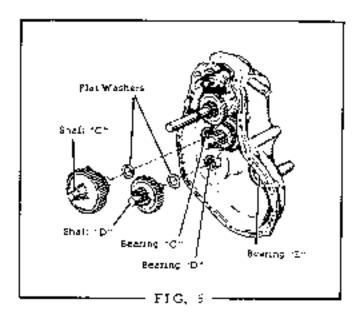


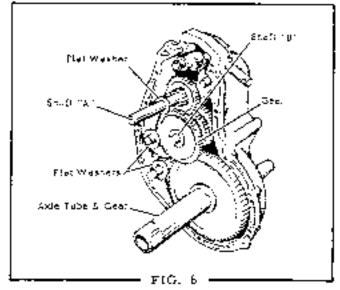
4. Assemble the reverse gear "F" as shown in Fig. 3. When properly assembled, insert the gear assembly into the transmission case and position the bracket over the mounting hale in the case. See Fig. 3. Fasten the bracket to the case with a hex capscrew and tighten to 20 ft, lbs.

Add a lock out to the pin protruding through the transmission case and tighten to 35 ft. lbs. * 0 lbs. -5

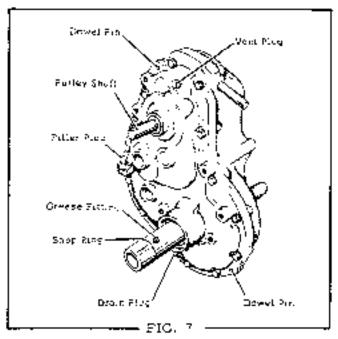
- Place shaft "B" and gears into bearing "B" in the transmission case. See Fig. 4.
- b. Place a greased flat washer over face of bearing "A" in transmission case. See Fig. 3 & 4. To install shaft "A" and gears, first move the "Y" shift fork into Neutral (See disassemby instructions) and move the "Z" fork into raised position (see disassembly instructions). Raise the gear cluster on shaft "B" slightly and move shaft "A" toward the shift forks. When you slide the shift rings on the gear assemblies into position against the shift forks, it should be possible to lower staft "A" into place in its bearing.







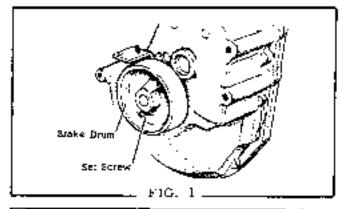
- Place a greased flat washer over face of bearing "D" and place shalt "D" and gears in place in the bearing. See Fig. 5.
- Place a greased flat washer over face of boaring "C" and place shaft "C" and goars in place in the bearing. See Fig. 5.
- Place 2 greased flat washers over face of bearing "E" and place axie tube and gear in place in the bearing. See Fig. 6.
- 10. Assemble the gear to end of shaft "B", with the beveled edge faring gear cluster on shaft "A". Place a greased frat washer on shaft "A" and on end of shaft "C" and shaft "D", Add 2 flat washers to axle tube. See Fig. 6.
- 1.. Before putting gasket in position, drive the 2 dowel pins up until they protrude approximately 1/4" to 5/16" above the machined face of the transmission case. Now position the new gasket in place and seat the cover over the 2 dowel pins before inserting the capscrews. When cover seats properly, insert and tighten the capscrews.
- 12. Attach a puliey to the pulley shaft and rotate by hand to check gears for binding. Check ail gear ranges to see that gears rotate freely. If a slight bind is noticed, tap the end of the pulley shaft and brake drum shaft with a raw-hide mallet. It may be that one

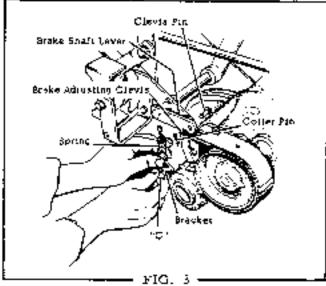


of the bearings is not seated far enough into the cover or case, and the impact of the mallet will drive it into position and remove the binding. If a severe hinding is noticed, it will be necessary to dis-assemble the transmission and locate the cause.

 Assemble the grease litting and shap ring to the axle tube as shown in Fig. 7.

INSTALLATION OF THE B SERIES TRANSMISSION



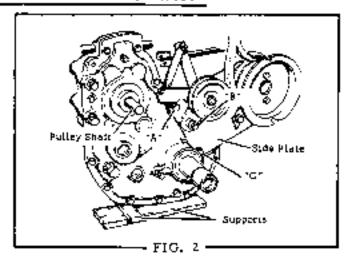


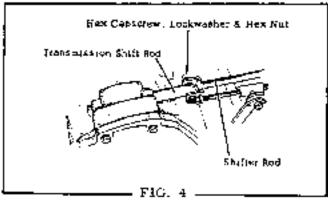
To properly install the transmission to the tractor, follow the sequence of steps as outlined below:

 Assemble the brake drum to the shaft with the key and setscrew. The setscrew side of the brake drum faces away from the transmission. See Fig. 1.

Add the brake band and adjusting linkage and secure in place with 2 hex capacrews. look-washers, and hex nuts.

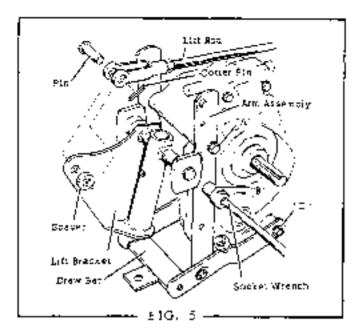
Position the transmission rase on supports so that hole "C" on R. H. side of transmission lines up with the mounting hole of side plate. See Fig. 2. Insert the capacrew and tighten partially. Hold the pulley shalt with one hand and by using your knee for a brace, position

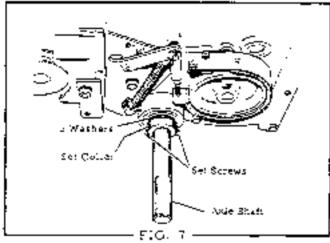




the transmission so that bolt "A" may be inserted and partially tightened. Add bolt 'B". Now add bolts 'A" & "B" to the L.H. side of the transmission. With the spring branket in place on bolt "C" and positioned as shown in Fig. 3, tighten the bolt. Now tighten all be mounting bolts securely.

- 3. Insert the clevis pin through the hole of brake adjusting clevis, through the hole in lever of clutch and brake shaft assembly, and through the end loop of spring. After the pin is in place, secure with cotter pin. See Fig. 3.
- Use "Vise-Grip" pliers and attach the large spring from the Power Take-Off to the mounting hole on the spring retainer.
- Attach the clovis of the shifter red to the transmission shift red, using hex capscrew, lockwasher, and hex nut as shoun in Fig. 4.

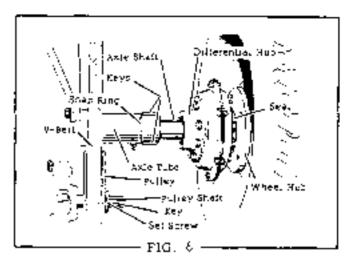


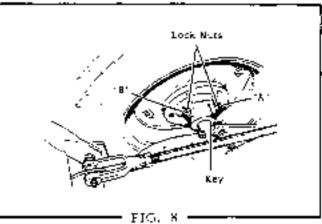


b. Mount the drawbar, rear lift bracket, and arm assembly to the transmission as shown on Fig. 3 and fasten with hex capscraws (3 on each side) "A". "B". & "C".

Connect the lift root clevis to rear lift bracket with pur, spacer and cutter pur. The spacer is to be placed in $R_{\star}H_{\star}$ side of the lift bracket.

- 7. Place the key in the key-way of pulley shaft and mount the pulley with the hub facing away from the transmission. Do not tighten the setscrew until after the V-beit is in place and the pulley is aligned with the pulley on the bevel year box. See Fig. 6.
- d. Insert the axie shaft into the axio tube on the R. H. side of the transmission and place the 2 keys in the siots on the axie tube. Align the key-ways in the differential but with the keys and while holding the keys in place, push the





axis shaft through the transmission. The differential hub is to seat against the snap ring on the axis tube. <u>See Fig. 6</u>,

9. Make sure that the externed differential are properly seated so that the seal between the differential and the wheel hub is compressed. See Fig. b. The axterist them held in this position by placing the set collar over the L.T. and of the axter shaft and looking to securely against the axter tube by means of the Z setscrews. It is very important that this set collar be securely looked at all times to eliminate any and play of the axter shaft, See Fig. 7.

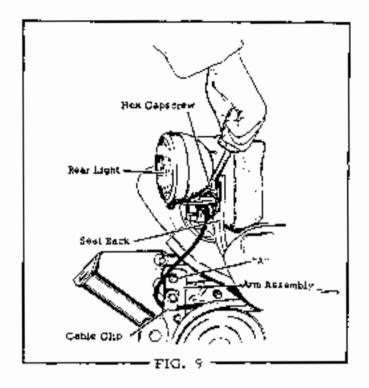
NOTE: Later production models have 3 washers between the set collar and the extense for the purpose of moving the set collar farther out on the axio shaft. Use washers No. 105050,

(6. P)ege the key in the slot of the axle shaft and mount the L.H. wheel and hub in place over the key. Tighten the setscrew 'B' into the setscrew hole on the axle shaft. See Fig. 8. Tighten the setscrew "A" and look both setworews with the look nuts. Tighten securely.

11. Mount the seat assembly to the tractor, placing the arms of the seat pivot assembly between the vertical arm assembly fastened to transmission. Fasten with hex capscrews and lock nots as shown at "A" in Fig. 9. Tighten enough to take out excessive "play" but leave loose enough to pivot properly.

Mount the rear light support bracket to the seat back as shown, using a hex capsorew and lockwasher. Fasten the cable clip to the arm assembly as shown, with a nex capsorew, flat washer, lockwasher, and hex nut.

- Attach the ground cable to the negative terminal of the battery.
- 13. Refill transmission with 1-1/2 quarts of SAE #90 Oil, and check drain plug, filler plug, and vent plug for tightness.



HYDROSTATIC TRANSMISSION HB-112 and HB-212

A gear reduction unit is used on all models equipped with a hydrostatic transmission. A sliding drive gear is used in the gear reduction unit so that tractor may be moved manually. When gear shift lever (4—Fig. 1) is in vertical position, drive gear (21) will be engaged with reduction gear (43). To disengage gears, turn shift lever away from reduction housing.

CAUTION: Tractor brakes are inoperative when shift lever is an disengaged position

REMOVE AND REINSTALL

All Models So Equipped

To remove the gear reduction unit, support tractor under main frame just ahead of bevel gear hostsing. Remove seat deck and fender assembly. Drain reduction unit housing. Remove rear wheels, hubs, differential assembly and axte whaft. Remove bevel gear pto belt pulley and disconnect pto tension spring. Support gear reduction housing and remove left side plate. Drain hydrostatic transmission reservoir, disconnect oil lines and

control rod, then unbolt and remove reservoir, oil cooler, shroud and cooler fan. Unbult and remove hydrostatic transmission and brake band. Remove capscrews securing gear reduction unit to right side plate and lift the unit from tractor

Reinstall by reversing the reminial procedure. Fill reduction unit to level plug opening with SAE 90 EP gear oil. Fill hydrostatic reservoir with Dexion Type "A" automatic transmission fluid. Adjust brake and clutch idler linkage as required.

OVERHAUL

All Models So Equipped

To disassemble the gear reduction unit, remove brake drum and clean all paint, burry and rest from

keyed and of axis tube $(37 + \Gamma ig, 1)$. Unbolt and remove cover (40) from case (17). Remove washer (27) and first reduction gear (23). Remove snap ring (14), then withdraw output gear and axle tube assembly (28 thru 37). Remove second reduction gear and shaft assembly (41 thru 45). Loosen set screw (46). and remove as a sunit, the shift fork and rail assembly (7 thru 10) and the brake shaft assembly (18 thru 22). Use caution when removing shift rail (10) from shift fork (9) as popper ball and spring (7 and 5) will be released. Loosen lincknut (5), remove shifter stem (6) and withdraw shift. lever (4). Oil keats and negotic bearings can now be removed from case and cover as required.

Crean and inspect all parts and renew any showing excessive wear or other damage. Using Fig. I as a guide, reassemble by reversing the disassembly procedure

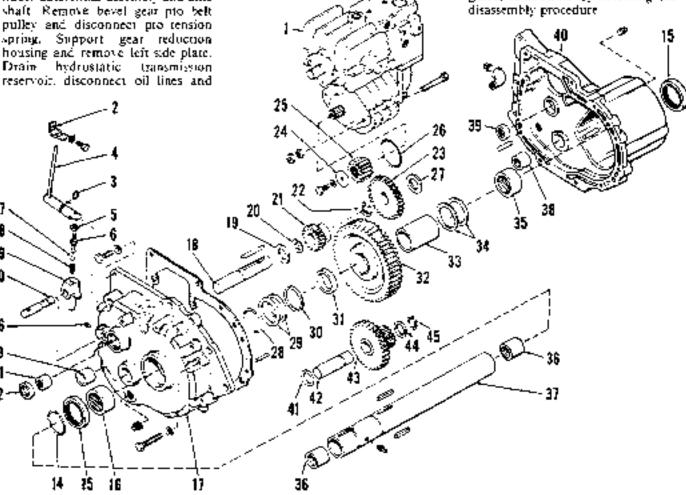


Fig. $I\!=\!Exploded$ where of geometric boundary used an models equipped with a hidrost will transmission

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Models B207-B208-Homesteader 8

REMOVE AND REINSTALL.

To remove transaxie, remove drive belt from transaxie pulley and remove brake band. Remove gear shift lever knob Support rear of tractor frame and remove axie "U" bolts. Roll transaxie away from tractor.

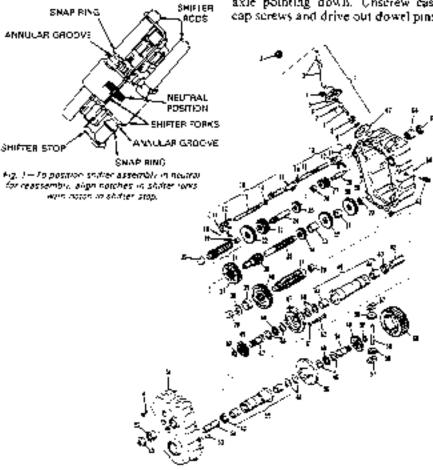


Fig. 2—Exploded view of transavie used on models 8207, 8208

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4		HOUSENG AND CHECK	75	i	SPICEP
2		R NC must	40	i	CEAR, SUPER
		PIN, i.e.	41		FNOT acipu:
		GEEPER, and fore ever	5		ANDS, R. H.
		R NG ways	43	2	SEPL AT
10	2	BACE, view	ш	- 1	BUNH NG
- 11	ì	SORING	45	- 1	HOUSING E BUSHING ASNY, SG:
17	2	FOR K, seiter	16	3	MANAEM. (arus)
17		ROD Johns	3.	- 1	CARKIER, collection
l+	7	R NC WAY	15	2	BERPING, itema
14		ROD (SEC. AM)	35	- 1	UÉAR, Sext
16		<top jhom<="" td=""><td>en de de</td><td>- 1</td><td>NIVE, rac</td></top>	en de	- 1	NIVE, rac
17		ROD Johns	5.	- 1	CCN SK NASY :: ar ±kk
15		ROD and Miller	52		beaping
16		REARING	52	2	MA, duvel
70		REAR:NO	54		MLS. C.H
7.1		SHAFI & AFARING 1951 (1864)	55	- 1	HOUSING & BUSHING ASSY, Sei:
**		GF & R secting	54		CARPIER, oithmenic
1		GEAR Jediché	5"		BLOCK Wise
7.8		SHOF. WHO	55	7	PINION BERT
1		SPIRIGENE (No. 1942)	59		^a l N, desp
71		SAMER TOTAL NEW			GEAR, 11-p
=-		IDLER OF FOR	3.		COCK WASHER, 1 J. FIM
:,		SHAFI' teletoridhe	17		CAPALAEN TANCASTAILE & SING
76		GASKET AND LOCKER	47	7	FUUG. 1914
ъ		GF 4R upar 76T	м		CASE ASSY Injurgence
71		5P NC FR	54		SEAL, FIL
'=	:	GENR - SEV 20T	5:		4EARING
יי	:	57*CFB	57		CASKET van' -ig amouge;

OVERHAUL. To overhaul transaxic, drain labricant and remove input pulley, brake drum and wheel and hub assemblies. Place shift lever in neutral position, enserew shift housing cap screws and withdraw shift assembly from case. Remove all paint, rust and butts from axle shafts and place transform axle shafts and place transaxie in a vise with right (longer) axle pointing down. Unscrew case cap screws and drive out dowel pins.

Separate cover from case and lift cover up off the axle. Brake shaft (30-Fig. 2) and idler gear (29) will he removed with cover. Remove output shaft (41) with output gear (40), spacer (39) and washer (38) Withdraw the differential and axle shaft. assembly and lay aside for later disassembly. Hold upper ends of shifter. rods together and lift mut shifter rods, forks, shifter stop, shaft (20). and sliding gears (22 and 23) as an assembly. Remove reverse idler gear-(27), idler shaft (28) and spacer (26). then remove idler shaft (31) along with idler gears (32, 34 and 36) and spacers (33 and 35). Withdraw input shaft (24) and gear (25) from case. To remove brake shaft (30) and gear (29) from cover, block up under gear (29) and press shaft out of gear. while being careful that pressure is not applied to cover during operation. Renew seals and Sushings in axle housings (51 and 60) as required.

To disassemble differential, unscrew four cap screws and separate axle shaft and carriage assemblies from ring gear (68). Drive blocks (65), bevel pinion gears (66) and drive pin (67) can now be removed from ring gear. Remove snap rings (43) and slide axle shafts (45 and 57) from axle gears (44) and carriages (48 and 62).

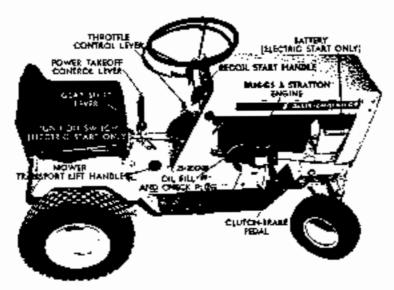
Clean and inspect all parts for damage or excessive wear and renew as required. When installing needle bearings, press bearings into case and cover from inside until bearings are 0.015-0.020 below thrust surfaces. Renew all seals and gaskets and reassemble transaxle assembly by reversing disassembly procedure and noting the following points: Install reverse idler gear (27) in case so that rounded edge of gear teeth and spacer (26) will be toward cover. When installing idles shaft (31), place short spacer (35) between gears (34 and 36) and long spacer (33) between gears (32) and 34). Bevels on gear teeth of gears (32 and 34) must be un side of gear nearest large gear (36). When installing shifter assembly, position shifter rods in neutral position as shown in Fig. (.

Tighten transaxle cap screws to the following torque:

TRACTOR B-206

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Adjustments F-74, E-75, Assembly of Transaxle to Tractor	E-36 E-36
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Fransakie Assembly	E-30 F-29



B-238 TRACTOR SPECIFICATIONS

ENGINE COMPONENTS AND DRIVE Horsepower Make Briggs & Stretton, Series 146700 Bore and Stroke Briggs & Stretton, Series 146700 Briggs & Stretton, Series 1
CAPACITY Eng. Crankcase
SPEEDS
DIMENSIONS Height (at top hood) 28.75" Height (at steering wheel) 34" Width Overall 25.5" (27.5 with times reversed) Length Overall 59.25" Wheel Tread (Center to Center) 20.5" (22.5 with times reversed) Wheel Base 39.75" Oleanance (front axie) 5" Cleanance (differential) 4.5" Cleanance (drawbar) 5.5" Front Time Size 11.00 x 3.75-5 Rear Time Size 4.80/4.00-8 Turning Radius 36" (inside rear wheel)
\$HJPPINS W\$IGHT B-206

Engine Haro Stanting

- Loose on grounded stightersion, on preaker point leads.
- Improber preaker point gap.
- 3. Faulty spark plug-
- 4. Faulty concensed on coil.
- Incorrect spark timing.
- Gaspline not getting to carbunator.
- 7. Director gum in carcunston of fuel line.
- 8. Carbureton improperly adjusted.
- 9. Valves leaking on sticking.
- Piston rings worm excessively.
- Cylinden head gasket leaking.

Fingine Overheating

- Insufficient available cool atc.
- Outty at a make screen, shroud or cooling fine.
- O. Improper fuel...
- 4. Fuel mixture too loan.
- 5. Improper ignition timing.

Engine Backfiring

- 1. Fuel mixture too lean.
- Sticky intake valve.
- 3. Improper ignition timing-

Engine Missing at High Speed

- 1. Spark blug gap too wice.
- Improper carbonator adjustment, on lack of fuel.
- Virong type spank plug, use spank plug that is recommended.
- 4. Improper timing.

Engine Missing Under Slow Hera Full

- 1. Spenk plug gab too wida.
- 3. Pitted breaker points.
- 3. Partially fouled spark plug.
- 4. Defective (gritish bable)

Engline Knocking

- 1. Fuel optone rating too low.
- 2. Engine overheated.
- 3. Improper timing.
- 4, Loose connecting too.
- Excessive carbon in compustion champart.

Hingthe Operating Enhanced by

- 1. Clagged fuel line.
- 2. Water in fuel.
- 3. Faulty enoke control.
- 4. Improper fuel.
- 5. Loose lightion system connections.
- Air leaks in manifold on carburator connections.

Engine Will Not late.

- 1. Impropor carburetor falling adjustnisht.
- 2. Concurator jets clagged.
- 3. Spank plug gap too namnow-
- Leaking centurator on manifold gaskets.
- 5. Sticking on leaking valves.
- 5. Weak coil or concenser.

Oil Chances

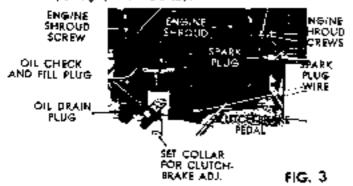
NOTE: Tractor should be on a level surface before changing oil.

The oil should be changed after the FIRST 5 hours of operation then each 25 hours of operation thereafter.

To change the oil, first remove any dirt or trash buildup from around oil filler plug. Then drain the crankcase, while the engine is warm, by removing the oil drain plug (Fig. 3). Once all of the oil has been drained, replace the oil drain plug and remove the oil filler plug. Refill the crankcase with a high quality detergent oil classified "For Service MS" (motor severe). Nothing should be added to the recommended oil.

Symmen Winter (Bellow 40°F) Use SAE 30 Use SAE5W-20 on SAE 10W

Fill the crankcase, pouring all slowly, to copocity (2 1/4 pints).

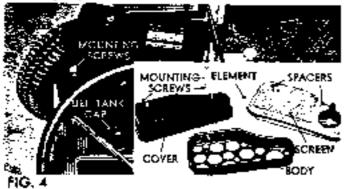


CLEAN AIR AND GLEAN ENGINE OIL WILL GIVE LONG TROUBLE-FREE OPERA TION, DIRT WILL RUIN YOUR ENGINE IN A SHORT TIME.

Air_C]eanen

The air cleaner element should be removed, cleaned and recited after every 25 hours of operation under normal conditions. More often in dusty, dry, or winzy conditions.

To service at richaner (Fig. 41) loosen the 2 hood holdcown knobs and tilt the hood forward.



- Remove the two screws and lift off the entire air cleaner assembly.
- Remove the cover, then the spacers and screen from the Foam element.
- Remove the foam element from the girl cleaner body.
 - A. Washflam element in liquid setemgent and water on kerosene to remove dint.
 - B. Wrap fear element in clean, dry cloth and squeeze to remove wetness.
 - Saturate foam element in engine oil, then squeeze to namove excess oil.
 - D. Assemble air cleaner completely, making sure that the tongs on the cup type spacer are positioned as shown—then mount to carburetor with spraws.

NOTE: When assembling air cleaner, make sure that the lip of the form element extends over the edge of air cleaner body. The element lip will form a seal when tightened down.

Engine Cooking

The flywheel screen should be checked each time the air cleaner is serviced and any dirt, grass, etc., anould be removed.

Also, the engine shroud should be removed periodically in order to dislodge any foreign matter that may have accumulated around the cylinder and fins at front of engine. If not corrected, these conditions will restrict air flow around the engine, causing it to run hot and therefore, shorten engine life. To service engine shroud, remove (4) four screws. Alternator (Fig. 5)

The Albemator on this tractor is equipped with a fuse for safety purposes. If a fuse needs changing, head WARNING before replacing the fuse.

WARNING: For electrical safety always remove cable from negative (+) side of battery before removing fuse. Replace fuse, then battery cable.



FIG. 5

STORING YOUR TRACTOR

When your tractor is not to be used for some time, it should be stored in a dry protected place. Leaving your tractor outdoors, exposed to the elements, will new suit in materially shortening its life.

Prenaring Tractor for Sturage

If the thactor is to be stored for more than 30 days, follow this recommended procedure.

- Disconnect the spark plug wire, drain the fuel tank completely, then recorn nect spark plug wire.
- Stantlengine and run until all fuel has been consumed.
- White engine is still warm, drain and refill prankcase with fresh oil (Sec Oil Changes)
- 4. Remove spank plug and pour @ on 3 tablespoons of SAE-30 oil into the plug pont. Turn the crankshaft over a few revolutions by pulling the recoil handle out a couple of times on on electric stant models by turning the key to the "Stant" position for a couple of seconds. This distributes oil throughout the internal engine system and prevents damage (nust, etc.) to the engine while stored! Replace the spank plug.
- Clean any dirt or grass from the cylincer fine and flywheel screen.
- Remove battery and store in a cool dryplace above freezing. Keep battery fully charged.
- When tractor is removed from storage, it should be serviced thoroughly, including draining and refilling the crankcase with freship.

Stanting Engine After Storage

- Remove spark plug and wipe dry, drank engine rapidly until excess oil has been plown out of spark plug hole. Replace spark plug.
- 2. Fill the fue! tank.
- Install, a fully charged battery and be sure the proper connections are made.
- 4. Service air cleanor.
- Drain crankcase and refill with fresh clean oil.
- 6. Start engine and let it run slowly for the first few minutes. Move tractor autside of storage room, or keep all doors open. Do not operate engine at high speeds immediately after first starting.

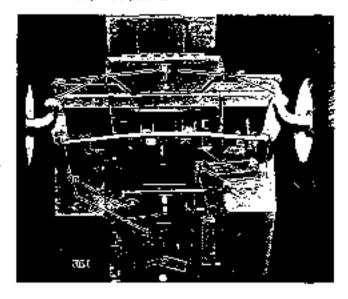
 Inflate tires to the correct operating pressure before operating tractor.

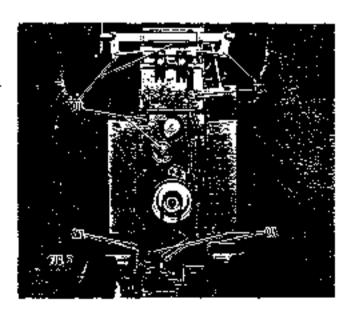
MAINTENANCE - B-206 TRACTOR

Lubrication

The 5-206 Tractor should be lubricated at the counts designated below with a good grade of light machine oil or ALL; Chalmers Chain and Cable Lube. (Fig. 1 and 2).

- 1. Front Axte Mentical spindles.
- 2. Staering.
- Axle Linkages.
- 4. All payet coints.





Oil Checks

The cit level should be checked before starting the engine and after each 5 hours of operation.

Battery - Electric Start Models Only The pattery should be kept clean and dry at all times. Keep battery shugly fastened in place and check battery cables for tight connections. Vent caps should be kept tight and vent holes in vent caps must be kept open at all times to permit gases formed in battery to escape. Do not overfill. Keep filled so solution is 3/16" above separators.

The battery is shipped installed in the traction, but contains no electrolyte. Remove battery from tractor. Fill each cell to the indicator level with an electrolyte solution of t.250-1.265 specific gravity.

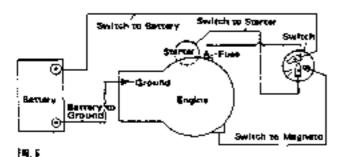
Temperature of bettery and electrolyte must be between 60°F and 90°F. Allow battery to stand 20 minutes. Check each cell and add electrolyte as necessary to restore level to indicator. Give battery minimum charge at 20 amperes for 10 minutes or until the temperature of the electrolyte reaches 80°F. Reinstall battery in tractor.

Check each time engine is serviced to insure that the electrolyte level is maintained at approximately 3/15" above the plates. Add distilled water, when necessary, to bring electrolyte (battery solution) up to proper level.

Should the battery become discharged and need charging it can be charged on equipment with a 110 volt plug-in battery charger. Sefore charging read CAUTION carefully.

<u>CAUTION</u>: 110-volt plug-in charger will not bring battery up to charge unless cable is disconnected from negative (-) side

WIRING DIAGRAM



of battery. Do NOT run angine with battery disconnected unless the fuse is removed from the fuse holder. Failure to remove the fuse can result in electrical sparking and alternator damage.

If tractor is not used for an extended period during winter, remove battery and store in a fully charged condition in a cool place.

Transmission (Fig. 7)

The transmission has a capacity of 1 1/2 pints of SAE 90 oil and is filled at the factory. It will not normally require replenishment, but occasionally check drain plug for tightness and axie tube oil seals for leakage. Keep oil up to level of filler plug.

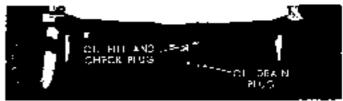


FIG. 7

Tires

The times of the tractor are inflated with air pressure in excess of the normal amount for shipment. For comfort of operation, release some of the pressure until a pressure of 12 lbs. per square inch its attained for rear times. Maintain times at this pressure. Front times are semi-pneumatic no pressure.

ADJUSTMENTS Carburetor (Fig 8).

The carburetor has been adjusted at the factory, but due to different locations and climatic conditions, minor adjustments may be recessary.

Initial Adjustment

Turn needle valve clockwise until it closes.

CAUTION: Re careful not to close needle valve too tight as this may demage the valve.

Now open the needle valve approximately 1 1/8 turns counterclockwise. Close and reopen the idle valve in the same manner. The initial adjustment will be sufficient to start the engine and make final adjustments.



NOTE: Let the engine warm up before going to the final adjustment procedures.

Final Adjustment

Close the needle valve until the engine makes a misfire (skips). This misfire indicates a "lean mixture" of air and fuel. Now, open the needle valve out past the amooth operating point until the engine begins to run uneventy (bouncy). This indicates a "rich mixture" of air and fuel. Then close the needle valve slowly to the micopoint between the "lean" and "rich" points so that the engine runs emoothly.

Now move the throttle lever to the jole position, then set (turn) the idle speed adjusting screw until the engine runs at a fast jdle (approximately 1,150 RPM). Next, turn the idle valve in (lean mixture) then back out (rich mixture) and then set the valve to the midpoint or until the engine idles smoothly. Now reset the idle speed adjusting screw until the engine idles at 1,750 RPM.

To check for correct settings of final adjustments, move the throttle control layer to the "Fast" position—the engine should accelerate without hesitation or skipping. If hesitation and/or skipping is encountered, readjust the carburston to a slightly richer setting.

General Tune-Up

The engine manufacturer recommends the following spark plugs for replacement:

A-C	Autoli	뉻	Champion	
CS-45 or	r GS -4 6	A7N or A	71 ČJ-8or y	-8
Spark Pl	lwg Gap -		.030"	
Ignition I	Paint Gap		.020"	
Intake Va	alv≄ Clea	rançe	.005"007"	
Exhauste			nage nave	

Clutch-Brake Adjustments (Fig.9, 10, 11) NOTE: When adjusting Clutch on Brake follow the entire procedure.

With the idler Pulley held tight against the belt position and lock the Set Collan 1/8"

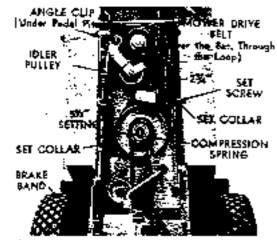


FIG. 9

from the Angle Clip. This adjustment is made with an Allen wrench through a slot on the right side of the frame (Fig. 3). To adjust the Compression Spring on the Brake Rod, compress the Spring to a length of 5 1/2" with Set Collar and then look in place with set screw in collar.

For Brake Band adjustment, pull lower flangs of the Brake Band forward to tighten brake and lock set cottan 1/4" to 3/16" from flance.

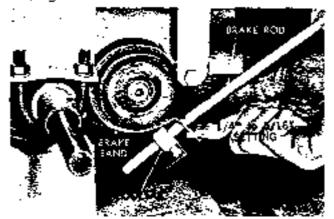
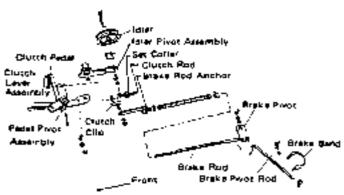
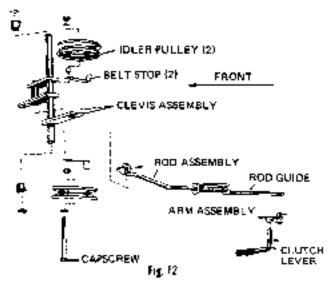


FIG. 10



Power Take Off Central Lever (Fig. 12) The P.T.Q. Lever need not be adjusted unless an implement such as a rotary mover is to be used.

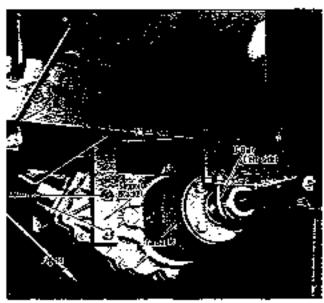
To adjust F.T.O., with mover attached, cosition Set Collar on P.T.O. Red Assembly such that the Spring is compressed to a length of 2.3/4" with the P.T.O. Lever in the "ENGAGED" (Forward) position.



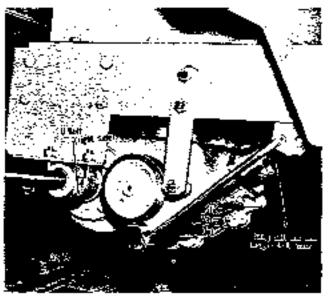
Removal of Transaxle (Figs. 13 & :4). To remove the transaxle from the tractor, proceed in the following sequence of steps.

- Lift or jack up the trector to a point where the rear wheels are free of the ground. Place a support strong enough to bear the weight of the tractor at a point under the frame ahead of the P.T.O. pulley.
- Disengage and remove transmission drive belt.
- 3. Remove hub caps from wheels.
- Remove (2) snap rings from prooves (one at each end of transaxle). Slide wheels off axle. Remove axle spacers and washer from each end of axle.
- 5. Remove shifter laver knob.
- Lupsen and remove 3 capsonews connecting 1602064 bracket to frame and transaxle on left side - remove bracket.
- Remove 4 washers and nuts and 2 "L" brackets holding transaxte to frame.
- Standing at repriof tractor, lower the left side of the transaxle until the shift lever has passed through the frame and then slide the transaxle to the left until fine of the brake pand and frame.

Note: The Brake band and rod do not have to be disassembled to remove the transaxis.



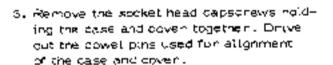
LEFF SIDE FIG. 13

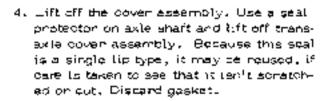


RIGHT SIDE FIG. 14

Transaxic Disassembly

- 1. Clean the outside surface of the transaxie, away from the area where disassembly will take place. (Position shift leven in seutral position to help disassembly. See Figure 15, Remove sarews (3) holding shift tower and shift leven housing. Remove snift lover housing. Drain oi) through the shift leven opening (for service of shift lever assembly, refer to Page 16. Persove alti keys from keyways, remove alt ourrs and dirt from shafts. On herdened shafts, use à stané la remove ourns. All seals should be replaced whenever a shaft is bulled through a seal. Always use a new gasket whenever the gasket surfaces have: been separated.
- 2. After removing axis housings, place the unit in a receptacle, bench or clamp the transaxie in a soft jaw vise. Position the transaxie so that the socket head capscrows are facing up.





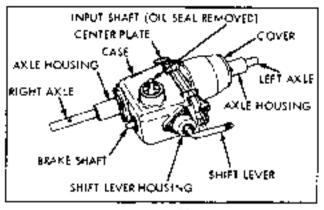


Figure 15

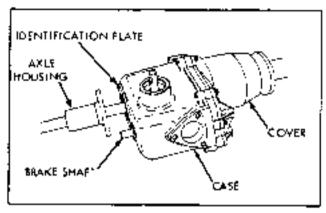


Figure 16

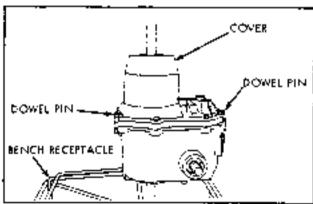


Figure 17

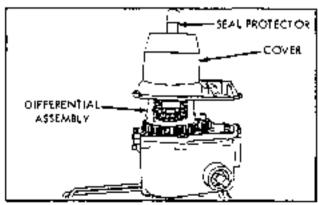


Figure 18

5. To remove differential assembly, it may be necessary to replace two or three schews to hold center plate assembly down. Pull assembly straight up. If tight, tap on lower axie with soft mailet. <u>QAUTION</u>: Do Not Use Steel Hammen. Refer to _Page 13 _for differential assembly service. Remove gear on top of shifter shaft.

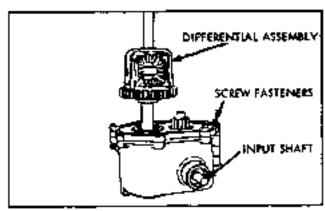


Figure 19

 Remove temporary holding screws, if used, and lift officenter plate assembly. Dispand gasket.

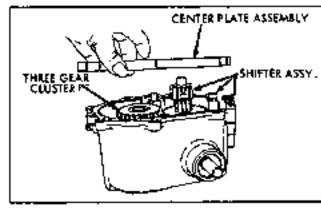


Figure 20

7. Remove complote shifter assembly by greading shiften geans, shaft and each shiften note as a unit.
(COTQ: Examine assembly carefully) if no service is required, netain assembly as a unit for easy reassembly. If service is necessary, refer to began to . Also, refer to illustrations 25 and 25 and paragraph (13) on next page.

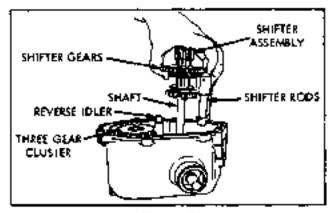


Figure 21

 Ramove revense jolen shart and spacen, divoten gean assembly and tortust washen.
 For removal and replacement of geans on clusten, see paragraph (11) on next page.

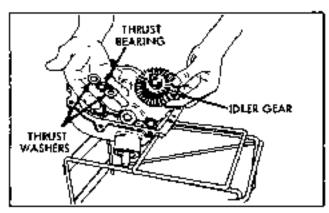
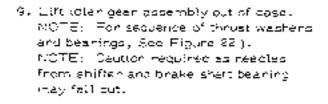
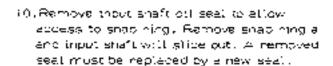


Figure 22







- (2) The cluster gean can be disassempted. All geans are replaceable if demaged or worn. Engineeously use a prose to drive the geans squarely.
- (a) The small and middle gear bevel faces down, there is no bevelod adpe on large gear. Shorten section between middle and large gear.
- (c) Key edge ends must align with shart ends.

12. Shifting Assembly

The shifting assembly is usually removed from and installed into the transaxle as a unit. The exsembly is removed and replaced by chasping the shifting node firmily. This will cause the pincing necessary to hold the essembly together. Before removal on installation of the shifting assembly, cotones to the shiften forks shiften stop. This indicates that shiftening assembly is in a neutral position. The shiften stop must be so positioned that the notch aligns with notches in shiften forks. For service of the shifting assembly, refer to Page 16.

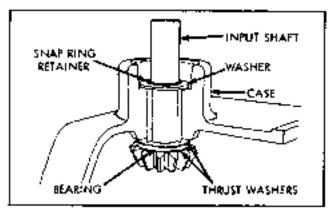


Figure 23

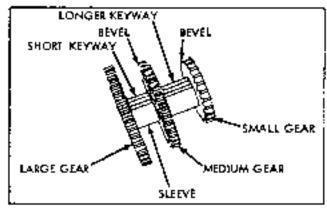


Figure 24

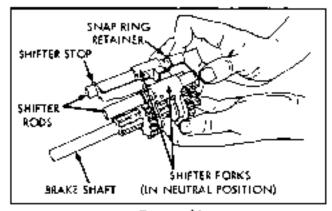


Figure 25

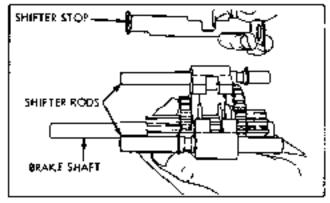


Figure 26

13. Transaxte Assembly

- (a) Install thrust washers and bearing on input sheft. Note sequence, Fig 27.
- (b) install input shaft into case assembly.
 Lock on with shap ring retainer. Install oil Seal.
- (c) Set case assembly open side up. Insent the idler shart gean assembly, thrust washers and bearings. Note sequence of washers and bearings (Fig22).

Note: Place reverse idler staff into bearing to ald in holding washers, thrust bearing, idler shaft and gear assembly prior to installing shifter assembly.

- (d) Insert the washer and then the three gear cluster assembly.
- (e) Insert shiften assembly. Sheck that rods are seated properly.

Note: Reverse idlar shaft will be pushed out at this time.

- (ř) Install revense idlen. Make syre bavelat adge is up. Spacer on topiofigear.
- (g) Place new gasket on case and install center plate.
- (h) Place new gasket on center plats and install differential assembly, longer axle in down position. Be sure gear on shiften shaft is on scaft.
- (i) Instat! gear case dowel pins. Leave dowel pins slightly exposed on top to locate cover assembly.
- (j) Install transaxte cover assembly, and secure with eight (5) cap screws.
- (k) Install bearings and/or pushings, if necessary. Install seal.
- (I) Pátatí ax)é housing assembly, F(II) with 1 1/2 pints Ş.A.E. EP 90 oj).
- (m) Inspection Note: For a neutral position, shift notches in forks and notch in shiften stop must be aligned and centrally located.

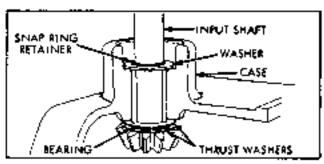


Figure 27

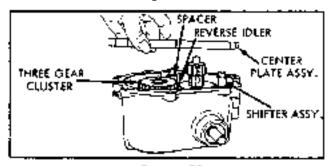


Figure 76

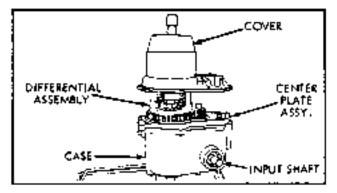
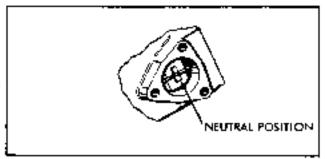


Figure 29



Pigure 30

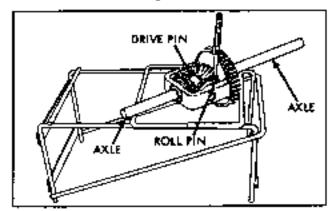


Figure 31

DIFFERENTIAL

C. Madel 600

1. Disassembly

(a) Onlye out not! pin that secures drive pin with suitable driven.

(t) Remove drive pin.

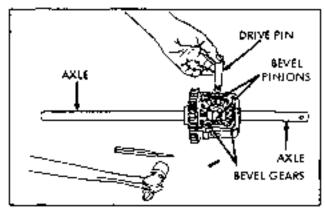


Figure 32

(c) Throat washers must be removed before attempting to remove the politions. Remove bevel politions simultaneously by notating the gears in opposite our ections; gears will move out of position.

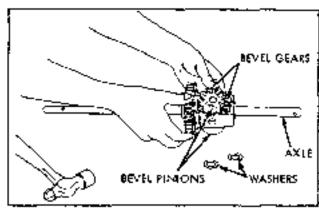


Figure 33

- (d) Universal bout le not, più and stide axte pixt. On half più orive types, arque the bevet geans from the axte. See Rigune 84.
- (a) On solute 10" type drives, nemove shap ring, bevel gean and thrust washen. Shipe px)c out. See Figure 95 .
- (f) Instead aushings and geans for wear and heblade when recessary.

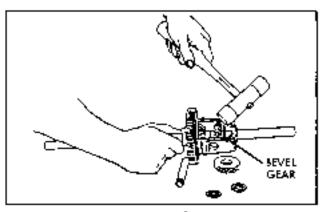


Figure 34

- Reassembly of Differential Assembly (a) Flace axies (left and night) into differential gean assembly. (nstal) thrust western.
 - Note: The axies differ in length so select the proper axie.
 - (b) On roll our crive models, install couble roll ours into tales in each chaft. Place bevol gears on shaft. Poll pins (it into the recess in pack of the geans, tovel gears must be seated tightly on the roll pins on binding will occur. See Figure 35

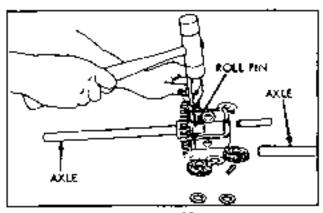


Figure 35

- (c) On ocuble "D" type prives, place beyet geans on the shaft and install. shap ring in groove on the shaft. See Figure36
- (d) Install bevel pintons SIMULTAN-ECUSLY FROM OPPOSITE SIDES by rotating pinions in opposité directions while sliding into position in gear assembly. See Figure 33 . Check alignment by insenting fingers into artive pin hates. If not aligned, arrive pur darmot be insented. Remove and replace bevel protons as only one tooth. out of position will dause misalign. ment.
- (a) After aligning, insert thrust washens behind each pution. Insert drive pin and secure with roll ping

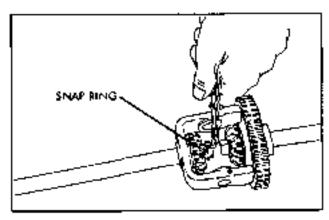


Figure 36

A. SHIFT LEVER ASSEMBLY

1. Gemerat

- (a) Potog to removing a solft jever assemb) y from a transaxie, make note of the position of the shift lever so that it may be assembled correctly to the shift. teven housing.
- (b) Move the shift leven to Neutral, if possible, before removing it from the transaxtel. Clear around the leven house ing to prevent dirt from falling into the transaxle, Cover this otening, if possible.

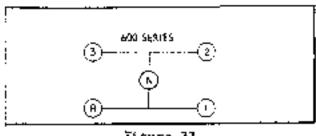


Figure 37

Disassempty.

- (a) Flace the shift leven in a vise so that the shift leven housing is at least one. inch from the top of the vise jaws.
- (b) Dawel Pin Type, Locate the cowel. pin holding the retainer in the housing from the butside (Fig.38). ₹1ace a 1/4" flat face bunch on the gasket surface directly over the cowol pin. Strike the bunch sharply but lightly with a hammen to dislodge the retainen from the shift leven housing. Always use a new dowel our for reassembly. Shap Ring Type, Use the proper compressing type too. For removing the shap ring. Loosen the vise and disassemble the pieces (Fig 39).

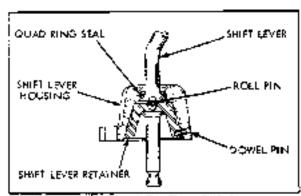


Figure 38 Dowel Pin Type Shift Lever

- (a) Remove the shift leven from the shift leven bousing. Examine the cold pin in the ball of the shift leven, (Fig.38) is bent on worm, heplace. When insenting a new holt on in the ball, post-tion so that equal lengths chothode from both sides of the ball.
- (d) Oil teakage past the opiniowhere the shift level entens the shift leven housing will require replacement of the qued ring seal in the shift leven rousing.
- (e) Pinton to reassembly, be sure that bends in the shift lever connespond to the mounting on the vertals.

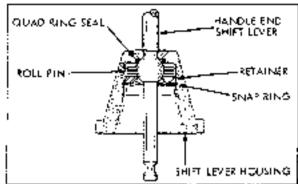


Figure 39 Shap Ring Type Shift Lever

3. Reassamaly

(a) Dowel Pin Type. Secure with a new dowel bin. A second cowel pin is used in some assemblies for elignment. This dowel pin is located in the casket surface of the shift leven housing and fits into a matting hole in the transaxie.

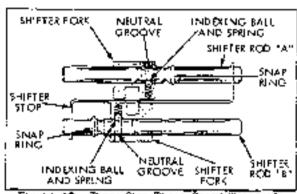


Figure 40 Three Stop Three-Speed Transaxte Shuler flod and Fork Assembly

- (b) Shap Ring Type: Secure parts with the shap ring. Before installing the shift lever and nausing to the themsaxle housing, check the shifting forks for Neutral position.
 - (c) Always use new gaskets catwoon the snift lever housing and the transexter.

CLISHIFTING ASSEMBLY

1. General

(a) Soliting assemblies are nemotical from and installed into transactes by solvesting the top end of the solition rods. This bauses a pinding that reteins all cents during removal on installation.

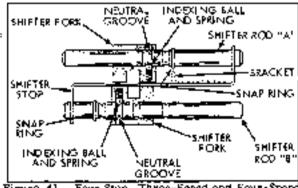


Figure 41 Four Stup. Three-Speed and Four-Speed Transacle Shater and Fork Assembly

Disassemply

Follow the illustrations in order. Figs. 46,45,44,43,43,41. Prior to diseasembly compare the assembly with the illustrations. This will aid during the reassembly.

3. Inspection

- (a) Replace the soutten stop if worm or damaged.
- (0) Examine the teeth prolintering; spinnes of the two shifter gears. Replace damaged geans. The gears must slide freely on the shifter sheft. Excessive wear of the internal soltne in the geans will preate cocking and difficult shifting. Replace the gean if this condition is present.
- (c) Replace the shiften shaft needle bearing if wear is evident. Replace in the bearing surface of this shaft should it be souffed, pitted on worn to a disrnaten less than 1750".
- (d) Replace other parts showing wear, looseness, cracks, etc.

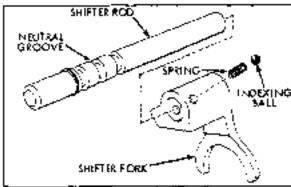


Figure 42 Assemble Shifter Forks to Shifter Rods

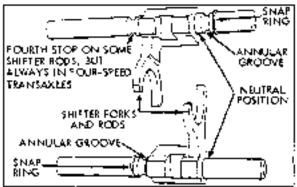


Figure 43 Shifter Forks and Rods Positioned In Neutral

4. Assembly

- (a) Reassemble the shifting assembly by following the illustrations beginning with Figure 41 through 46. Pay particular attention to either Figure 38 or 40 during the neassembly of the shiften fonks and shiften hous. Lay the parts on the banch in the same manner as illustrates in Figure 39 or 40 on a clean paper or shot cloth. Pay particular attention to the enholar process in the shiften hous and the shap hind.
- Assemble the enlitter fonks to the shiften node as illustrated in Fig. 41... The shiften fonks are intendenceable.
- (2) Refer to Fig. 41. Stide the shifter enfork onto the shifter not until it comes to the note with the indexing ball and spring. With a flat blade screw priven press the indexing ball into the note and move the shifting fork completely onto the shiften hod.

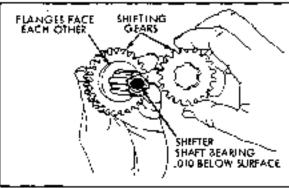


Figure 44 Two Flanged Gears onto Shifter Shaft

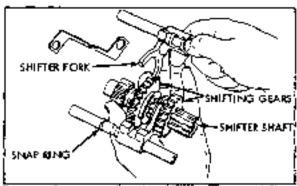


Figure 45 Assembling Shift Fork, Gears and Shart Assemblies

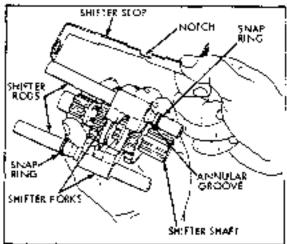


Figure 46 Positioning Shifter Stop

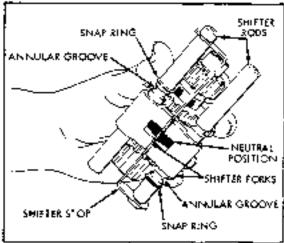


Figure 47 Final Assembly

- (3) Move the shifting fork to the Neutral position. The neutral groove is the center groove. If the shifter red has four grooves, the neutral groove is the second groove from the shortest and. This neutral groove can be seen through the hole in the shifter fork. See Figures 39 and 40, the arrow from the "Neutral Groove" is passing through the role for view.
- (4) When the shifter forks are properly assembled to the shifter rous and positioned in neutral, the ends of the notches in the shifter forks are in alignment. (Figure 47).
- (b) Assemble the two flanged geans onto the shifter shaft. (Figure 43) Note that the lange gean is placed on the shaft first with the flange side toward the needle bearing in the end of the shifter shaft. Slide on the smaller gear with the flange toward that of the langer gean. (Figure 43,44).

- (c) When assembling the shifter fork and root to the flanged geans on the shifter shaft, Figure 48, that shifter fork which is on shifter rod "A" always engages to flange in the larger gean. To determine which is shifter nod "A" compare the parts to illustrations. Figure 39, and 40. Hold the shifter shaft in the hand as illustrated (Figure 43) during assembly.
- (d) After the shiften fork and not assemblies have been engaged with the flanged gears allow the shiften rods to lay open in the hand and cosition the shiften stop. (Figure 45). The notch in the shiften stop is the guide for connect positioning. Align this notch with the connesponding notches in the shiften forks and insent the shiften stop. Move the shiften node together, (Figure 46) and insent into the transaxie. Remember to soveeze the ends of the shiften node to cause the assembly to bind and stoy together.
 - (e) in three speed transaules the needle ceaning end is inserted first into the case to engage the end of input shaft.
 - (f) When placing the shifting assembly in into the four speed transaxle be sure the thoust washen is on the bearing. Place the assembly into the transaxle with the needle bearing end of the shifter shaft up. Allow the end of the shifter shaft to protude below the ends of the shifter rous, this will ease the alignment of the assembly.
 - (g) The shiften assembly is correctly installed in the transaxle if the notates in the shiften forks are just about in the center of the opening in the case on cover of the transaxle.

ASSEMBLY OF TRANSAXLE

Care should be taken when reassembling the transaxie to the frame of the tractor not to carrage the prake band and brake rod. The following sequence of steps should be followed:

- 1. Standing at the rear of the tractor: Hold the transaxle with the brake drum on the left and the shift leven up, tilt the hight end of the transaxle up slightly and slice it to the hight allowing the shift leven to pass through the hole in the frame. The brake drum should fit inside the brake band.
- Reassamble 2 "U" brackets (one on each end of axle shaft) to frame and fasten to frame with 4 washers and nots.
- 3. Faster 1602064 bhacket to frame and transacio with 3 capsorows, washers, and nots the long side of the pracket should extend down and readward from the bottom of the frame.
- 4. Stide a wheat spacer on each end of the transaxio. Assemble wheets on axte and assemble shap ring in groove outside of each wheet. Replace hub saps. Note: Viheet width of hear wheets can be changed by revensing the face of the wheet hub on the axte.

If both wheels are assembled with deep dish side of hub toward the transaxie a narrow stance Can be obtained.

- Install transmission drive belts.
- Adjust brake and clutch two this manual page 8

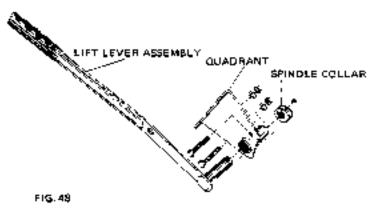
MIFT LEVER KIT

Assembly

The Lift Lever Kit is necessary if you wish to mount the 35" Snow Plow and Dozen Blade to your B-206 Tractor. To assemble on B+206 Tractor, proceed as follows:

- 3. Assemble coodmant to tractor frame by inserting roo of cyadrant into pole on hight side of frame below 5-30% secal with the flange up and out from tractor. Fastion quadrant to frame by inserting two capscrews into two notes through the quadrant and frame. Faster each capscrew with a lockwasher under each has not.
- 2. Put handje grap onto Lift Leven.
- Stide Lift Leven shaft into hole in goadrant and through the frame.

- 4. Appemble Lift Arm Assembly with the needed pin toward the Lift Leven. The Spindle Collian should slide onto the end of the Lift Leven Shaft. Align the holes in the spindle collar and lift leven shaft. Insent the prooved him through the spindle collar hole.
- The remaining weather and duick bin are assembled on the headed bin of the lift arm assembly when attaching the Dozen Blade.



35" ⊆±ow #low and Dozen Blade

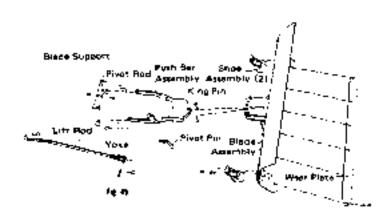
Attaching the Blade

The Blade is attached to the S-208 Tractor by means of the Blade Support Plate which comes with the Blade Assembly Kit. For effective operation, the Lift Leven Kit is required when the Blade is used.

Mount the Blade Support Plate to the front of the tractor with the (3) three colts, lockwashers and nuts provided. Once the plate is secured, align the holes of the Push Bar Assembly with the holes in the Blaze Support Plate and connect with the Pivot Bar. Make sure that the Fivot Bar is secured with the Quick Pins on both sides of the Fush Ban.

Now align the holes in the lift Rod Make with the bold in the upper right arm of the Bush Bar Assembly, insent Yoke Pin and lock in with the Quick Pin.

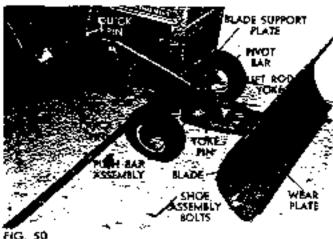
Put the rear end of the Lift Rod through the hole in the Lift Leven and look in with the washen and Quick Fin. The blace is ready to use.



Blade Adjustment

The place is adjustable to (5) angle positions: straight ahead, 2 positions to the left and 2 positions to the right. To position the Blade, remove the Prvot Pin, awing Blade to desired position and replace Pivot Pin.

To adjust the Blade lift height, pull the Quick Pin from the Yoke Pin, remove the Yoke Pin, loosen the Jam Nut on the Lift Rod and turn the Yoke clockwise to raise or counter-clockwise to lower. Lighten the Jam Nut back up to the Yoke and fasten the Lift Rod back up with Yoke Pin and Quick Pin.



The Stade can be adjusted to operate at times different heights. To change the operating height, remove two bolts holding each shoe assembly and reasternble the shoes to another pair of holes in the Stade. Lowering the shoe assembly on the Stade will raise the operating height of the Stade and vice verse.

NOTE: When using the Blade for plowing snow, added traction can be obtained by using Wheel Weights and Tire Chains.

26" Rotary Mover

The B-206 Lawn and Sarden Tractor is equipped so that the Rotary Mower can be attached with ease.

The mower somes assembled and has all the necessary hardware included so that it can be attached to the tractor.

Blade Installiation

When installing a mower blade, observe that blade tips are up and bolt is securely tightened.

Attaching the Mower

To attach the mower to the tractor, first park the tractor on level ground. Move the P.T.Q. Leven to the "Disengaged" (rean) position. Put the mower down on the right side of the tractor so that it faces perpendicularly away from the tractor (Fig. 31). Turn the front wheels of the tractor hand to the left to give a clear access to the undermeath. Push the mower straight in under the tractor to the point where it can be turned 90° to face in the same direction as the tractor (Figure 52).

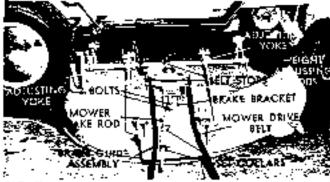


FIG. 53

Once the Mowen is aligned into position the Mowen Drive Belt must be connected.

The mower drive belt must be looped up and over the two power takeoff (P. T. Q.) pulleys. The belt must be twisted slightly so that it will pass between the outside tip of the pulley and the beit retainers. Next, run the bolt over the center prossbar (between the crossbar and the retainer loop—Fig.50), and connect it around the Engine Fulley (Fig.63). This satisfies the power hookup for the mower.

Now the Mower Brake Lever must be connected. This is done by putting the stud of the Guide Assy, through the hole in the Mower Brake Arm and securing with the flat washer and hair cotter pin provided (Figure 54).

Now lift the front of the mower up and back so that the lock stude on each side of the Mower Arm will drop down into the slots of the Mower Quick-Disconnect Assembly. (Fig. 52)

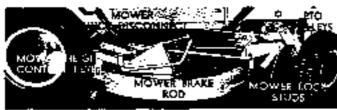


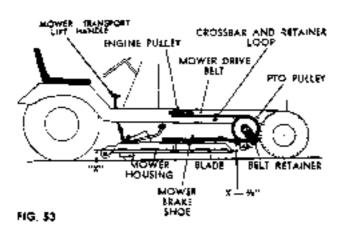
FIG. 32

Put the MOWER TRANSPORT LIFT HANDLE attached to the MOWER LIFT CHAIN up through the hole in the frame and screw the KNOS provided onto the HANDLE. The Mower can now be raised on lowered from the operator's seat. (Fig. 83).

Leveling the Mowen

Rotate the plade to the front and engage the PTO Control Lever. Measure the distance from the floor to the bottom of the blade tips both at the front and at the near. The front blade tip should be approximately 1/8" lower (nearer the floor) than the rear tip.

To raise the blade tip at the front, turn the Yokes on the Adjusting Rods clock wise (counterclockwise to love r) (Fig 51).



Once the front blade tip is in adjustment, disengage PTO Control Lever, rotate the blade 90° (tips of blade pointing to tractor sides) and then engage PTO Control Lever. Measure the distance from the floor to the blade tips. The measurements should be the same within 1/8°.

Adjusting the Mower Brake

Position the brake so that the face touches both tips of pulley, then tighten the two (2) bolts holding the Brake Bracket to the Mower Housing (Fig. 51).

Engage the PTC Control Lever and pull the Broke Assembly into the disengaged position. Move the rear Set Collar up against back face of the Guide Assembly and lock into place with the Setscrew. Now position the front Set Collar approximately 1/8" to 3/16" out in front of the Guide Assembly and lock it into place with the Setscrew. Be sure that the Setscrews in the Set Collars are positioned out to the side (Fig. 64).

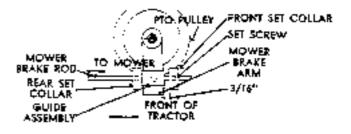
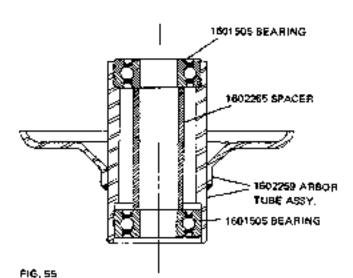


FIG. 54

MOWER SPECIFICATIONS

tection from Internal Damage Mower Mounting——Quick Attach to Front Axle



Mower Arbor Tube Assembly (Fig. 55)
Should it be necessary, the following steps
for assembling the Mower Arbor Tube Assembly should be followed.

- 1. Press 1601505 Bearing, with shield side but Hush against upper shoulder of 1502259 Tube Andon Assy. (Use equal pressure on inner and outer races of bearings).
- 2. Insert 1602265 Spacer into center of 1802259 Tube-Arbon Assy.
- 3. With the upper bearing resting on both inner and outer races, press 1601505 Bearing, with shield side out, flush against lower end of 1602265 spager. (Use Equal pressure on inner and outer races of bearing).

Şeat Adjustment

The seat may be adjusted to three positions front to back. Follow the steps outlined below: (Fig. 56, & 57).

- Until the string at right rear of seat and lift seat cushion from seat pan.
- Loosen and remove four nuts and screws undermeath frame holding seat pan.
- Slide seat pan so that four holes for desired seat position line up with holes in frame.

- Replace four screws and nots and tighten.
- Replace sext ousation on seat pan and tis securety.

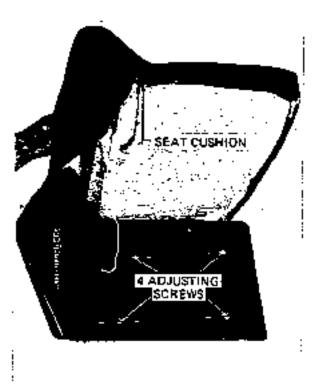


FIG. 56

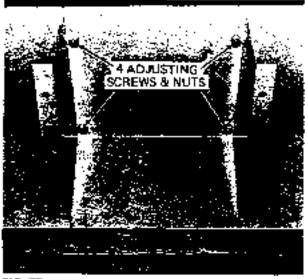


FIG. 57

Two Speed Pulley

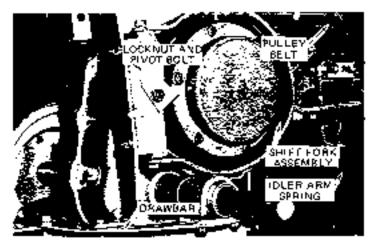
A. Removing Pulley Kit from the tractor:

- Block up the rear of the tractor and remove the right rear wheel. Fig. 1.
- Ramove the Shift Fork Assembly by removing the lookhut and long pivet balt.
- Next remove the capscrews holding the support to the drawbar and seat support. The support, pivot pracket and stop can now be removed from the tractor in one piece.
- Disconnect the spring from the belt idler arm and remove the belt from the pulley.
- \$hift the pulley assembly (nto low range by grasping the shift ning with both hands and pulling out.
- 6. Rotate the shift ring and bower assemblies until the setsonew over the shaft keyway is aligned with one of the holes in the pulley hub. Leaser setsonew. The other setsonew to the collar need not be loopened at this point as it merely holds the collar in position on the Spicer Assembly. Fig. 3.

Slide the Pulley Kit off the transmission shaft.



- Place pulley kit in a vise with pulley side up. Clamp lightly on outer cover assembly so as not to deform the cover. Fig. 3.
- Before attempting to remove the set collar, pack the long setscrew out a few more turns to make sure it is not engaging the hole in the shaft. Loosen second setscrew and remove the set collar and pulley assembly by lifting upward. Fig. 4.

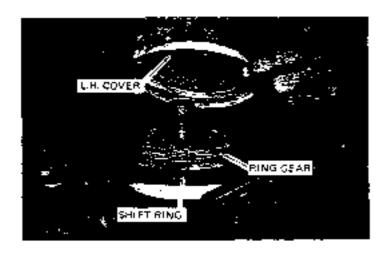








3. Remove the six flange note and capscrews holding the two cover assemblies, ring gear and shift ring together. Carefully lift the L.H. (inner) cover assembly and shift ring so as not to tean the gaskets. Fig. 5.



4. To remove the R.H. (suiter) cover assembly from the Spider Assembly, gresp the spider shaft in the left hand and hold the gover a couple inches above a bench, insent a bar into the spider shaft bore and drive.

the cover out of Spicer Assembly, Fig. 6.

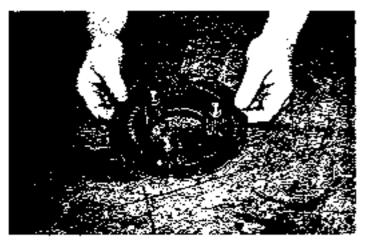


- The ring gear and pintons can be disassembled by removing the three tocknuts that hold the ring assembly and plnions to the epiden. Fig. 7.
- Thoroughly clear and inspect all parts.
 Replace bearings, gears and other parts that are exceedingly worn.

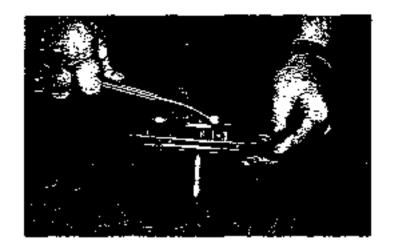


C. Assembly & Lubrication

- Place Ring Assembly on a flat surface with scuds pointing up. Fig. 8.
- Install three spacers and three pintons on stude. Apply a small quantity of Shell Durine EP #1 grease to bone and sides of pinions before placing over the spacers.
- Place ring gear on ring assembly and engage with pinion gears.



 Attach Spider Assembly to Ring Assembly with three tooknots and brique to 15 (Cribs, Fig. 9).

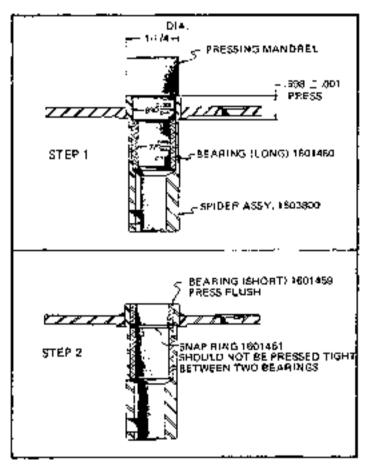


D. Replacement of Bronze Bearings to Spider Assembly

Place the Spider in press and install the long 1901480 bearing. Searing should be pressed into the bore .598 ± .001 inches from the end of the hub. A special pressing tool must be made for this operation in order to obtain the required dimension. Illustration 1, Step 1.

Insert the 1601461 Snap Ring and press the short 1801459 bearing flush with the spider hub. The snap ring must be free to expand and not pressed tight between the two bearings. Flustration 1, Step 2.

NOTE: If pressing equipment is not available, it is recommended that the entire Spider and Bearing Assembly be replaced nather than attempting to replace the bearings.



 Apply Shell Durina EP M grease liberally to the area around the geans and in the bore of the spider. Fig. 10.



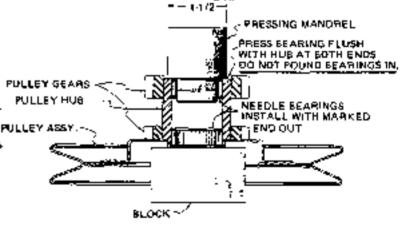
- Place one gasket on the R.H. Cover Assembly and press the Sputer Assembly on to the Cover Assembly until the shap ring engages the first detent groove. Fig. 11.
- Clamp the Cover Assembly in a vise and align the holes. Place the second gasket on the Ring Gear and align holes.

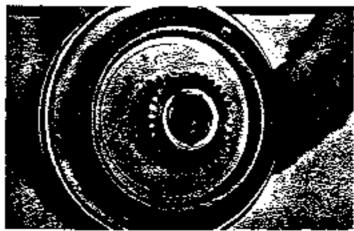


 Place shift ring or the ring gear and align holes. Fig. 12.



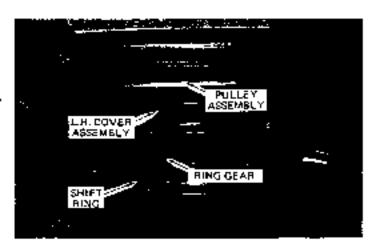
- E. Installation of Needle Bearing in Pulley and Geographics
- 9. Place pulley on a solid surface on in a press, and install one needle bearing with marked end out. Press bearing flush with surface of pulley hub. Turn pulley over and press the second bearing flush with hub. Marked end of bearing should also be out. [lustration 2.]
- 10. Work grease into needles of born bearings and full the area between the bearings with grease to the approximate thickness of the bearings. Fig. 19.
- 11. With Pulley Assembly resting on banch, place the L.H. Cover Assembly on the pulley and position the third gasket on the cover. Fig. 13.





- 12. Holding the Pulley and L.M. Cover Assemblies together, place on top of Shift Ring. Carefully align pulley gears with pinions in the Spider Assembly. Align holes in cover before engaging gear teeth. Fig. 14.
- 13. Install six capscrews with heads toward pulley. Assemble nuts to screws and turn linger tight but do not tighten. Holding Cover Assemblies, turn the pulley in both directions to center gears. Tighten nuts to 75 inch pounds in 180° sequence.

NOTE: If pulley seems locked and will not turn, the Spider Assembly may have ellipped out of low detent. If this has occurred, the unit will have to be disassembled and step six repeated.



- 14. If pulley turns freely and no binding exists, the set collar may be installed. Furn pulley until one hole in the hub aligns with the keyway in the spider shaft. Place the set collar over the shaft with the setsorews angled toward the pulley hole. Turn the long setsorew until end just protrudes into hole in shaft. Turn pulley until hole in pulley hub lines up with the short setsorew in collar. Tighten this setsorew securely to the shaft. Fig. 15.
- Install on tractor, reversing steps 1–5 in Disassembly (Section A).



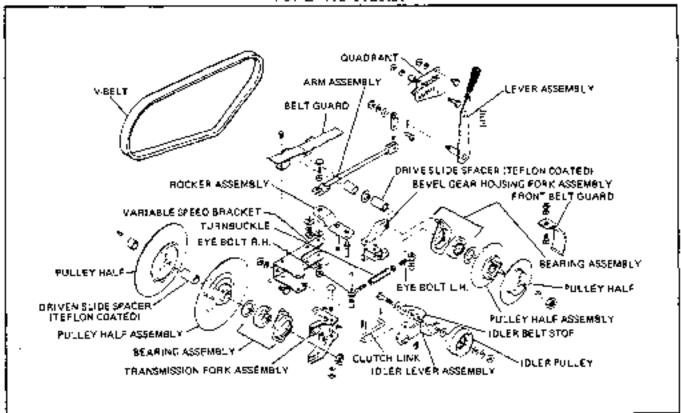


FIGURE 1

DISASSEMBLY

The variable spend pulley is designed to provide easy access to all parts. To replace the bearing assembly or bushing in the policys, observe the following steps:

- Remove the drave held.
- 2. Remove the locknet on the pulley shaft,
- On the rear pulley it will be necessary to remove transmission fock assembly.
- Remove puller (alves and bearing assembly
- Inepect and replace terion bushing and bearing easembly it neccessary.
- NOTE: The bearing and boating retainer are serviced assembled with "Location".
- Olean all parts, lightly oil the lesion bushing and reassemble polleys.
- On not exceed 50 tb. torque on the locknot when reassembling. Over-torquing will cause the pulley halves to bind.

TURNBUCKLE REMOVAL

- A. Remove the 3/8" nut and bolt from the aym and vocker assembly reference letter "A", Fig. 2.
- B. Remove the locknots, reference letter "B", Fig. 2 and lift ook bolt and rocker assembly.

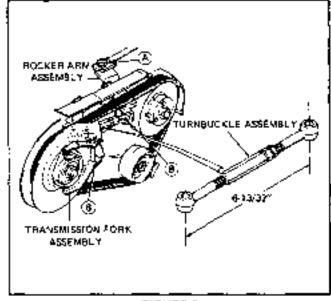


FIGURE 2

- C. Remove the transmission fork assembly and turnbuckle as follows:
- 1. Adjust the turnbuckle so that holes of the eveholts are parallel. The distance between the holes is n-13/32". Note that one end of the turnbuckle body is grouved to identify the R.H. thread end. The grouved end should be

placed forward when assembling in the tractor. OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS Assemble both evebolts with the same length of threads engaged in the turnbuckle. (See Fag. 2.1

Install the turnbackle assembly. IMPORTANT: After tightening the lockauts, reference letter "B", Fig. 2, insure that there is tree movement of the fork assemblies.

CLUTCH - BRAKE & BELT ADJUSTMENT

The variable speed mechanism is adjusted at the factory under "no load" conditions. In most instances, this adjustment should be avide satisfactory operation. If, however, under load or after the "break-in" period, erratic or unproper operation is noted, (o) . low the procedures outlined below to make nocessary adjustments.

NOTE: All adjustments require the variable speed lever to be placed in the 'High" or the "Low" position. Carefully observe which position the variable speed lever should be placed in before making each adjustment. DO NOT ATTEMPT TO MOVE VARIABLE SPEED LEVER WHEN ENGINE IS NOT RUN-NING OR WHEN CLUTCH PEDAL IS DE-PRESSED.

CHECK THE FOLLOWING ASSEMBLY AD-JUSTMENTS

- Check bolt and locknut bolding arm assembly to rocker arm. (See No. 1.) (This adjustment to be made in "High" speed posilade. I
- Check for proper clearance on front belt. guard. (See No. 2.) (This adjustment to be made in "High" speed position.).
- Check for proper clearance of :dler pulley belt stop. (See No. 3.) (This adjustment to be made in "Low" speed position.)
- Check for proper clearance between the nuts on clutch rod and the set collar. (See No. 4.) (This adjustment to be made in the "Low" speed position.).
- With variable speed tover in the "Low" speed position, the belt in the large, rear pulley should be approximately 1/8" below the top of pulley, (See No. 5.)
- Check brake adjustment. (See No. 6.) (This adjustment to be made in "Low" speed position. I

- Do not attempt to move variable speed. lever when tractor engine is not running or when clutch pedal is depressed.
- 2. Insure that parking brake is fully disongaged before placing tractor in motion.

 3. Occasionally short
- Occasionally check and remove foreign objects and debris from variable speed belt and pulleys.

GEAR RANGE AND SPEED SELECTIONS.

- 1. To obtain the most desirable results with various attachments on the Sovereign Tractor, it is recommended the tractor engine be operated at 3/4 to full throttle setting.
- When operating attachments such as the 10" Plaw, apring Tooth Harrow or Cultivator, which place a heavy draw-bar load on the tractor, it is proferable to operate tractor in I or If speed rather than III speed, low range,

BELT SLIPPAGE

If belt slippage is noted, check the following:

- Check to insure the parking brake is fully. disengaged.
- Check No. 4 under Assembly Adjustments.
- 3. Check No. 5 under Assembly Adjustments.
- On early production models the spring is normally in the top hole. If less spring tension is desired, move spring to next lowest hole of pivot lever assembly. Less tension can be used when mowing on level terrain and it clutch pedal is found to be uncomfortably hard for the operator to depress. (See Fig. 3.) Greater belt tension is necessary to prevent variable speed belt from shipping when tractor and attachment are under heavy load. A slight chartering of the variable speed belt on the pulleys will be noticeable until the belt loses its stickiness and becomes smooth.

On later production models no further spring adjustment is necessary.

LUBRICATION

If sliding pulley halves stick, lubricate bushing on which pulley rides tightly with a few drops of oil. Excessive lubrication will tend to collect dirt and dust and toud to hamper operation. Also lubricate all clutch and brake. lever proof points and all places where pull rods or links join levers.

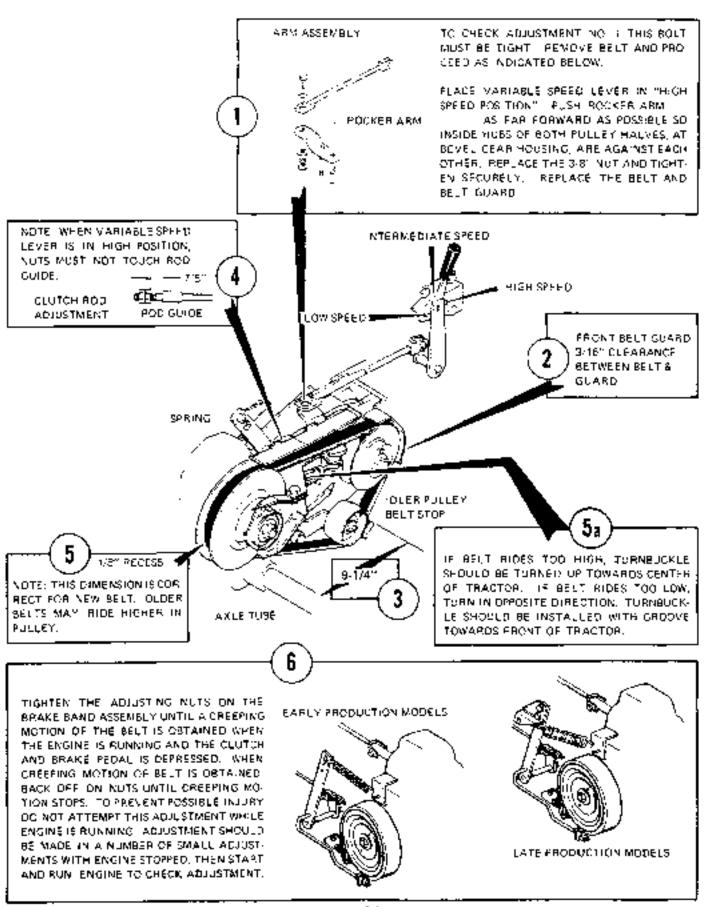
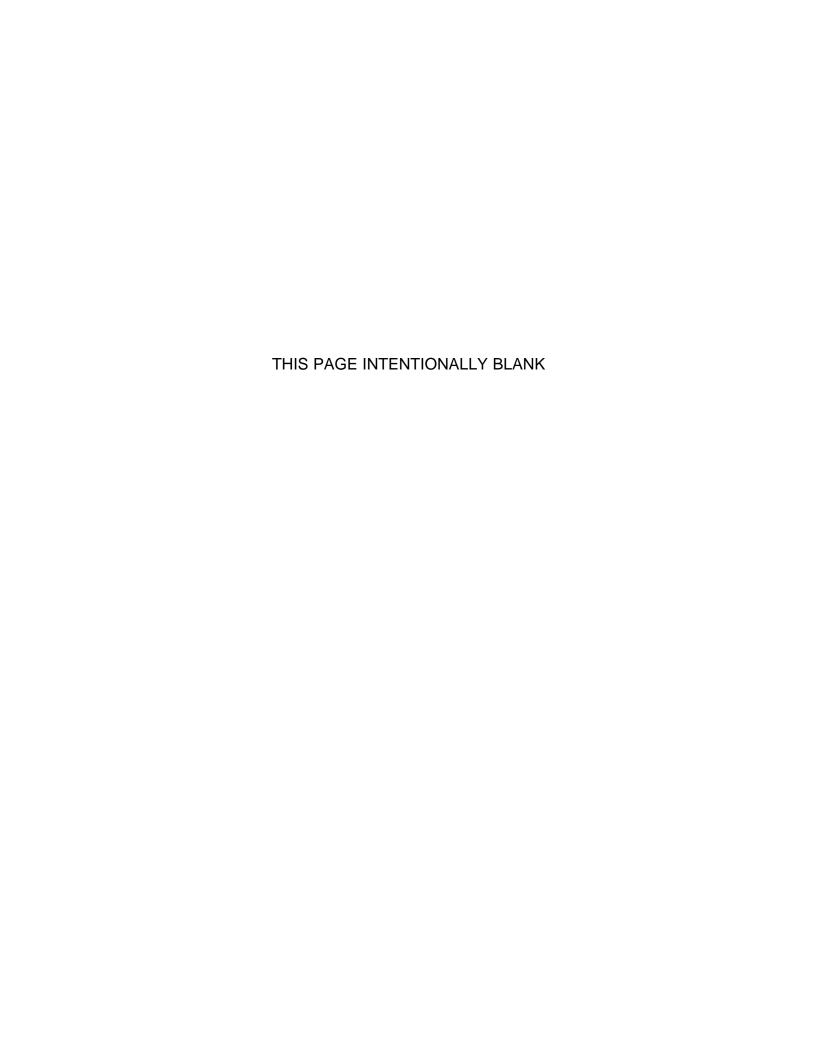
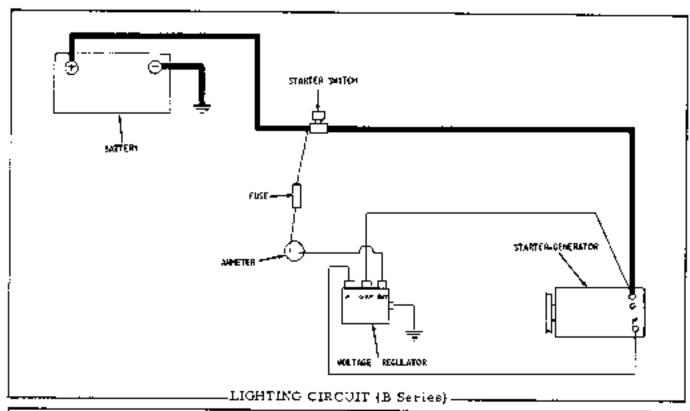


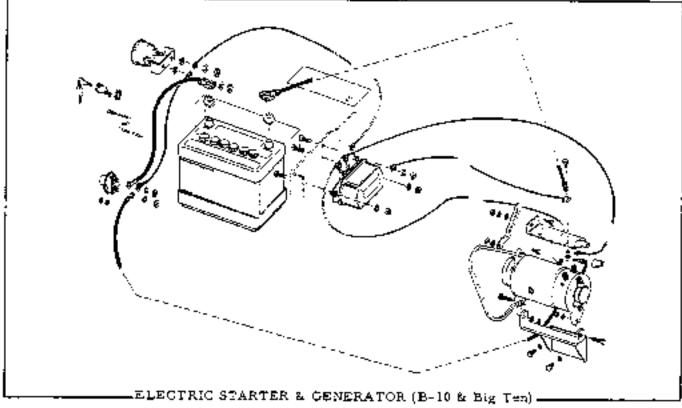
FIGURE 3

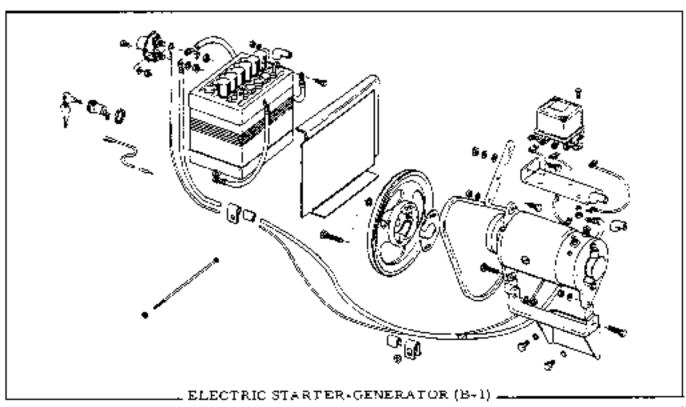
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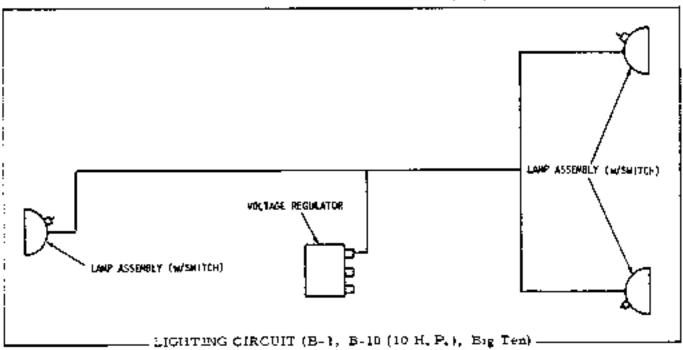
WIRING DIAGRAM							
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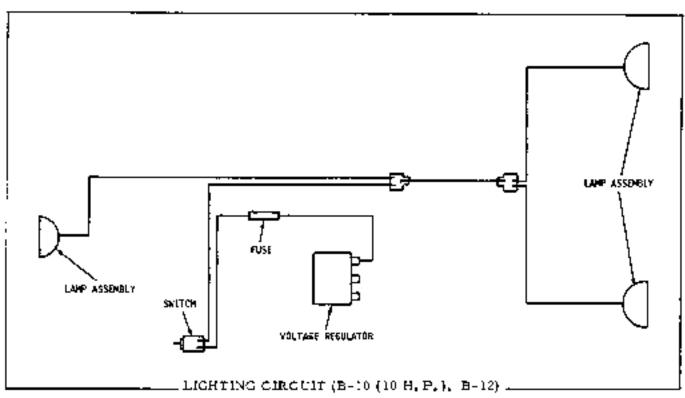


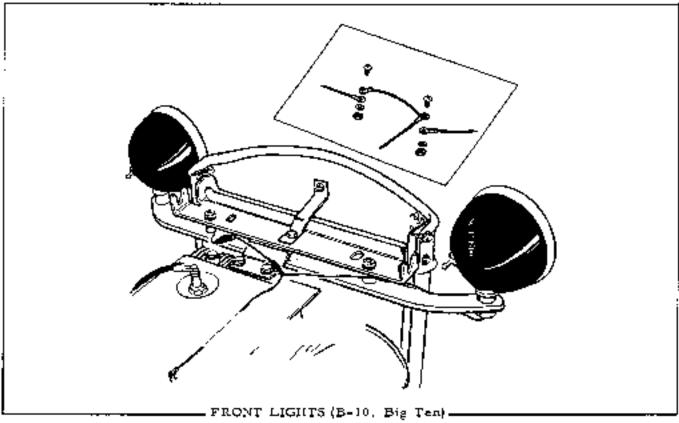


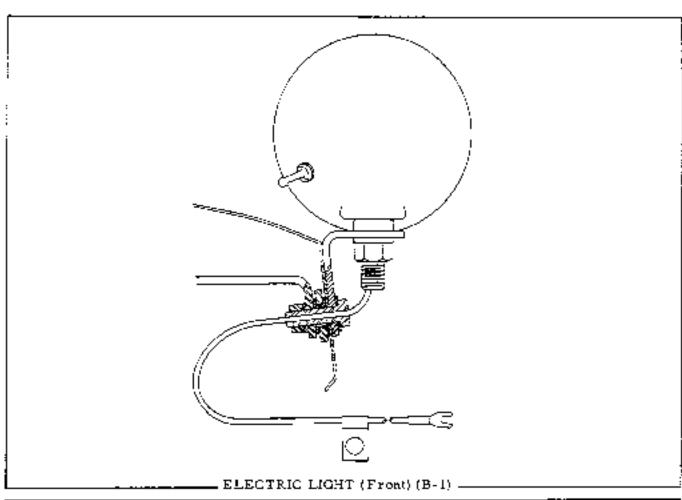


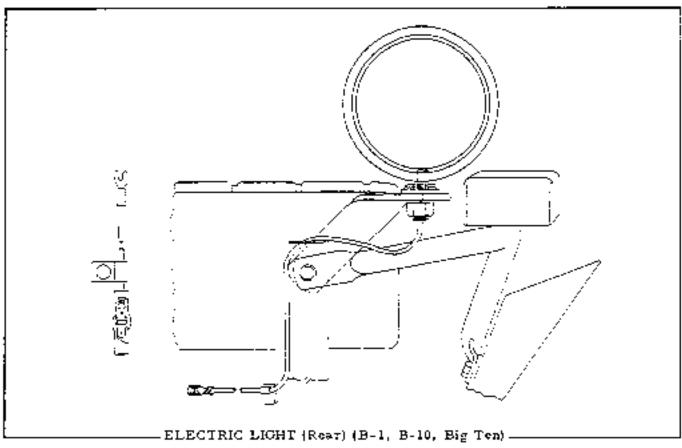






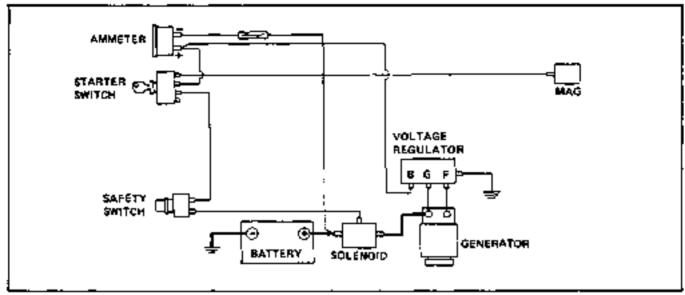




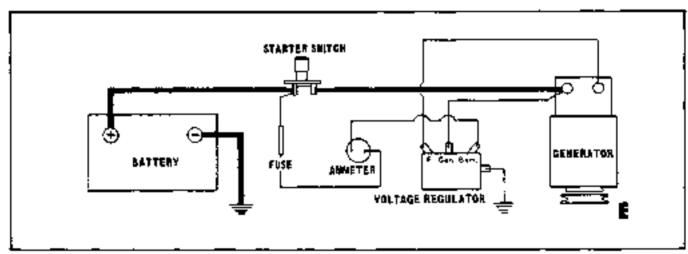


Tractors F-4

WIRING DIAGRAM MODEL 8-110, B-112, HB-112

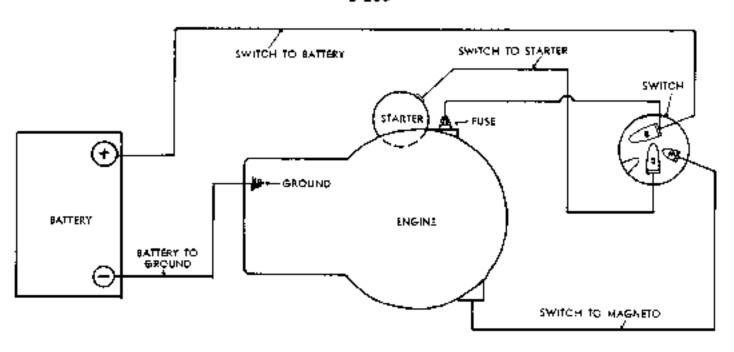


KEY START MODELS

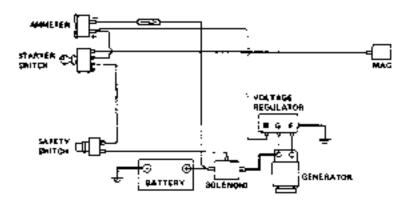


PUSH-BUTTON START MODELS

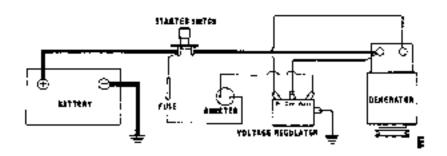
WIRING DIAGRAM 8-206



WIRING DIAGRAM 8-207, 6-208, 8-210, 8-212, HB-212



KEY START MODELS



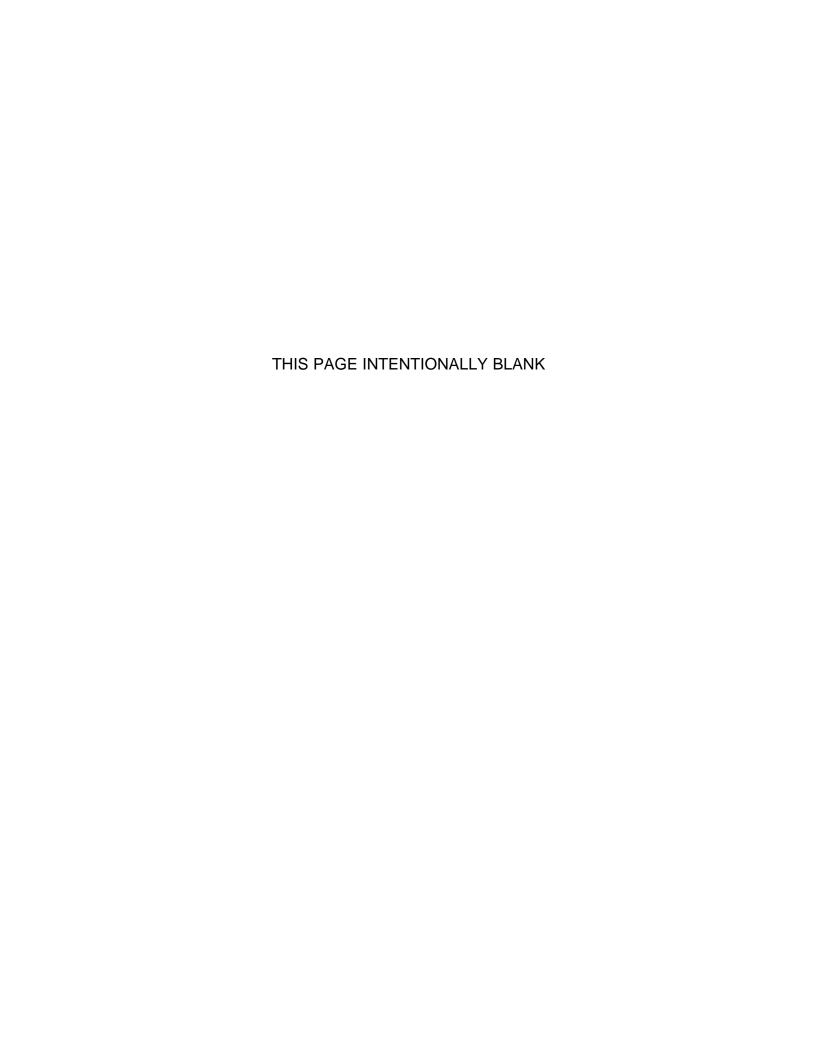
PUSH-BUTTON START MODELS

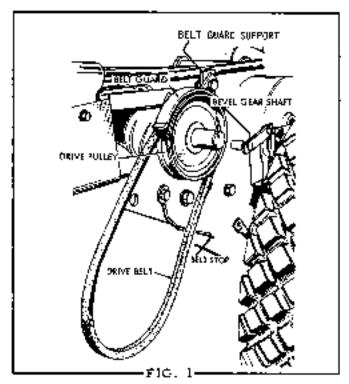
B - SERIES ATTACHMENTS

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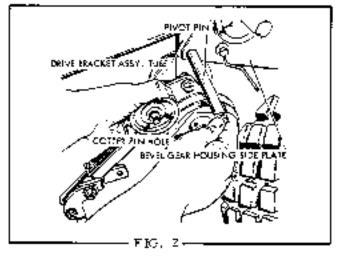


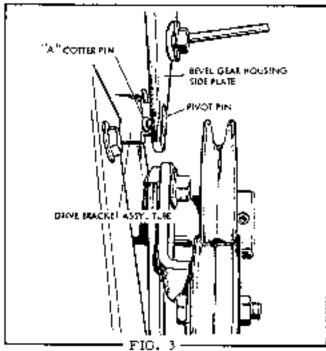


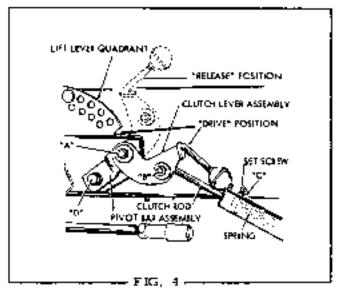
For operation of Rotary Mower and Sickle bar attachments, a power take-off attachment is required. This consists of the power take-off assembly, "V" pulley for bevel year shaft, drive belt, belt goard and belt stop packaged in one carton.

For ease of attachment follow the steps outlined.

- Install belt stop (20257(8))
- Mount belt guard support to inside surface of side plate nearest drive pulley.
- 3. Holding the P.T.O. assembly in L.H. (Fig. 2) position the tube of the drive bracket assembly between the bevel gear housing side plates. Align the holes in the side plates with the hole in drive bracket assembly tube and insert pivot pin through holes in side plates and drive bracket assembly tube, so the cotter key hole in pin lines up at "A". (Fig. 3)
- 4. Remove hex capscrew "D" from frame of tractor and mount bracket in place on left lever quadrant (Fig. 4). Position the pivot bar assembly flush against bottom of left quadrant and reinstall the hex capscrew and tighten securely. Check alignment of drive pulley on bevel gear shaft, driven pulley of P.T.D. and idler pulley and adjust driving pulley if necessary.
- Mount drive pulley to shaft of bevel gear assembly (Fig. 1). Bub of drive pulley is to face.







inward. Place the drive on drive pulley and P.T.O. polley. Align belt and secure in place with key and setsorew.

- Attach the belt guard to the guard support as shown in Fig. 1. Allow approximately 3/16" clearance between belt and guard.
- 7. Remove front hex capecrew from pull har and replace with stud #2025431 provided, short end maerted. Stip on handle assembly and tighten with locknut provided to allow free handle movement. Mount bold in place on drive pulley (Fig. 5) and attach spring to hole provided in bottom of branket assembly. Mount belt stop as shown with 3/8" bold, hat washer, lockwasher and hex nut. When implement is attached to tractor and P.T.O. is engaged, 1/8" clearance between belt stop and back of belt is required.

LUBRICATION

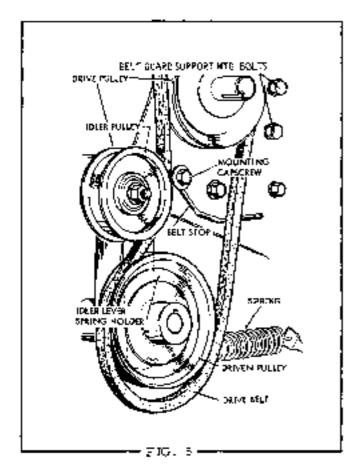
The P.T.O. is libricated by means of one grease fitting located on the bottom front of the drive bracket assembly. Occasionally apply grease by means of a standard grease gun loaded with automotive type grease. Be sure to wipe diff and grit from grease fitting before applying grease gun. Embricate all pivot points and idler pulley bearings with SAE 20 oil every few hours of operation.

OPERATION

Operation of the P.T.O. is controlled by movement of the clutch lever assembly. (See Fig. 4). When the clutch lever is in the forward raised position, the clutch rod releases the tension holding the idler pulley against the drive belt and power will not be transmitted to the driven pulley of the P.T.O. assembly. When the chut a lever is in the back, depressed position, the clutch rod applies tension to the idler pulley and as the idler pulley takes-up the slack in the drive help, power is transmitted from the drive pulley on bevel year box shaft to the driven pulley of the P.T.O. Fig. 4 shows clutch lever in drive position.

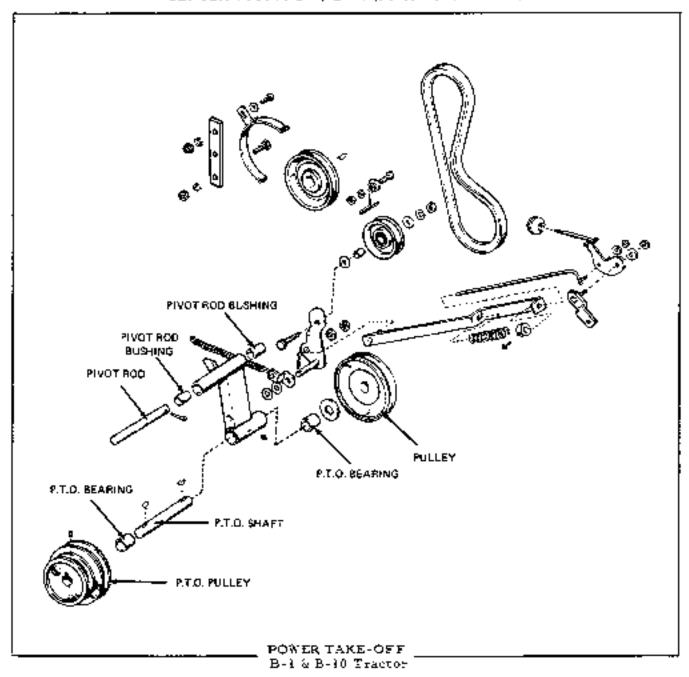
ADJUSTMENT

At points "A" and "B" of Fig. 4, check tightness



of hex but to be sure that clutch lever assembly and clutch rod are free to pivot without binding.

Place clutch lever in "drive" position and observe alearance between collar "C" (Fig. 4) and end of bracket. When implement is attached to tractor, this clearance should normally be approximately 3/4% at this setting the idler pulsey should be shughy against the drive belt. If additional tension is recurred, release clutch lever and loosen setscrew on collar and slide collar farther back on clutch rod. Retighter setsores: in collar and put clutch lever in drive position. Retheak clearance. The tension of the idlerpulley against the drive belt must be sufficient. to operate whichever tractor attackment is being. used. Any additional tension is unnecessary and will only cause premature failure of bolts and idler pulley bearings.



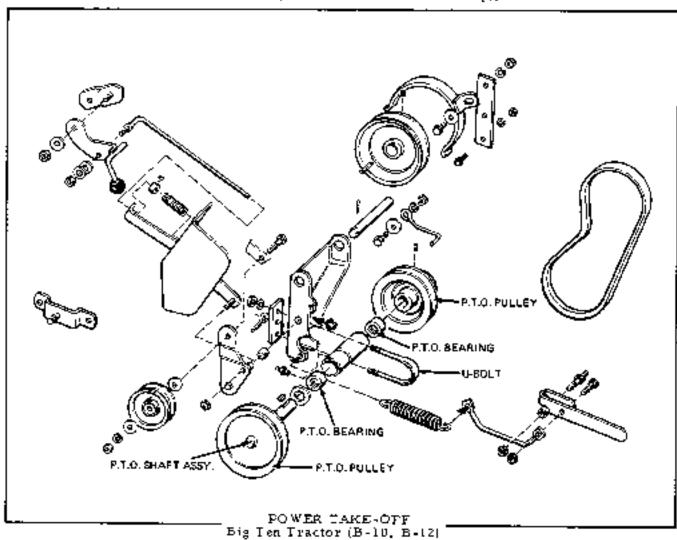
SUSHING REPLACEMENT

- i. Remove pivot rod.
- Drive out old bushings using driver large mough to contact bushing evenly.
- .. Drive in new hashings. Be careful not to listort them.
- Reinsert pivot rod.

SEARING REPLACEMENT

... Remove pulleys from each end of P.T.O. shaft.

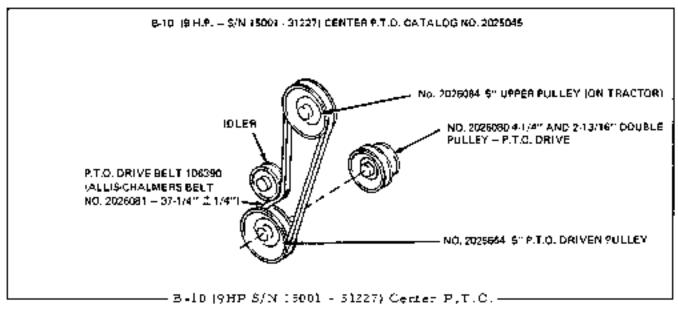
- 2. Remove P.T.O. shaft.
- 3. Drive out old bearings.
- Insert new bearings being careful not to distort them.
- 5. Replace P.T.O. shaft.
- 6. Grease well with general purpose gon grease.
- Replace pulleys back on shaft.

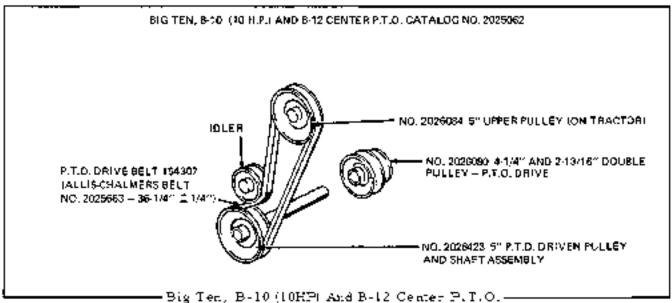


BEARING REPLACEMENT

- Remove U-bolt and remove bearing and polley assembly from unit.
- Remove P.T.C. pulley.
- Remove P.T.O. shalt assembly.
- Remove old bearings.

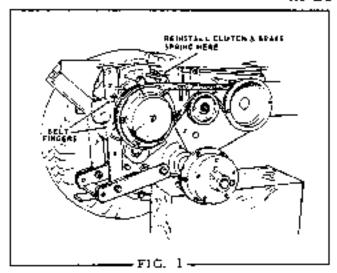
- 5. Install new bearings being careful not to distort them.
- Reinstall P.T.O. shalt and P.T.O. pulley.
- 7. Grease well with general purpose gun grease.
- 5. Reinstall unit on tractor.





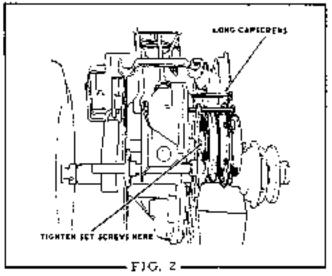
This information shows each center P.T.O. package, pulley part numbers and diameters and

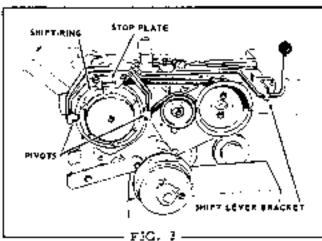
belt numbers and lengths. The belt lengths are then measured around the outer direumference.



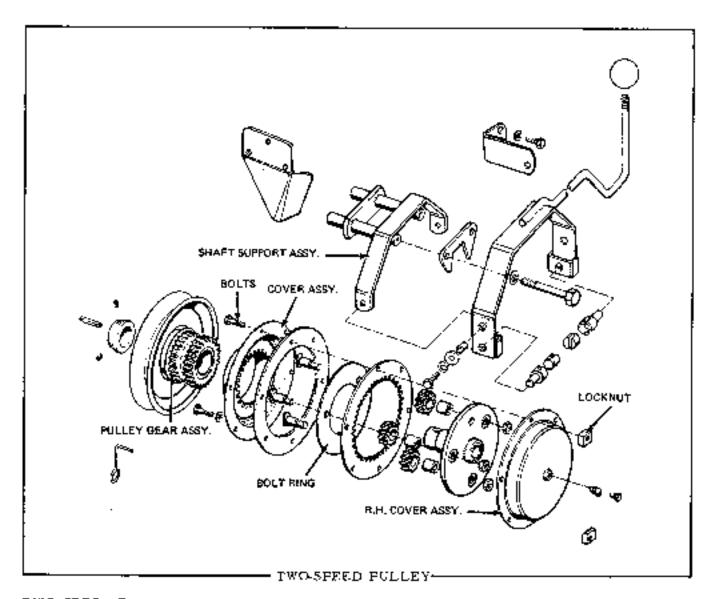
ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION

- Depress the clutch and brake pedal and apply the parking brake.
- Remove the belt from the transmission pulley.
- Remove the transmission pulley and key from the transmission shaft.
- Place the drive belt around the transmission shaft close to the transmission case.
- 5. Install the two belt stop fingers as indicated in Fig. 1.
- Install the two-speed pulley key in place in the transmission shaft.
- 7. Attach the two-speed pulley and gear case to the transmission shaft. Place the drive belt around the pulley and loosen the parking brake. Align the two-speed pulley with the idler pulley and the bevel gear housing pulley.
- 8. Tighten the setscrew on the key and then the other setscrew 90° away.
- Remove the clutch hand brake spring from the capscrew on the transmission.
- 10. Remove this capscrew from the transmission case and also the other upper capscrew from the transmission case.
- [1]. Insert the two long study into the vacant capscrew holes to the upper end of the transmission case. Put the shifter handle assembly in place on these two long study, making sure that the two privots are properly positioned over the outer rim of the shift-ring. Refer to Fig. 5. Secure with hex nots and lockwashers.





- 12. Remove the capscrew from the right side of the tractor frame above the parking brake. Use this screw to attach the shift lever bracket as shown in Fig. 3. Align to permit proper movement of the shift lever and then tighten in place.
- 33. Secure all bolts and nuts tightly. Check the clearance between the belt and the belt-stop finyers. When the belt is engaged, the clearance should be 1/16".
- 14. Reinstall the clutch and brake spring on the bracket. (Refer to Fig. 1).
- 15. Make sure that the stop place (Fig. 3) is positioned next to the two-speed pulley gear case. Approximately 1/16" clearance is required between the stop place end cover. With this minimum clearance the stop place will lodge properly between the outs.
- NOTE: For purposes of illustration only, the tractor is shown with the wheel removed. It is not necessary to remove wheel to install the two-speed pulley assembly.

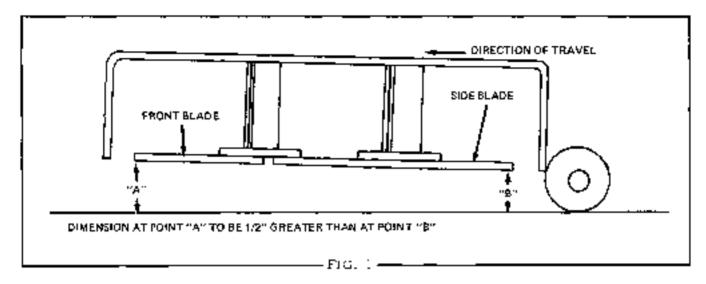


TWO-SPEED PULLEY

- Remove unit from tractor by removing two capscrews from the shalt support assembly.
- Remove the 6 bolts holding the cover assembly together.
- 3. Remove the pulley gear assombly.
- 4. Separate cover assembly, remove shift ring.
- Remove ring gear and spidor assembly from R.H. cover by inserting a shaft and gently tapping.
- Disassemble pinions by removing locknut on ring pin bolts.

- Clean and inspect for excessive wear.
- Replace necessary parts.
- Reassemble pinion and ring gear assembly and place in cover assembly.
- 10. Replace shift ring on cover.
- Place cover assembly halves together, insert pulley gear assembly.
- Polt halves together alternating thick and thus attaching outs.
- 13. Replace unit on tractor. Tightening securely setscrews holding unit to shaft.

ROTARY MOWER



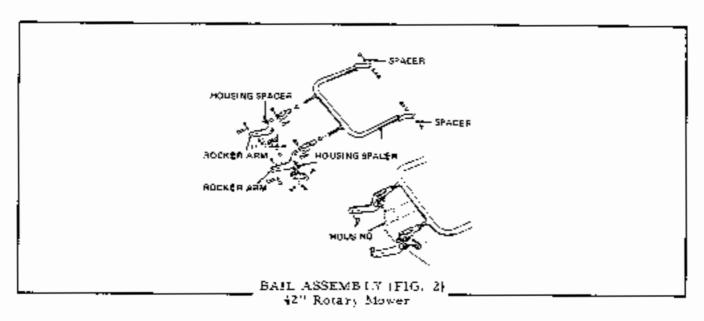
ROTARY MOWER

ADJUSTMENT (Fig. 1)

- 1. Before the mower is attached to tractor, both clevises should be adjusted until the distance between the locknot and the head of the hold is 1-1/2°. This will position the front worker arms level or equi-distant from the floor.
- Attach mower to tractor.
- 3. Lower mower to floor. Set the mower to the lowest cutting height by surning the adjusting screw handles to prevent possible distortion of lift linkage and to better stabilize cutting height adjustment. Counter-clockwise will lower the mower and clockwise will raise the mower. Rotate the center blade to the front and measure the distance from its front tip to the floor. Then totate each of the side blades so the tip can be measured at the rear. The front blade should be adjusted 1/X" higher than the rear of the side blades. This can be done by removing the pins

and lengthening the clevides at the front mount to raise the front of the mower and shorten the front of the mower.

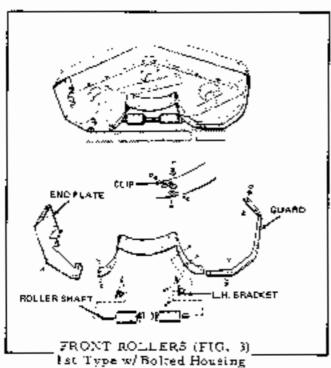
- 4. With the height adjusting screws and the mower at its lowest position, rotate the side blades and measure from the outside tips to the floor. This should measure five same on both sides. If one side is lower, the clevision the front mount on that side should be lengthened slightly. With the adjustment properly made, it will aid the cutting neighbadjusting screws to keep the unit level.
- 5. Set the mover to the top of the culting height adjustment. On the units with two adjusting screws at the roller, use crotion and see that they hold the unit level. They must be adjusted the same amount of terms each time the culting height is changed. Because of the linkage at the front mounting points, the mower will maintain the fore and all adjustment. Start the mowing operation with a long or high stubble. Lower the mower evenly to the desired cut. E at first the cut is too high, the area can be removed.



The mower rocker arms have a spacer where they fasten to the housing. This as we'll as other

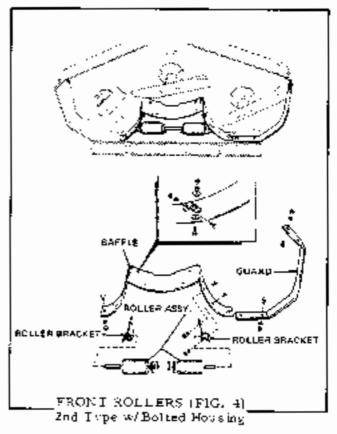
fastening locations may wear after protonged usage, (See Fig. 2).

ROLLER MAINTENANCE

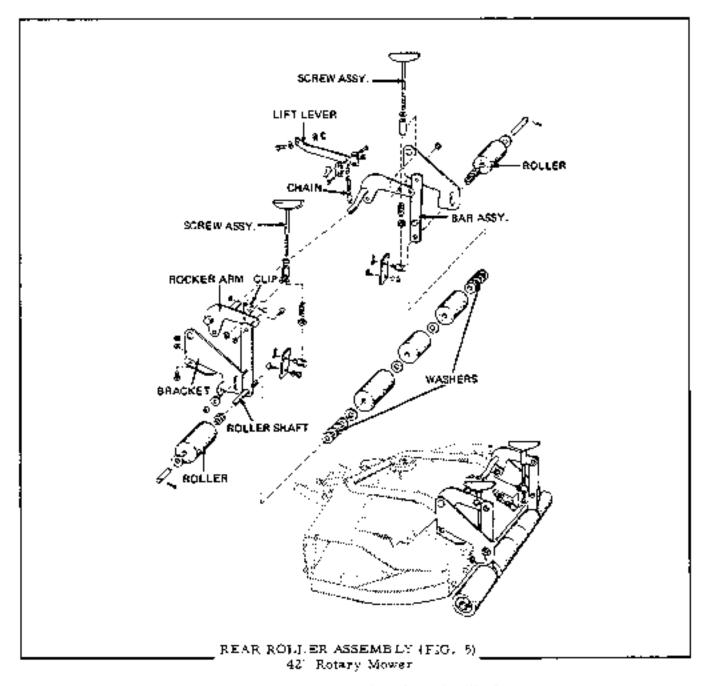


- A. FRONT ROLL ERS (Figs. 3 & 4)
- Remove 2 cotter keys between follers.
- Slide shaft to the left. Remove R.H. roller.
- Slide shaft to right. Remove L.H. rollor.

1967 MODEL MOWER (W/Nylon Inserts)



- Remove brackets and roller assembly from baffie.
- Remove cotter keys from between rollers.
 Remove rollers. Shaft is welded into R. H. bracket.



B. REAR ROLLERS (Fig. 5)

- Remove cotter keys from each and.
- Remove washers and rollers from shaft.
 In later models, the shaft is welded in the lift bar on the right side. The lift bar must be removed along with the shaft.

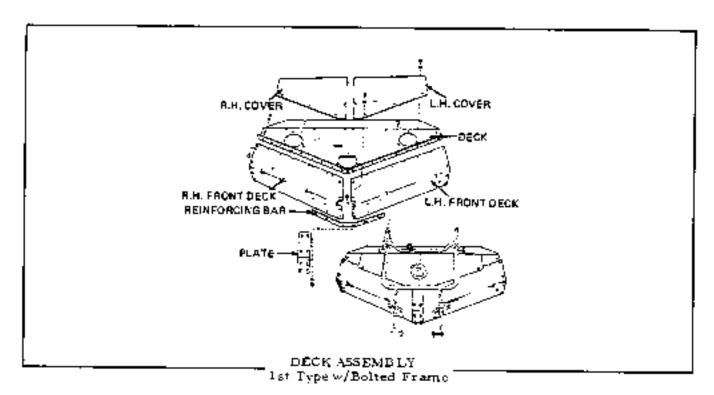
ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE (Left to Right)

- 1. Cotter Key
- 2. One large Flat Washer
- Large Roller
- 4. Three Small Wathers
- Lift Brace
- 6. Five Flat Washers
- Large Roller

- 8. One Flat Washer
- ?. Small Roller
- 1D, Flat Washer
- 11. Large Roller
- 12, Five Flat Washers
- 13. Lift Bar
- 14, Three Small Washers
- 15. Large Roller
- 16. One Flat Washer
- 17. One Cotter Key

The groups of 5 flatwashers are spacers. Some units may contain less washers.

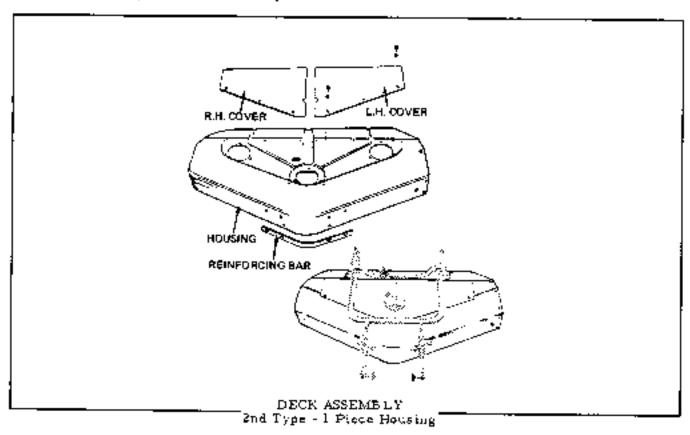
The mower rollers should not require lubrication. However, if they are lubricated oil should not be used. Hydraulic brake fluid should be



DECK ASSEMBLY (1st Type)

When replacing a part, remove the holts attaching that part.

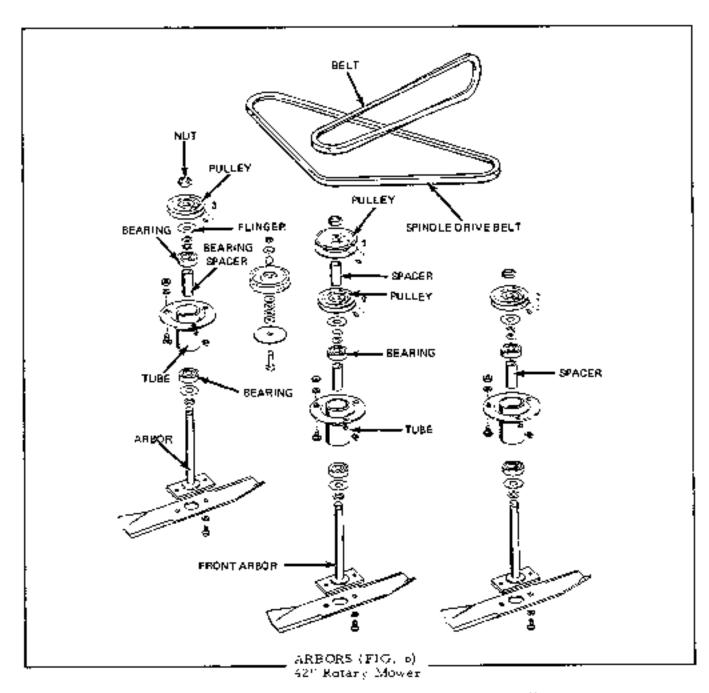
The deck assembly is serviced in components.



DECK ASSEMBLY (2nd Type)

The housing is available through service parts.

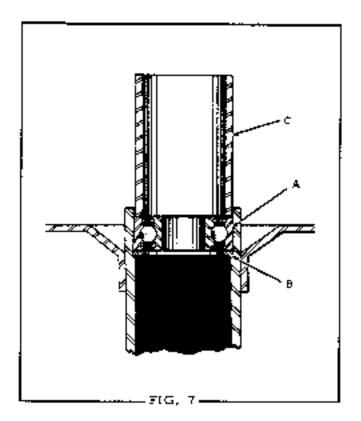
When replacing the housing remove all components from the ald and install in the new.

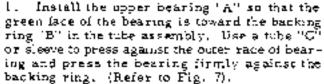


ARBOR SERVICE (Fig. 6)

- Remove R.H. and L.H. deck covers.
- Loosen idler polley. Remove spindte drive helt.
- 3. Remove 3 bolts holding arbor assembly.
- 4. Remove entire arbor assembly.
- 5. Remove lock nut.
- On the front arbor assembly, remove cross drive pulley and cross drive pulley spacer.

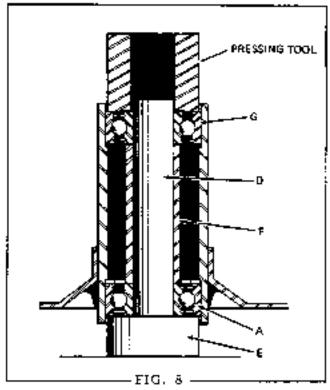
- Remove arbor pulley.
- Remove arbor assembly from arbor subsassembly.
- Remove spacers and bearings from arbor tohe assembly.
- Wash bearings, spacers and tribe assembly to remove grit and old grease.
- 11. Replace bearings if necessary.
- Pack hearings with grease before installing in arbor tube assembly.





- 2. Insert a "dummy shaft" "D" through the bord of the upper bearing and invert the tube assembly. Rest the upper bearing "A" on a surface "E" that will give equal support to both the inner race and outer race of the hearing. Refer to Fig. 8.
- 5. Install the sleeve 'F' over the 'dummy shaft' and place the lower bearing 'G' in position over the 'dummy shaft' in the tube assembly. Press the lower bearing into the tube, with the green face of the bearing facing the upper bearing, until the inner race is in firm contact with the end of the sleeve.

<u>NOTE:</u> Use a pressing tool with a .003" counterbore or relief slightly larger than the diameter of inner race, or a cylinder with a .005" shim



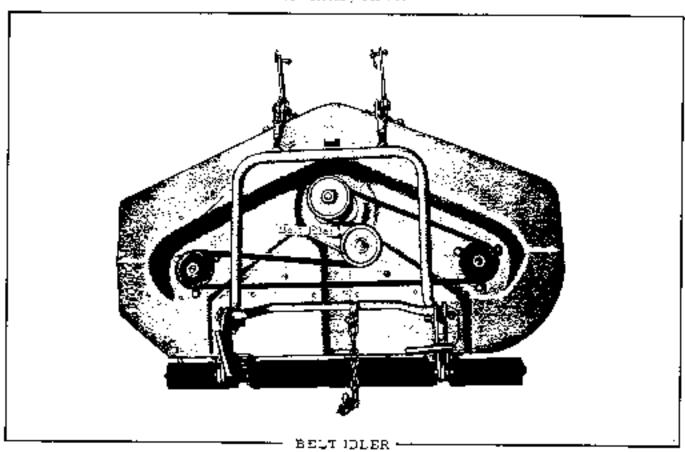
washer to press on outer race only. Press the inner race and outer race at the same time. Refer to Fig. 8. In effect, the pressing tool should push the outer race of the bearing .005" deeper into the tube than the inner race.

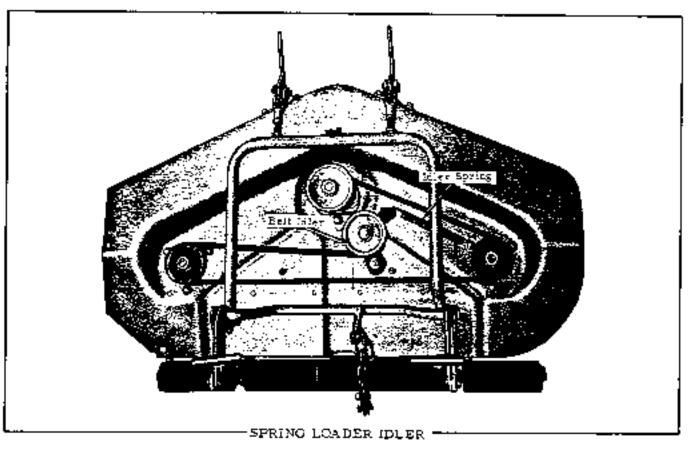
4. Remove the "dommny shaft" and install the lower washers on probr shaft and insert arbor shaft through both bearings. Install the upper washers, key, pulley and less lock nut.

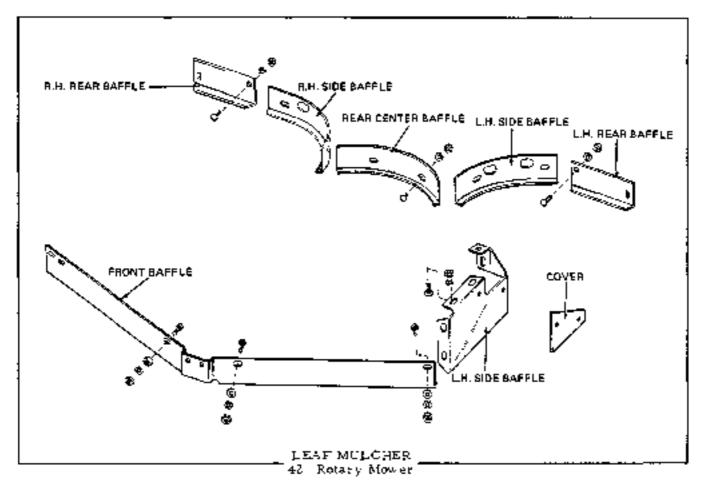
NOTE: When using a "New" lock not, tighten to 70 ft. lbs. torque, Use a torque wrench. When using a "Used" locknut, tighten to 45 ft. lbs. torque. If the lock nut has been tightened once and then loosened, it is a used lock not and will require the 45 ft. lbs. torque.

5. When correctly assembled, the aroor shall can be rotated by a twisting force of approximately I inch lo.

<u>NOTE:</u> I much lot is equal to the force applied by a I lb, weight I inch from the center line of the arbor shaft.







The leaf mulcher attachment is available as a machinery item and its components are available through service parts.

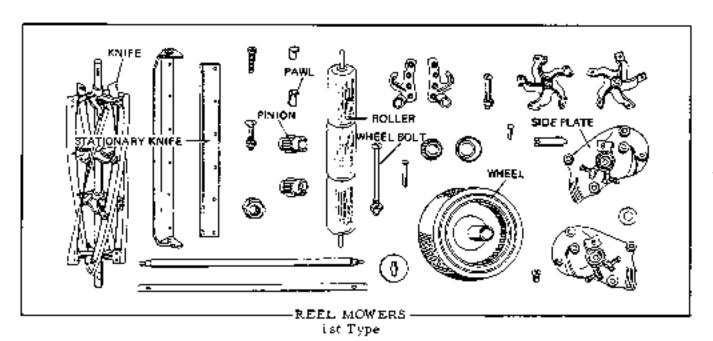
TROUBLE SHOOTING 42" ROTARY MOWER

- Be sure unit is properly adjusted and attached to tractor.
- Remove mover from tractor and clear all grass clippings and material from mover housing.
- Rotate blade and see that all blade ends are level with each other and will cut even and on a horizontal plane.
- Check blade conditions may need to be sharpened.
- Check curved baifle place to see it is not bent or damaged.
- Check mower and P.T.O. drive helt for proper adjustments and tension.
- 7. For some mowing conditions, it may be advisable to use a ground speed reduction group. The 2025005 is a 10" transmission drive pulley and belt available for field installation. The \$" pulley 2025271 with belt 2025492 normally used for the tiller can be obtained from parts.

By slowing the ground speed and maintaining rotor speed will produce better mowing job,

- 8. Due to the fact the 42" rotary mower is a heavy unit it will tend to hide down the grass stubble and a 2" out will be very short. The mower is designed to not from 2" to 5" for lawn work. A better looking lawn and best care for grass is maintained by outting often and not too short.
- 9. With the 42" rotary mower working behind the travel of the tractor front wheels, it may be necessary to over-cut the width of the wheel mark in the mowed grass. This would leave no uncut grass for best appearance on estate lawns, etc.
- 10. If mover is properly adjusted and in apparent good condition, but seems to require excess engine power Check all blade drive assemblies. The rotor spindles should turn with I" to 2" lbs., poll. This can be checked by removing mower drive belt shield and drive belt. If this pull is up to 5' lb. or more the unit will rob power from the tractor. Repair or replace necessary parts of the rotor spindle, Tight bearings, bent botor shale or spindle housings may be caused by hitting obstructions.

REEL MOWERS

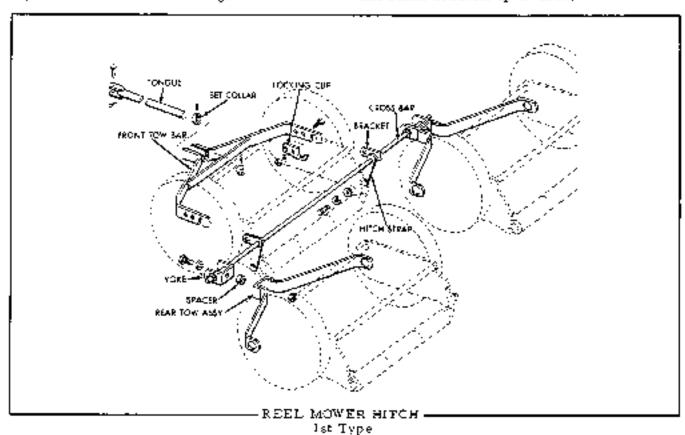


PERIODIC SERVICE () at Type)

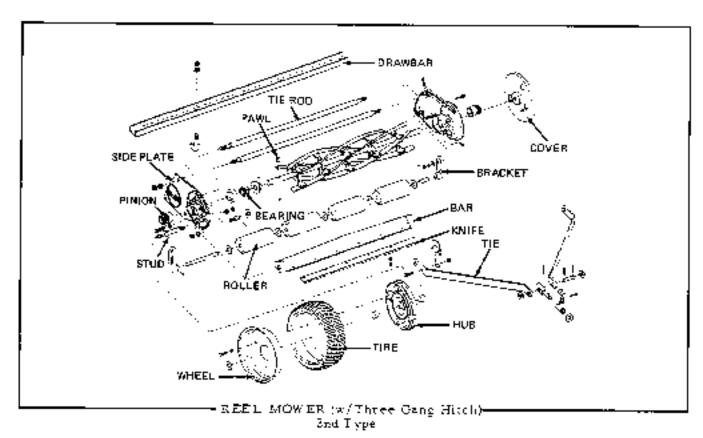
- Remove wheel bolt and washer.
- 2. Remove wheel assembly,
- Remove pinion and pawl.
- 4. Clean pinion, pawl and inside of wheel assertbly to remove debris and old grease.
- 5. Inspect for wear, replace if necessary,
- b. Grease well and reassemble.

Clearance between cylinder knives and the stationary kinfe is adjusted by loosening and tightening the castback regulating setsorew.

Height of cut is regulated by moving the roller and roller brackets up or down.



The hitch assembly is serviced by components available through service parts stock,

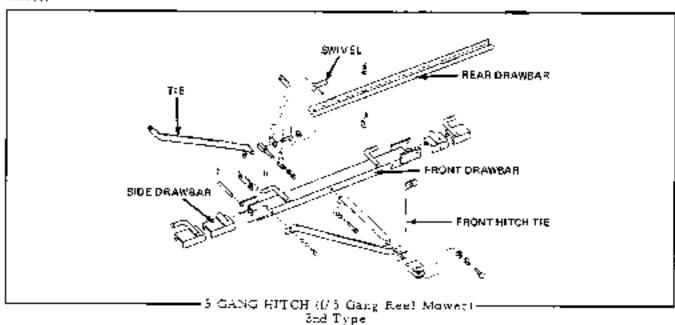


PERIODIC SERVICE (2nd Type)

- Remove wheel stud.
- Retrove drive wheet assembly.
- 3. Remove pinions, pawl and hearing,
- Clean pinions, pawl and boaring and drive wheel,
- 5. Inspect, replace if necessary.
- Grease well and reassemble.

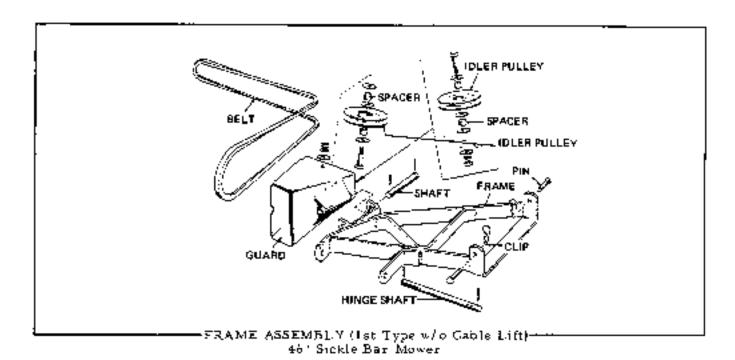
Clearance between lower knife and outer assembly regulated by adjusting screws in side plates.

Hoight of cut regulated by poller height.

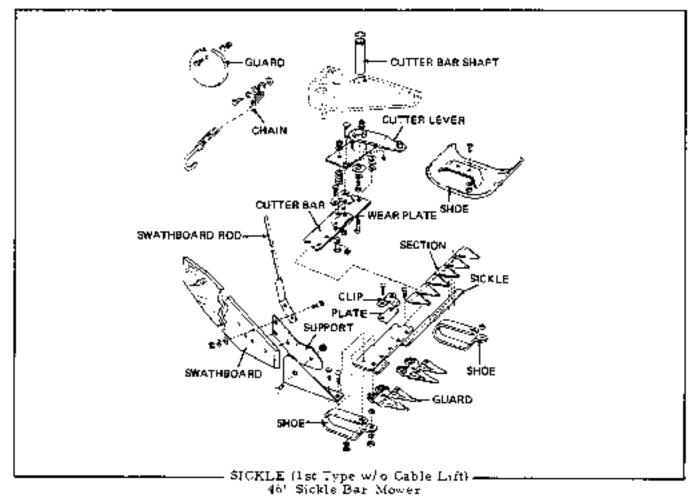


The hitch assembly is serviced through service parts stock.

SICKLE BAR MOWER

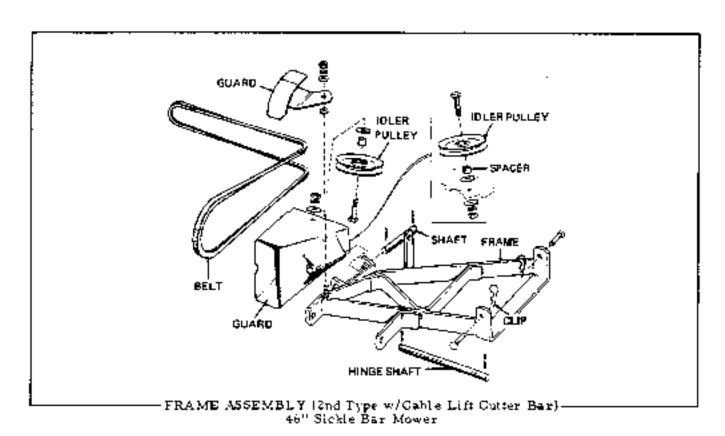


The idler pulleys contain bearings. During sickle bar service inspect these bearings.

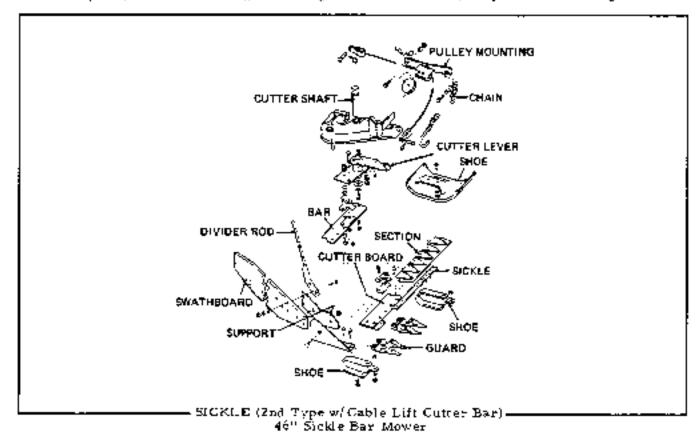


SICKLE BAR REMOVAL

- 1. Remove sickle head from the section bar.
- Slide section bar out through under tractor.

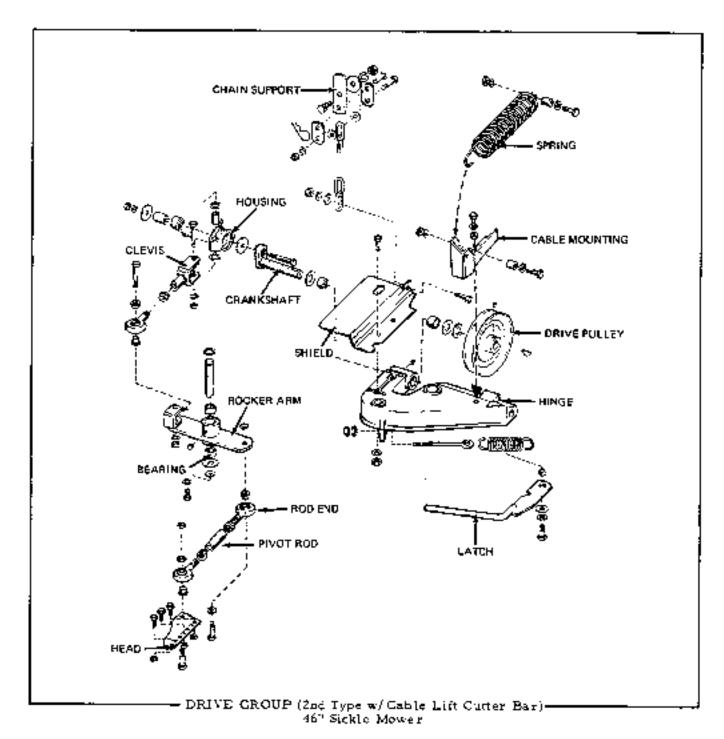


The idler pulleys contain bearings. Buring sickle bar service, inspectifiese bearings.



SICKLE BAR REMOVAL

1. Remove sickle head from the section bar. 2. Silde section bar out through under tractor,



46" SICKLE BAR DRIVE (2nd Type)

- Remove sickle head from sickle bar.
- Remove rod ends from sickle head and from rocker arm assembly.
- Remove rocker arm assembly.
- Remove pitman clevis assembly,

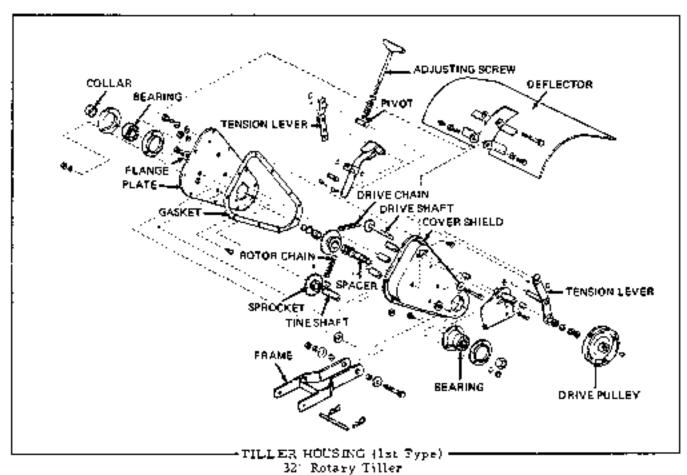
- 5. Remove drive pulley.
- b. Remove crankshait.
- 7. Disassemble pitman bearing and housing,
- 8. Clean and inspect parts.
- Replace necessary parts.
- 10. Oil bearing aurfaces before reassembly.

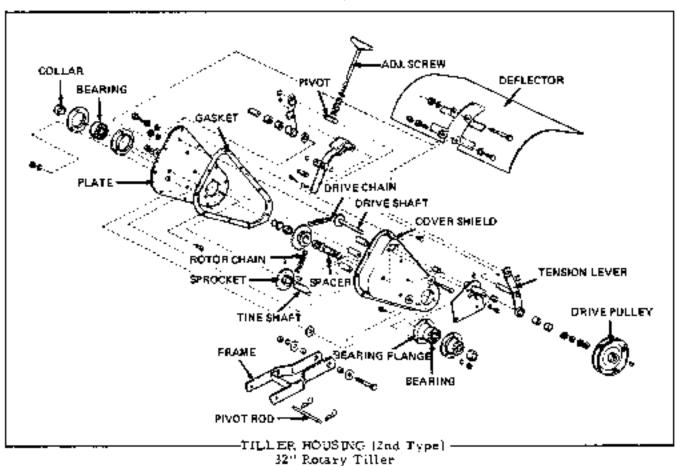
KNITE CARÉ

- Keep knife straight and sections sharp.
- Sections should be replaced when they are worn or ground down shorter than their original length,
- Remove knife section by shearing the rivets.
 Let knife back rest on vise jaw with point of section down. Strike the section a sharp blow with a hammer.
- Always shear rivets instead of punching them out. Be careful not to calarge holes in knife back or new givets will be loose.
- After shearing, drive the rivers out of knife back (from the sheared end) with a drift punch.
- 6. Place section onknife back with bevel side up. Insert rivet through knife back and section. Place knife on repair block or anvil with rivet heads down to hold them in place.

- 7. Expand the rivet with hammer to make it tight, then set the rivet with a rivet set. Check to be sure that the section is tight and rivet heads well formed.
- After sections have been replaced, check knife for straightness.
- The value of a sharp kinfe cannot be over-emphasized. Dull knives cause uneven cutting, clogging, increased draft and excessive mower wear. Remember a tractor doesn't know when a kinfe is dull, but a team of horses pulling a mower will pretty soon let a farmer know the imite needs sharpening.
- 10. When sharpening a section, maintain the original width of bovol and angle of shear. A narrow blont bevel will not shear the stems easily. A wice keen edge nicks too easily.
- 11. Knufe sections should be replaced when they are bent, nicked, worn or ground to a point. Any sharpening after the section is worn to a point reduces its length and its effective cutting surface.

ROTARY TILLER



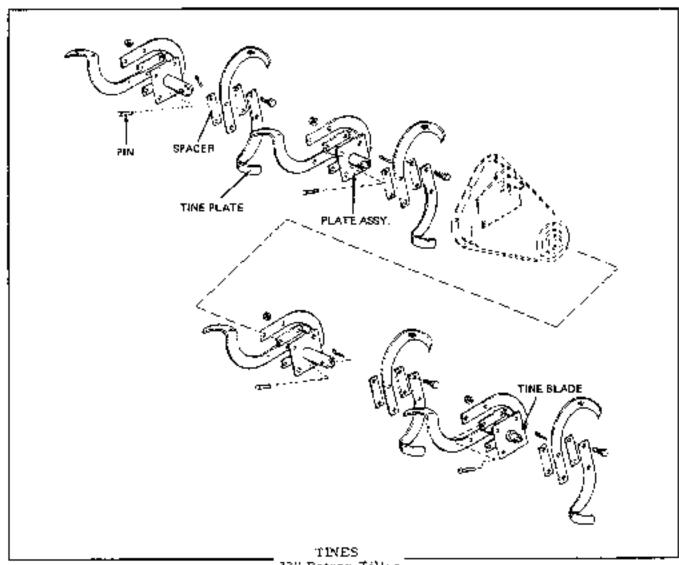


22 FILLER HOUSING DISASSEMBLY (lst & Std Type)

- 1. Remove drive pulley.
- Remove cover shield by removing capachews.
- Remove time assemblies by semaning pioand cotton key next to housing.
- 9. Remove hitch assemblies. Remove lower bitch by taking out the long capsurew, slide the frame assembly forward to clear nousing. Remove capsurew from belt tension arm (R. H.) remove look ring from pivot pin and setticies. Separate belt tension arm and remove from the bousing.
- Remove bearing collar on chara grand plate assembly side.
- Remove capscrews and carriage bolt holding plate to chain guard assembly.
- Remove place, bearing and gasket. Remove bearing and bearing flanges from place.
- Wash entire assembly to remove grease.
- Remove prive chain by removing it from drive shaft sprocket and then from the sprocket assembly.
- Remove sprocket assembly from rotor chain.
 Remove sprocket assembly from bousing. Shaft can be pressed out at sprocket.
- Remove R.H. bearing collar and remove bearing flange.
- Remove bearing, rine shaft, and rotor chain and sprocket.
- Inspect chains, sprockets, bearings and bushings for wear. Replace if necessary.

32" T(LLER HOUSING ASSEMBLY (1st & 2nd Type)

- 1. Install guard assembly boaring.
- Z. Imstall time shaft and drive shaft.
- Install chains.
- Install sprocket assembly holding it is place with one capsure w.
- Install grand spacers using the long capascrews to hold them in place.
- Orease chain assemblies liberally (use approximately 1, is of general purpose grease.
- 7. Reinstall cover plate, being sore the spacers and the approacher assombly lime up correctly.
- Remove long capacitews.
- Reinstall belt tension lover assembly, secure pivot pin with look rung and shaft with setsortew,
- 10. Reinstall frame assembly with long capserew. Reinstall long capsgrew through housing.
- Il. Rejustall tige assemblies.
- Rejnstall nover assembly.
- Beinstall deise publes.



32" Rotary Tiller

32" ROTARY TILLER

Disassembly time sections by removing the four capecreus holding the times to the plate assembly.

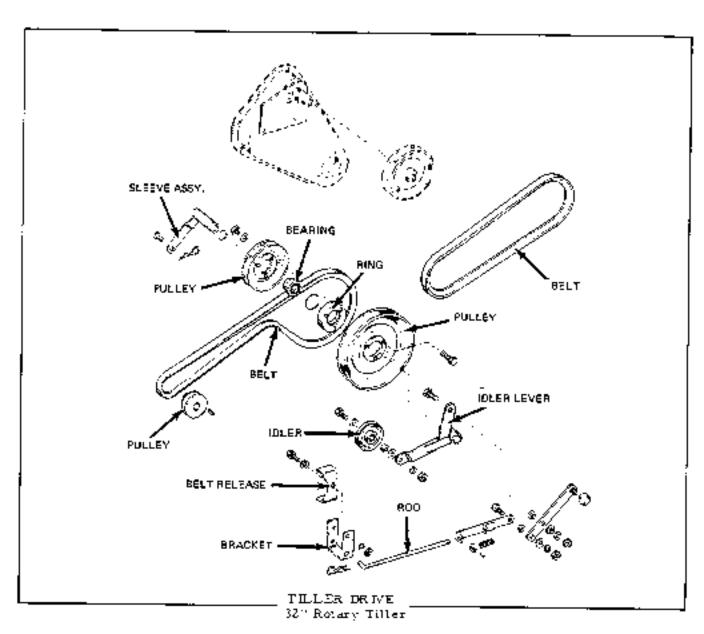
REASSEMBLY

- Place plate assembly on table with long tube up.
- Place one time below the plate on the side nearest you. Point down, pointing to the left.
 On the side farthest from you, place a time, point

down, pointing to the right. Hold in place with capserews.

- 3. On the left side of the plate assembly, place a time on the top with the point up pointing away from you. On the right side, place a time on the top with the point up pointing toward you.
- Fasten all times in place securely with the lockwashers and nuts provided.

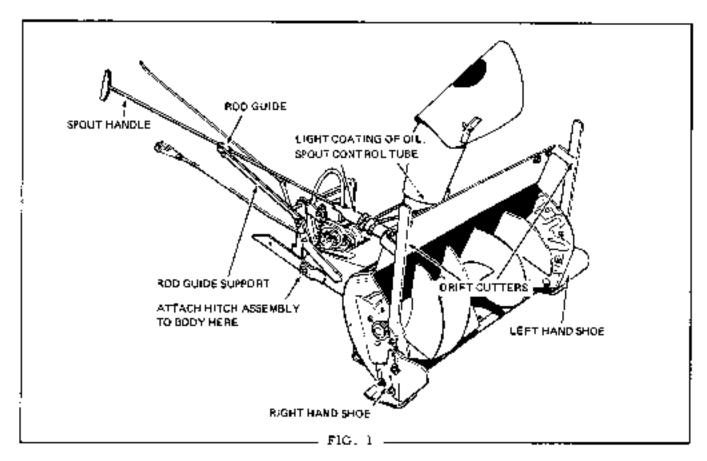
NCTE: Some assemblies have a spacer between the time and plate assembly,



Between the double pulleys there is a bearing. During service this should be checked.

G

SNOW THROWER Tractor Mounted

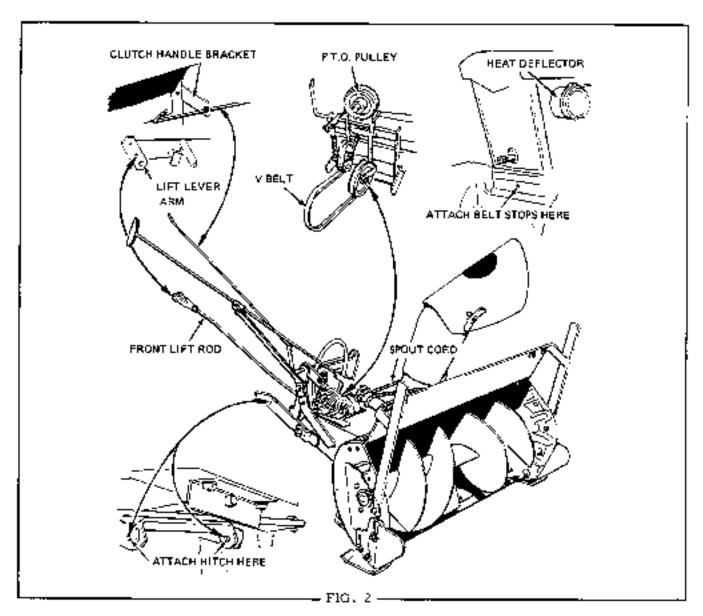


ASSEMBLY

- i. Attach left and right hand shoe to body assembly with 3/8-15NC-3/4 long carriage bolt, 3/8 plain and 3/8 lockwasher. Secure with 3/8-15NC hex full nut, which is on outside of shoe at desired elevation for your specific needs. (See Fig. 1).
- 2. Attach left and right hand drift conters to outside of body assembly with 5/16-18NC-3/4 long hex capaciteus, 5/15 plans and 5/16 lockwashers. Secure with 5/16-18NC hex full not, (See Fig. 1).
- 3. Attach hitch assembly to rotor body assembly with 3/6-24NF-3-1/2 long box head bolt, 3/5 plain and 3/8 spring washer. Secure in place with 3/8-24NF bex full locknut. (See Fig. 1).
- Place V-belt around pulley in rotor hody housing,
- 5. Remove 5/10-18-1/4 long hex capsorew, lock and plain washer from tractor directly below front mounted P.T.O. shaft. Insert through two belt fingers and reassemble.

 DO NOT TIGHTEN. (See Fig. 2).
- Attach front minimized P.T.O. pulley to shaft.
 Secure 3/8-24NF setserew down on key. (See Fig. 2).

- Attach hitch assembly to tractor with two pins and two spring clips. (See Fig. 2).
- 8. Place belt around from mourted P. T. O. pulley. (See Fig. 2). The belt should be a minimum of $54-1/4^\circ$ in length.
- 9. Install helt stops so the left belt stop is hearest the tractor frame and the right belt stop nearest the bolt head. They should be adjusted to approximately 1/32" from the belt and polley when the thrower is in the engaged position.
- 10. Apply a light coating of cit to neck of discharge spout. Install spout and extension as shown. [See Fig. 1].
- Attach Fod guide support to top hole of lift rod bracket with 3/θ-16NC-1/4 long capscrew, 3/8 lockwasher and 3/8-16NG has full not, <u>DO</u> NOT TIGHTON, (See Fig. 1).
- 12. Insert handle assembly into spout Control tube assembly and secure with 5/32° x 1° long cutter pin. Insert spout control tube assembly into bearing and secure in place with 2-1/8° x 3/4° long cotter pins. Insert handle assembly through rud guide. Tighten 5/8-16NQ bex full nut on rud guide support which is in top hole of lift for bracket, at desired angle of operator while on seat. (Fig. 1)



- 13. Position discharge spout directly forward. Position control tube so that cord clamp faces side of spout. Provide two (2) coils of cord on both sides of clamp. Position free ends of cord around spout and clamp securely into position after removing all slack from cord. (See Fig. 2).
- 14. Remove forward, top capatrew from R.H. side panel. Insert clutch handle bracket between side panel and side member of fuel tank and steering post support assembly. Secure with same capacrow and lockwasher. (Fig. 2)
- 15. Insert flutch courto) sod through bracket and attach to clutch pivot and secure in place with spring clip. (See Fig. 2). The addition of plain washers, hylon washers and locknut to the clutch linkage assembly will assure a positive disengagement when the clutch handle is pulled in the disengaged position. The locknut should be set to a torque setting of 4 ft. Ibs. It should require

- movement of the lever to engage or disengage the thrower.
- 16. The set collar should be adjusted up or down to assure the backside of the belt rides properly in the idler pulley. A good starting adjustment is approximately 3% overall spring length, engaged. Be sure approximately is not fully collapsed. Be sure setscrew is properly indexed not to strike housing.
- 17. The lift lover quadrant on the side of the trantor contains a series of holes and a pin. Place pin in the foremost hole of quadrant and secure in place with hair pin cotter. Release lift lever and place in a forward position. Attach yoke end at iront lift rod to lift lever arm using top hole in R. H. side of tractor, with yoke pin and hair pin cotter. Insert lower end of lift rod into lift arm bracket of push har and secure with hair pin cotter. The lower end of trant lift rod is to point away from tractor. (See Fig. 2).



At this point when lift lever is about 1/4" away (some job to describe), roses to desing should be in contact with the greend. This will allow ploy to follow contours of the surface being plowed but quadrate ployed, prevent lift (even from lateling in forward position if plow is driven over a coroling.

18. Position beat deflector over multifier and adjacent to engine. Flap of deflector to be positioned analist air dleaner. Second with clamp provided. (See Fig. 2).

This deflector is provided for wanter use only and must be nome, ed to wanter weather to prover overteating and damaging of engine. The deflector directs a flow of warm air account carbottetor and allows for more efficient winter operation of tractor engine.

OPERATION & LUBRICATION (Fig. 3)

Engagement of anow thrower is accomplished.

by positing the electric namile for ward. Pull handle toward operator for discogardment. There are grease firmers on the show thrower. Incorporate with a general purpose automotive grease enemy 15 incors of operation. The occasional application of light motor at an abati on which the pulleys operate, will prolong their life.

Late production snow throwers now indicate a order shield.

The clurch assembly how has a studion each side below the clutch orders anath.

To Install the Smiele:

- Place on each stod a combat spring and cover chip. Secure in place with 5/1st lock not.
- Stope suveld on place.

The use of the spring and chip allows the smield to be easily removed and replaced.